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### THE SUCCESSION BILL.

IT PASSES THE HOUSE WITHOUT AMENDMENT.

The Presidential Succession Bill Discussed and Passed as it Came From the Senate-The Republican Senators in Caucus-What the Committees Are Doing-Capital Gossip.

WASHINGTON, January 15.—In the house Mr. Bland, of Missouri, introduced a bill repealing so much of the act of June 9th, 1879, as provides for the exchange and redemption of subsidiary coin. Referred.

Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, from the committee on accounts, reported a joint resolution allowing discharged employes of the house one month's extra pay. Some opposition was shown to the resolution and Mr. Dockery said that if the proposition were an original one he himself would not vote for it; but custom had been to grant this extra pay, and he thought that the measure should be passed.

Mr. Reagan, of Texas, opposed the resolu tion which, he said, was giving away the peo-ple's money to pay employes for services not

Mr. Pettibone, of Tennessee, also thought that the house should pay its employes for the time employed, and stop this extra pay non-Sense.

The resolution was defeated—yeas 71, nays

Mr. Tarsney, of Michigan, offered a resolu-tion calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to the amount of money in the treasury that can be legally applied to the payment of bonds or any other interest bear-ing debt of the United States, and if there be my such moneys in the treasury applicable to he payment of the obligations aforesaid, why he same have not been so applied. Referred. iny such moneys in the treasury applicable to he payment of the obligations aforesaid, why he same have not been so applied Referred. Private business having been dispensed with he house resumed the consideration of the esidential succession bill and its passage was tweested by Mr. Dibble, of South Carolina, he regarded it as a far better statutory prosion than the existing law. He proceeded argue that neither the president pro tem of senate nor the speaker of the house was a fited States officer, and in support of this lition quoted from the fourteenth amendant to the constitution where distinction made between a member of negress and a United States officer. He picked it flaws which he contended existed in the esent statute, and the manner in which, if liled into operation, it would destroy the immetry of our national election system. While admitting that the pending measure id net, and no statutory measure could, meet very exigency which might arise in the presidential succession, he answered many of the bjections made to it, and showed wherein it was an improvement over the law of 1792.

Mr. Osborne, of Pennsylvania, regretted that be could not find in the arguments made in its support sufficient legal reason to answer the constitutional objections he found to it.

Mr. Rockwell, of Massachusetts, lannouneed his support of the pending measure, not that he thought it by any means perfect, but because he regarded it as much better than the present statute.

Mr. Baker, of New York, spoke briefly in

present statute.

Mr. Baker, of New York, spoke briefly in favor of the bill, and was followed by Mr. Ryan, of Kansas, who, while admitting that in some respects it was far superior to the existing law, found in it some defects so flat that he did not feel at liberty to vote for it.

The latter gentlemen favored the settlement

The latter gentleman favored the settlement of the vexed question by a constitutional amendment, and the amendment which he thought to be best was one providing for three vice-nesidents.

three vice-presidents.

Mr. Ermentrout, of Pennsylvania, submitted some remarks which he said contained no new deas, but were simply offered in defense of the bill. He criticised, however, that section of he measure which repeals the special elec-ion clause of the act of 1792.

At 3:50 Mr. Caldwell, of Tennessee, demand-d the previous question, which, after a little

iamentary fencing, was ordered-yeas 146

arnamentary reactions are as 125.

An amendment offered by Mr. Adams, of Illinois, striking out the clause which repeals the sections of the revised statutes providing for special elections, was rejected—yeas 113,

te was then taken on the substitute y Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, leaving in present law, with the addition of a that for the purpose of having the continuously, congress shall convene at lock m, on the 4th day of March next ocices m. on the 4th day of March next receding the election of representatives in gress, and whenever a vacancy exists either the effice of president protem of the senate speaker of the house, the president shall evene the house in which the vacancy ex-for the purpose of electing a presiding offi-. The substitute was rejected—yeas 108, is 157.

house was divided on these votes by

Ryan, of Kansas, moved to recommit with instruction to the committee to port, back a joint resolution proposing a con-tutional amendment providing for the elec-on of two or more vice-presidents. Mr. Everhart, of Pennsylvania, moved to

Mr. Everhart, of Pennsylvania, moved to unend the instruction so that the measure reported back would devolve the presidential succession on the speaker of the house, the president protem of senate, the secretary of state, chief justice of the supreme court, secretary of the treasury and attorney general, in the order named. Rejected.

Mr. Ryan's motion was also lost.

The hill then passed treas 183 pages 79 presents.

The hill then passed, yeas 183, nays 79, pre-sely as it came from the senate. The negae vote was cast by republicans and by Messrs. nnett, of North Carolina, and Green, of New

The following named republicans voted with

following named republicans voted with accrats in the affirmative:
of Massachusetts, Atkinson, Baker, Browne and, Buck, Butterworth, Cutcheon, Ely, F., Hogden, Herman, Hustand, Hiscock, nes, Johnson of New York, Ketcham, La-Long, Markham, McComes, Maffit, Negley, ettibone, Price, Rockwell, Scranton, Steele, ettibone, Price, Rockwell, Scranton, Steele, ettibone, Winburne, Symes, Wade, Wakesuren of Missouri, and Weaver of Nebraska, house then, at 5:55, adjourned till Mon-

### THE COMMITTEES

Alleged Misconduct of the Norfolk WASHINGTON, January 15.—The resolution flered in the house by Representative Boutell, Maine, inquiring into alleged misneueue on the part of the commandant at the Norfolk navy yard, me up for consideration this morning before e coumittee on naval affairs, and led so a cated political discussion. Mr. Wise, of Virnia, made a speech denouncing the resolution and impurging the motive of its mover. He and impugning the motive of its mover. He unted that the resolution was introduced a desire to make party capital, and ex-ed the opinion that it should be amended to allow a general investigation into the ct of navy yards. He urged that a mere aper report was the sole foundation for oposed inquiry, and that it was not be-

the dignity of congress to heed such Boutell vigorously defended his resolu-He said he had been assured by a r member that the publication was suby correct.

mas pointed out that the resolution t for an investigation. It was e inquiry, and if the story was formation the navy department could rick the bubble. cAdoo also contended that the inves-should be general. Republicans had

been discharged from other navy yards on the eastern coast, and why not at Norfolk.

Mr. Hewitt inquired if it would be contended that victors were not entitled to the spoils.

Mr. Thomas acquiesced in that assumption, but said that the case under consideration was

Mr. Thomas acquiesced in that assumption, but said that the case under consideration was a question not of politics, not whether a republican had been displaced by a democrat, but whether the statute giving preference to union soldiers had been violated. He wanted to know whether union soldiers had been discharged to make place for rebel soldiers, and whether memorial stones commemorating union victories had been obliterated.

Mr. Hewitt inquired if the gentlemen would have tolerated a confederate monument, commemorating the victory of Bull Run.

Mr. Thomas replied that he would have it pulled down. Fortunately the rebels failed in their object. He was not yet ashamed of having fought for the union. Other members of the committee expressed themselves in strong language, and the session ended without action on the resolution, which will come up for consideration at the next meeting.

sideration at the next meeting.

The house committee on public buildings and grounds today decided by a vote of seven to six grounds today decided by a vote of seven to six to retain the present house caterer in the res-taurant. The committee adopted a rule for-bidding the sale of spirituous liquors in the res-taurant. Some action has been taken at the last two sessions, but in those instances prohi-bition was contained in the joint rule, while the present rule is a simple committee order. The house committee on rivers and harbors today resolved to limit the total amount of suprequisition for improving the rivers and appropriation for improving the rivers and harbers to \$11,000,000. Sums recommended for appropriation will in no case be made pub-lic in advance of the report of the bill.

The house elections committee today ordered printed the evidence in the contested election cases of the present house of representatives, Papers in four cases have thus far been filed.

### THE DOLPHIN.

Secretary Whitney Makes a Statement About the Test.

Washington, January 15.—Secretary Whitney made the following statement today to a representative of the associated press in regard to the dispatch boat Dolphin:

The talk with reference to the Dolphin doubtless arises from the proposition made by the contractor a good while ago, that he should make am effort to arbitrate and in that way arrive at some common ground with regard to the facts. We are now considering it and I am disposed to do it if it can be done. It will be seen by looking at my report that the action of the contractor in fixing up the boat after she was submitted to the department for acceptance, removed a great many of the grounds of criticism that were made by the examining board, I summarized the matter in my report, and showed substantially what points were unsettled. If we can agree upon a board of technical men, that both sides would have confidence in, to make another examination of the Dolphin, to determine the money value of difference between us, it is precisely what private individuals would do in a similar case. We have not reached any conclusior yet, but we may very soon. In this connection it is proper to say that most of the statements that have been circulated with regard to the recent trial trip of the vessel were erroneous, she did not encounter any very unusual weather. Reports of her being in a gale of wind blowing seventy miles an hour are not true. No such gale occurred during the trip, nor did she make fifteen knots, as has been published. Her time between the land marks when she was running for speed was about fourteen knots, and her log showed less than that. I have not asked for any reports in regard to the trial, but I find there is no substantial disagreement between the roommanding officer and technical experts on board, on important points, as I understand them. They do not agree about everything in conversation, but there are to very important disagreements so far as I know." WASHINGTON, January 15 .- Secretary Whit-

### REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

Senators Inquiring as to Cause of Removal

From Office of Republicans. WASHINGTON, January 15 .- The republican enators met in caucus at half past ten this norning, and adjourned at 1:30. Their purose was to compare views with regard to the ght of the senate to information as to the resident's reasons for making removals from tice. The fact was stated that many of the equiries addressed to the heads of departments by the chairmen of committees remain unanswered, but inasmuch as no action of the administration up to this time indicates, a pur-pose to refuse to give this information, no formal proposition was made and no action taken. While a wide variety of opinions found expression with regard to the propriety of raising a formal issue with the administration at present upon this question, of the opinion that should the information sought not ultimately be forthcoming the republicans will, in justice to the men who have been suspended or removed for supposed causes, be required to take some formal action in the senate to secure the information or an avowal by the president that he will not give his rea-

ns for making the removals. There was an unanimous concurrence in the opinion that the removed officials have a right to know whether they were removed for litical reasons or mal-administration of their rusts, and that it is the senate's duty to se ure information if possible.

#### SHERMAN AND GRANT. General Sherman Replies to the North Amer

ican Review. BALTIMORE, January 15.—The Sun will pub-ish tomorrow the following letter from Gen-

lish tomorrow the following letter from General Grant and the recent statement in the North American-Review:

ST. Louis, Mo., January 12, 1886.—Rev. George Morrison, Baltimore—Dear Sir. I have received your letter of the 7th with a newspaper slip enclosed. Of course I have read earefully the first volume of General Grant's Memoirs, and regard it as admirable in every sense, and now await the second volume, which I doubt not will be equally valuable and interesting. From the day I reported to him from Paducah till his death our relations were as brothers, rather than as commander and commanded. It is interly impossible that I could have written or spoken words as quoted in the December number of the North American Review. I have a very large correspondence and converse freely with thousands of people, and, as is natural, as we often speculate what might have been had General Grant gone to the rear and C. F. Smith fought the battle of Shiloh, what might have been had Washington accepted his warrant in the English navy, etc., but that I could have written the positive expression "that had C. F. Smith lived, General Grant would have disappeared from history," is an impossibility.

Personally I want to live in peace, to avoid a

Grant would have disappeared from history, is an impossibility.

Personally I want to live in peace, to avoid a controversy, but am confident in good time we shall learn on what authority or hearsay this publication is based. I enclose with this a slip containing my last public utterance about General Grant, when I announced his death to his old comrades of the Army of Tennessee. I don't believe any man, living or dead, has borne more willing testimony to General Grant's great qualities, especially as demonstrated at Henry, Donnelson, Shiloh and Vicksburg, than myself.

Yours truly, W. T. Sherman.

General Sherman incloses a printed copy of a portion of his speech to the Army of the Tennessee announcing the death of General Grant and eulogizing him in the most flattering terms.

### The Water Famine in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., January 15 .- The situatio so far as the water famine is concerned re-mained unchanged until ten o'clock, when it was found that water was entering the tunnel, and the engine was started at the numping station. This is still working slowly and in-dications are more favorable. A great majordications are more lavorable. A great majority of the establishments which depend upon the city for water have shut down. Nearly all the courts have adjourned, as steam heating facilities are frozen up. Hundreds of

ing facilities are frozen up. Hundreds of teams are engaged in hauling water from the lake to supply thirsty families.

All danger of a water famine is now believed to be passed. Two pumps are now making eight stroke per minute, and they can furnish 18,000,000 gallons of water in twenty-four hours. This, it is thought, will supply the city's needs if care is taken.

### A HORRIBLE SCENE

AT THE EXECUTION OF A MUR-

Charles Wilson, a Condemned Man, in St. Louis,
Makes a Desperate Attempt to Free His Neck
From the Rope-Crimes of the Day
Throughout the Country.

St. Louis, January 15 .- Charles Wilson was hanged this morning at 7:45 o'clock for the murder of a river steamer mate some time ago. He retired last night at a very late hour, and slept quietly and soundly until 4:40 o'clock. He awoke cool and calm, protesting that he was innocent of the murder, and stating that he committed the deed in self-defense. He remained calm to the last, still protesting his innocence. After the trap was spring the body for a moment remained motionless, and then was enacted a scene of horror, which chilled the blood of all who witnessed it. Two doctors, one on either side, were each holding his wrist, when the violent contortions of the hanging figure shook them aside, and before they could regain hold upon the man, whose actions showed a full possession of consciousness of all that was going on, he made a frantic struggle to release himself. His right hand shot up, clutched the rope and held it firmly. It seemed as if the man must die by slow degrees from strangulation; but one of the doctors suc-ceded in disengaging his hand, and in a short time the body hung a lifeless corpse.

#### A Wife Murderer Hung.

BELLEVILLE, Mo., January 15 .- Noah Mer riman, wife murderer, was hanged today.

Previous to his execution, he admitted having killed his wife, and confessed the murder of a woman peddler in east St. Louis some six years ago. The name of the woman he would not reveal. He walked with a firm step to the gallows, and after praying for a short time his arms and legs were pinioned, and the black cap was placed over his head. This ordeal he cap was praced over his head. This order he stood with firmness, but while the noose was being adjusted he fainted, and it required three men to hold him on the trap. The trap was sprung, and Merriman died in twelve minutes. He seemed to suffer most terrible

#### A Louisiana Hanging.

LAKE PROVIDENCE, La., January 15 .-- Wil-LAKE PROVIDENCE, La., January 15,—William George, colored, was executed in the enclosure of the parish jail here today, for the murder of Peggy Johnson, on August 10, 1882. The hanging took place in the presence of legal witnesses. George acknowledged that he feigned insanity during the trial, and at the last moment he cried out: "I did kill Peggy Johnson." As the rope was being adjusted he laughed aloud. The drop fell at 12:50, and in 12 minutes the coroner pronounced him dead. From some cause his throat was gashed and the blood spattered all around, making a horthe blood spattered all around, making a hor-

Beaumont. Tex., January 15. — William Madison, colored, aged twenty-four years, was hanged here at 11:30 a.m. today for the murder of Albert Smith, also colored, in April, 1881. After ascending the scaffold, Madison spoke for about twenty minutes, but made no confession of his crime. He sang several original hymns and declared he was ready to "put on wings and fly to heaven." His neck was broken by the fall. The cause of the crime was jealousy. A Texas Gibbet.

BEAUMONT, Texas, January 15.—William Madison, colored, was hanged here today for the murder of Albert Smith, also colored, last summer. The cause of the crime was jealousy.

### A DISAPPOINTED MOB.

A Negro Breaks Away From a Mob and New Orleans, January 15.—Some time ago Joe Flowers, a negro living in Bienville parish, La., was attacked by a party of white men and severely beaten. The negro got hold of a weapon and killed Dick Hayes, one of his assailants, and escaped to Mississippi. A few days ago a party of Hayes's neighbors discovered where Flowers was living, and went to that state and arrested him. They conveyed him by rail to Ruston, where they left the cars and cut across the country for Vernon, with the ostensible purpose of landing Flowers in iail. A short distance from Escapes. ing Flowers in jail. A short distance from Ruston, however, they were met by another party of white men with a rope, and preparawere made to lynen the property of the state followed by a shower of bullets, one of which struck him in the shoulder and another in the hand. He made his way back to Ruston, claimed protection of authorities and was placed in jail. Wednesday it was apparent that an attack would be made on the ail by a mob, and Flowers was released and

jan by a mob, and Flowers was released and told to flee the country, which he did. No warrant has ever been issued against him, the killing of Hayes being considered an act of self-defense. Much feeling exists among all classes of citizens against the mob.

### DEATH ON THE RAIL.

An Accident on the Baltimore and Ohio-Three Persons Killed.

WINCHESTER, Va., January 15.—A collision occurred on the valley branch of the Baltimere and Ohio railroad, near Millville, the dist station from Harper's ferry, yesterday fternoon, between the engine of a ballast min, said to have been running at a high rate of speed, and a freight train, also running very first to make up time. William Fitzpatrick, supervisor of the road, a resident of this city, who has a wife and several children, and Charles Crider, brakeman, a youth of thirteen years from Stratsburg, who were on the engine, were killed, Crider instantly. Fitzpat-rick was crushed from his abdomen down, and lived until 6 o'clock this morning. Bishop, the fireman of the freight train, living at Sandy Hook, was also killed. Others of both trains saved their lives by jumping. Seven cars were thrown from the track into the Shenandoah river, and both engines were

#### BURNED TO DEATH. Four Negroes Perish by the Flames in North

Carolina. CHARLOTTE, N. C., January 15.—A tenant house on the premises of Captain W. T. R. Bell, at King's mountain, was burned before daylight yesterday morning. Three colored persons, Gertrude Rindleman, Julia Earle and Julius, an eighteen months old child, perished in the flames. The fire originated accidentally from the flames, and the women ware not

from the flames. The fire originated accidentify from the fire place, and the women were not awakened till enveloped in the flames.

Gravenhurst, Ont., January 15.—One of the 14 men burned in escaping from the boarding house at Germania, which was destroyed by fire early Tuesday morning, died today. Seven others are in a critical condition.

#### A PROUD MAN'S AWFUL END. He Starved to Death Because He Would Not Ask for Food.

Lima, O., January 15.—A postmortem examination into the cause of the death of Samuel Troupe, who was found dead in bed, develops the fact that it was a clear case of starvation. The family lived in the suburbs of the city, and were in greatly reduced circumstances, but it seems were too proud to ask for assist-

and were in greatify reduced circumstances, but, it seems, were too proud to ask for assistance. The circumstances surrounding the death were so suspictious that an investigation was ordered, which led to the development of one of the saddest cases of destitution ever known in the city. The surviving members of the family are being eared for by sympathizing friends.

### THE BUSINESS WORLD.

THE BUSINESS WORLD.

The Failures Throughout the Country During the Week.

New York, January 15.—Business failures occurring throughout the country during the last week, reported to R. G. Dun & Co., number for the United States 307, for Canada 25; total 332, against 336 last week. Casualties are exceptionally numerous in the southern, western and Pacific states, which three sections of the country furnish more than two thirds of the whole number.

HALIFAX, N. S., January 15.—Intelligence has been received here that owing to the failure of the Jersey bank, the great fish dealers, Charles Robin & Co. and Philip Robin & Co., of Jersey, have suspended payment. The former firm has an extensive establishment on the north shore of New Brunswick, and the latter has a large concern at Arichat Gaspe and Cheticamp, Cape Breton. It is said their liabilities in this country will be small, and that with the exception of the Halifax agent of Philip Robin & Co., who loses a few thousand dollars, there will be no losses here. No idea can be formed here of the total liabilities of the firms. In the opinion of some persons the suspension will be only for a short time as some of the In the opinion of some persons the suspension will be only for a short time, as some of the relatives of these firms are considered millionaires in Jersey. Their business has been in existence 118 years. They employed a large number of men and have a world wide reputation.

EOSTON, January 15.—On the stock beard to Boston, January 15.—On the stock beard to-day telephone stocks declined, owing to the decision at Washington. The result of the Washington movement will not, in the opin-ion of the Bell people, have much if any in-fluence, upon the financial operation of the company. Yet the decision sent Bell stock from 172 down to 161, with 160 bid, and even 150 talked of. A rally-occurred about noon, when sales were made at 163. New England telephone stock declined from 363 to 34, but afterward rallied to 35. Erie settled back from 31 to 327.

afterward rallied to 35. Erie settled back from 31 to 327.

New York, January 15.—George Y. Brown, Dolph Leigh and Edward K. Anderton, composing the firm of Brown & Anderton, brokers, assigned today to Timothy Brown, giving preferences of \$75,450 to Alex. Michael.

READING, Pa., January 15.—The paddlers and helpers at S. A. Seybert's rolling mill at Naomi station, struck to-day because the firm furnished scaly iron. The men, about 40 in number, say they will not return to work until better iron is furnished them. The mill has

til better iron is furnished them. The mill has

New York., January 15.-Over 400 cigar New York., January 15.—Over 400 cigar makers went on a strike today at the factory of Brown & Earl, in this city, against the uniform price list put in operation on January 1st by the manufacturers' association. The 500 men who quit yesterday in Levy Bros' factory are still out. This morning a conference was held between the joint committees of the Progressive and International cigar makers unions and a committee representing the manufacturers' association. The union men insisted on the old schedule or something better, and said the old schedule or something better, and said the men would not work under the new sys-tem. The manufacturers will announce what course they intend to pursue this evening. It is expected manufacturers will decline to yield

and a general lockout is anticipated.

PITTSBUEG, January 15.—The miners and oke drawers threw down their tools at the coke drawers threw down their tools at the Standard coke works in Connellsville region yesterday and demanded 10 per cent advance in wages. The indications are that the strike will become general, possibly before any action can be taken by the convention Saturday. The Standard works are among the largest in the coke regions. It is expected that other workers will follow the strikers today.

The Richmond Whig Revived.

RICHMOND, Va., January 14.—The Richmond Whig, which suspended publication last month, will be re-issued in a few days. It will be published by a joint stock company, a charter having been obtained today to that end. The effects of the new company, will be President. having been obtained today to that end. The efficers of the new company will be: President, Thomas Potts; directors, T. W. Pemberton, James B. Pace, George Roso, and A. S. Buford, of Richmond; Abner Anderson, of Danville, and A. W. C. Nowlin, of Washington, D. C. All of these gentlemen are men of means and their names in connection with the new company bespeak the publication of a live newspaper. It will be democratic in politics.

### Trying to Remove a Receiver.

BALTIMORE, January 15 .- Judge Bond, sitting in the western district United States court of North Carolina today began the hear-ing of the case of the Richmond and West int Terminal railway against the Danville Mcckville and Southwestern railway, on an application to remove J.S. Morehead, receiver of the defendant company. The case, it is expected, will occupy several days.

### Sheffield's Boom.

MONTGOMERY, Ala . January 15.- [Special.]
-The president and directors of the Sheffield land company held a meeting in this city to-day. It was arranged to have an iron furnace of the capacity of one hundred tons built at Sheffield. This will give the little town on the Tennessee a new boom, and its future growth and greatness is assured.

### Strikers On the War Path.

CHICAGO, January 15.—Fifteen strikers armed with clubs, attacked a number of nonunionists on their way to work in the Max-well box factory this morning. The attack was a fierce one, and but for the interference of police the result might have been serious As it was, only one man is reported injured The police arrested three strikers.

### Stor Brown to Build Another Furnace.

CHATTANOOGA, January 15 .- [Special.]-It is generally believed here that Senator Joe Brown and associates are preparing to build another large iron furnace in this vicinity, either in the Leguateke valley or at Chattanooga. The Rising Fawn furnace, which was rebuilt six months ago, has made the most wonderful record of any fur-nace in the south, the average daily output being 110 tons per day. Both of the Chaitanooga fur-naces are banked because of the scarcity of stock.

A Strike at an End. TAUNTON, Mass., January 15.—The long strike of the iron moulders at North Deglaton is virtually at an end. The ten per cent ad-vance in wages asked for has been granted and the strikers will resume work February first.

### WHO DIED FIRST?

A Squabble in Michigan Over the Property of Murdered People. DETROIT, Mich., January 15.—Several weeks ago Frank Knoch, his wife and their two chil-

dren were murdered and their bodies burned in the destruction of their home. Within in the destruction of their home. Within a short time of the tragedy the relatives of the murdered family began to dispute over a little property that had been left. The fight is now fairly opened in the probate court. Last week Gus, Al and Herman Knoch filed a petition for the administration of the estate of Frank Knoch's children, George F. and Albert Knoch. Albert Knoch. This last petition is on behalf of Mary Wittman, grandmother; Gas and Herman Knoch, uncles, and Matilda S. Schwerter, Caroline and Theresa Knoch, auats, schwerter, taroine and Theresa Knoch, auts, of the deceased children, the theory being that Frank Knoch was murdered first, the two children thus becoming heirs, and their heirs in turn being the two grandmothers. The death of the paternal grandmother left her children heirs. The whole case turns on the question of the members of the family forst killed.

RONDOUT, N. Y., January 15.—A special from Saugerties, New York, states that Hon. W. G. Russell has declined the New York subtreasuryship tendered him by President Cleveland. Russell celebrated his seventy-fourth birthday today, and thinks it best at his time of life to decline the honor.

### ENGLAND AND THE IRISH

THE LATEST PHASE OF AFFAIRS

\* CROSS THE WATER

The Irish Press Comments on the Resignation of the Lord Lieutenant-Meeting of Anti-Home Rulers in Belfast-Destitution of the Peo-ple-Other News of Interset

LONDON. January 15 .- The earl of Carnarvon, lord lieutenant of Ireland, declares that parliament will not help to relieve the dreadful distress prevailing among the inhabitants of Aeille and Eagle island. Lord Carnaryon adds that his sole reliance for affording relief to the starving people is the limited means at his disposal of sending unfortunates to the workhouse. He, however, hopes that a private contribution for relief of sufferers will enable the poor people to remain in their homes, instead of being compelled to seek shelter in the already over-

An Irish high sheriff has written to the Times that pending the discussion of politics by parliament, famine is approaching Ireland, and with it will come acts of lawlessness. Violent men, he says, determined not to starve will seize the necessaries of life, even at the risk of doing bedily harm to others.

Lord Wolesley says that the statement that the government has offered him the command of forces in Ireland is entirely without foun-

dation.
The correspondence of Lord Carnaryon and The correspondence of Lord Carnaryon and the marquis of Salisbury has been published, in order to give denial to the report that a difference of opinion existed between them. Lord Carnaryon quotes the letter sent by him to Lord Salisbury when he accepted the post of lord lieutenant of Ireland, in which he makes it the condition of his acceptance that he be allowed to resign after the general election or meeting of the new markingent. The prima meeting of the new parliament. The prime minister writes to Lord Carnarvon as follows: "The cabinet has concurred in your Irish policy throughout and regrets your resignation, although unable to demur."

The police authorities have made elaborate arrangements for the protection of the person of the queen on the occasion of the opening of parliament by her majesty. A large force of detectives has been assigned to the duty of guarding the royal party. Precautionary measures, to be better, will be more rigorously

than ever before enforced.

Parnellites will join with the English and Scotch radicals in supporting an amendment to the address protesting against evictions in Ireland and the highlands.

### Comment of Irish Press.

DUBLIN, January 15.—United Ireland attributes the intended resignation of the earl of Carnarvon, lord lieutenant of Ireland, to his eluctance to abet the wholesale evictions contemplated by the government and which will render the Irish desperate. United Ireland implores the cabinet to look before it leaps, and not to adopt any coercive remedies, as the peo-ple will nor submit tamely to being robbed of

ple will nor submit tamely to being robbed of their homes.

The Evening-Mail, loyalist organ, commenting on the utterances of United Ireland, says:
They constitute a note of warning that the government should not neglect. The executive is distinctly told that unless it curbs landlords "Captain Moonlight" will be fully empowered to slay, mutilate and pillage with the vigor and hellish receity of land league days.

The Freeman's Journal, reviewing the opinions entertained by the different English political parties, says:
The tide runs high against Ireland. Anti-Irish feeling is ramp ant among Englishmen, and they leath the idea of home rule for Ireland.

### Renouncing Home Rule.

Renouncing Home Rule.

Brifast, January 15.—At a crowded meeting at the chamber of commerce today, including the merchants, manufacturers, etc., a resolution was unanimously adopted expressing loyalty to the queen and renouncing home rule. A deputation was appointed to acquaint Lord Salisbury and Mr. Gladstone with the disastrous results that would follow any tampering with the union.

Four disguised men stopped a mail car at Lestowell, county Kerry, covered the driver with a revolver and opened and searched the mail bags for writs of ejectment.

LONDON, January 15 .- Greece offers to demobilize her forces on the condition that her claims for extension of territory be consid-ered by the Balkan conference when the latter reassembles at Constantinople. The porte has reassembles at Constantinopic. The porte has informed the powers that it is ready to disband the Turkish levies as soon as peace in Servia and Geecce is assured. Nelidoff, Russian ambassador at Constantinople, in an interview with the sultan stated that the czar renounced the payment of a portion of Turk-ish war indemnity due this year.

### Railroads for China.

PARIS, January 15.—A syndicate of French contractors has been formed to compete with centractors has been formed to compete with the German syndicate in supplying the Chinese government with material for the construction of railways. The delegates of the German syndicate, who recently sailed for China to negotiate with the Chinese government for the construction of projected railways there, took with them \$100,000 for their preliminary expenses.

Sentence of the Prince's Accuser. LONDON, January 15.—John Magee, who on Wednesday pleaded guilty to the charge of attempting to procure money from the prince of Wales by writing threatening letters, was today sentenced to seven years penal servi-

## London, January 15.—It is now aunounced that the recent illness of the princess of Wales, was a serious attack of diptheria.

The Oranges Only Slightly Affected.

JACKSONVILLE, January 15.—General rains prevailed throughout many portions of the state yesterday and today, and the latest re-ports from east and south Florida indicate that ports from east and south Florida indicate that the damage was not so great as at first feared. In some portions of south Florida even the fruit on trees was not spoiled and it is no longer apprehended that any trees, save very small ones, were killed. The weather here today was agreeable and winter sunshine has resumed its benign sway.

### Heavy Rainfall in Los

Heavy Rainfall in Louisiana.

New Orleans, January 15.—Steady rain set in here yesterday morning, which continued until this morning. The rainfall for 24 hours ending at six o'clock this morning, was three and a half inches. At six oclock this morning the mercury stood at 56. The predominant opinion among planters is that little damage has yet been done to sugar cane and orange trees, rain being regarded as favorable to both, if not followed by another freeze.

A Sleet Storm in Chattanooga, CHATTANOOGA, January 15 .- [Special.]the extreme cold was followed today by a severe decistorm and business was virtually suspended in consequence. Quite a number of casualties

### Snowfall in Texas.

FORT DAVIS, Texas, January 15.—Snowfall throughout Presidio county, during Wednesday, in some sections, to the depth of five

## The Chinese Question

SAN Jose, Cal., January 15—The anti-coolie league last evening decided to circulate petitions to ask congress to abrogate the

THE CHICAGO SOCIALISTS.

In Interview With Carter Harrison in Be-

An Interview With Carter Harrison in Regard to Them.

CHICAGO, Janpary 15.—Dispatches published in the east describe with much detail the plans and preparations of the socialists of Chicago to put some of their theories into practice. From these it appears a formidable number of men, armed with bombs and grenades, only await a suitable opportunity to begin indiscriminate warfare upon everything in the shape of law, capital, property and people interested in preserving and defending these conditions. The militia and police the socialists expect to annibilate without any trouble, and buildings belonging to obnoxious people are to be swept out of existence by the means of dynamite, and everything is said to be prepared for the grand catastrophe. These dispatches have occasioned consideral comment here.

A vast majority of the people of Chicago are law-abiding and I have no fear at all, "said Mayor Harrison, "of not being able to deal with any uprising the socialists or nihilists may attempt. I don't believe there is any ground for apprehension. The socialists have some pronounced ideas which many think cranky, but as a class they are as much interested in the welfare of Chicago as any other men of equal intelligence. They are not going to organize to blew up anything or shoot anybody," nihilists or blatherskites and like to talk of doing terrible things. They say incendiary things and newspapers try to make sensations out of them. That is just what they like. But they don't dare to carry out their threats. They are not organized in any such strength as to cause apprehension." Prominent officers of the militia, interviewed on the subject, while lamenting the poor support given them by the state, are confident that the companies here could easily put down any socialistic uprising.

here could easily put down any socialistic uprising.

General Fitzsimmons said: "There is always a guard at the armories, and we shall not be taken by surprise. I think another investigaa guard at the armories, and we shall not be taken by surprise. I think another investigation will be made at once of what the socialists are about, and there need be no fear that we shall be in ignorance of what is going on."

"What would be the result of a conflict between the militia armed with rifles and a lot of communists armed with bombs?" was asked of a well known militia man. "Oh, they couldn't do anything, unless there were vast hosts of them. Why, you see, in order to use these bombs they've got to be within at least fifty yards of the troops. Now, the First regiment boys are well armed with springfield breach-loading rifles, calibre 43. These rifles will throw a ball that will penetrate an inch plank at a distance of a mile and at a distance of fifty yards they would penetrate fifteen luches of pine planks spiked together. The young men have never been under fire, but they have courage, and if properly led would undoubtedly do good work. In day-time the whole command could be assembled in an hour and a half. In case they were wanted at night they would be summoned by the nearest commissioned officer, each one of whom has the addresses of the men who live near him."

THE FIRE RECORD.

Box Factory Burned in New York-Fires Elsewhere.

Elsewhere.

Oswego, N. Y., January 15.—Tultner's extensive box factory and also his fine dwelling, at Pulaski, N. Y., were burned last night. Assistance was called from this city, as the department of that village was a total failure. Loss \$50,000, insurance \$12,000.

Cincinnati, O., January 15.—Hiram W. Davis & Co.'s carriage manufactory at Flintstreet, burned this morning. Loss \$150,000 insurance \$100,000. The watchman discovered the fire in the basement, where it is supposed to have caught in a heap of shavings. Davis values the whole property, including stock and material, at \$275,000. Owing to precautions against fire taken in constructing the building, a portion was saved, together with considerable stock and material. The factory was running full time, and there were many orders ahead. Two hundred and fifty men are thrown out of employment.

Leyington, January 15.—Fire this morn-

Two hundred and firty men are thrown out of employment.

Lexinoton, January 15.—Fire this morning destroyed the wholesale grocery store of Innis & Sons, the Lexington opera house and the Adams express office and stables, and badly damaged Houlihan & Bros.' hardware store. The loss is between \$35,000 and \$10,000, partly covered by insurance. James Parker, an employe in Houlihan's store, was seriously injured by a falling wall.

Brayer Falls Pa January 15—Reaver

BEAVER FALLS, Pa., January 15.—Beaver Falls car works, foundry and machine shops burned to the ground this morning, together with the Chinese headquarters and every wilding the course for the course fo

burned to the ground this morning, together with the Chinese headquarters and every building on the square facing Sixth avenue, except the old Mansion house. The fire started in the foundry, but from what source is not known. It destroyed over \$50,000 worth of patterns and rendered four families homeless. Loss from \$150,000 to \$200,000: uninsured.

Wheeling, W. Va., January 15.—The little town of Alderson. Monroe county, was the scene of a very destructive fire yesterday which destroyed almost every businass house in the place. The total loss will reach \$20,000, insured for \$11.500 in the City of London, American: of Philadelphia; Alabama, of Mobile: and Hibernia and Hope, of New Orleans.

PALATKA, Fla., January 15.—A fire broke out in Gardner & Eaten's warehouse this forenoon, communicated by the sparks from the chimney of the steamer Crescent City, lying on the wharf. The building and the goods were destroyed, together with the Florida Southern railroad offices, two box cars and two dwellings. Loss \$35,000; insurance \$20,000.

MONTGOMERY, Ala , January 15,-[Special.] A destructive fire occurred in the town of Hayneville, Lowndes county, today. The damage is estimated at \$10,000.

#### HE WILL SPEAK IN COURT. Dion Boucleault Intimates That He Has Been

Imposed Upon. CHICAGO, January 15.—Dion Boucicault, who is at present in this city, was asked if there was any truth in the story of Agnes Robertson, that he had never been divorced from her. Mr. Boucicault was very reluctant to speak of the subject at all, and kindly, but firmly, refused even to

nake a simple affirmative or negative reply to the "I have never made such a statement," he continued, "either in the press or otherwise, and a report that was circulated about five years ago that I repudiated my children and put some similar plea on record, is wholly and unreservedly false, for I have never spoken a word regarding it, even in my defense. If such a thing were true it would seem strange that a bigamist could travel through a country mimolested where the laws are observed. I expect the make a statement in court, which I consider to be the proper place, when I arrive in New York, and then the public will have an opportunity to judge both sides of the case. I have taken all possible means to avoid saying anything in regard to this matter, and even when the divorce was withdrawn three years ago said nothing, but the reputation and good name of other people must not suffer, and I had rather bear anything than allow such a thing. A woman may take advantage of her sex to make a cowardly statement, which as I have said, I have not noticed and will not until necessary, and then I shall speak in court."

Temperance in Alabama

MONTGOMERY, January 15. — [Special.]—Greenville and Opelika went dry today, the liquor dealers being unable to obtain license. The contest between the liquor men and prohibition has gone into court, and until the decision is final the towns are dry.

Death From Typhus Fever.

ALEANY, N. Y., January 15.—Dr. Reily, who was the attending physician at the Albany penitentiary when typhus fever broke out among the prisoners, and who was stricken with the dreadful disease, died at his home here this morning.

### THE DAY IN MACON.

AN EDITOR AND A FELLOW-CITI

A Lively Fight-Death of Mrs. Masterson-The Can rthday-Identified as an Escaped Co-vic That Shooting Affair-A Trip to Florida

MACON, January 15 .- [Special.]-This morning in front of the Brown house Herbert Lane accessed Mr. J. B. Pound, of the Evening News, and remarked :

You had my name in the paper. Whatand as he spoke he struck Mr. Pound in the eye. Mr. Pound hit back, and by the time they ceased pummelling each other both had bunged eyes and battered countenances.

The cause was simple enough. Lane v fined \$25 and costs for gaming several days ago and Pound simply mentioned it in the paper, as the other reporters did. Not having any thought of such summary proceedings, Pound was taken at a disadvantage. It is reported that Lane has promised to collect the scalps of all the reporters who mention his name in the

#### A Trip to Florida.

MACON, January 15 .- [Special.] - Rev. J. W. Burke has just returned from a trip to Orlan do, Florida, where he went to attend the meeting of the Florida conference. Your cor-espondent had a little talk with him today and he says that there was plenty of ice to be seen there, and that the oldest settlers regard ed it as an unheard of occurrence in the history of that region. Mr. Burke says the people were upprepared for the reception of the blizzard, and their airy dwellings, constructed more with a view to keeping cool than getting warm, were exceedingly uncomfortable. Fires were built in the streets in front of the stores, most of which were without fireplaces, as such appliances are unneeded in that balmy clime. Mr. Burke thinks that the greater part of the

orange crop still on the trees, which amounts to over half the crop, is ruined by the cold. His description of the surprise and bewilderment with which these children of the sun greeted, the howling Norther is graphic indeed. At Callahan, where he lay over several hours the storekeepers had pine knot fires in the street, and divided their time about equally between their customers and their fires.

The enjoyment of the trip was all broken up by the extreme cold weather, and his week's experience in the semi-tropics is unique and

#### Commissioner's Court.

Macon, January 15—[Special.]—This morning Arthur and Calvin White, brothers and barbers, of Barnesville, were brought before Commissioner Erwin by Deputy Marshals Mosely and King, on a charge of violating the revenue laws. It seems that these festive roons have been driving a thrifty trade in busthead and kindred spirits at their place of business, much to the annoyance of the good prohibition folks of Barnesville. The marshal of that town tried his best to catch up with them, and Tuck Blalock has already been arrested and was bound over in the sum of \$100 rested and was bound over in the sum of salve yesterday. But these two bucks seem to be the guilty ones, and they were rustling around today trying to secure bondsmen to bail them in the sum of \$200. Jack Thornton was ar-

W. F. Thornton was up for contempt of court, but was dismissed by Commissioner

### Flashes of Fire.

Macon, January 15.—[Special.]—Three small fires occurred last night. One was the chimney of a negro's house on Cotton avenue, and for awhile looked like it would set some other buildings ablaze, but it was soon ex

another occurred at the residence of Joh Swindlehurst, on Fourth street, and it Itook some little time to put it out. It also caught from the chimney, and looked pretty threatening for awhile.

The third was the kitchen of Judge Matt

Freeman, and it took the combined efforts of the judge, Azel Freeman and Gus Cotton to prevent the burning of the entire building.

### Identified an Escaped Convict.

Macon, January 15.-[Special.-Joe Tucker came here from Eatonton, and stole an over ceat and a banjo, for which he was arrested this evening. On trial the fact was developed that he is an escaped convict from the Dubois camp, where he was serving a four years' term for an attempt at rape from Telfair count He went to the gang under the name of An drew Williams, but Joe Tucker appears to be the name he first wore in Athens, the place of his nativity. Officer Dumers arrested him and identified him by some peculiar marks on his person, among them the shackle marks on his ankles. Officer Dumers will get the re-ward, and it could not fall into more deserving hands.

### The Same Birthday.

Macon, January 15.—[Special.]—Mr. Ben Jones, whose residence was burned last night, had a gloomy birthday to celebrate today, at the conclusion of his twenty-fourth year. This morning a baby was born to him, and so they will both celebrate the same anniversary herester.

The proof grows more conclusive that th fire was the work of an incendiary, and the authorities are quietly working it up with hopes of bringing the unhung scoundrel to the justice he deserves.

### Death of Mrs. Masterson.

MACON, January 15.—[Special.]—Yester-day evening the wife of Mr. Clem Masterson. a very prominent citizen of Macon, was taken suddenly ill, and in a few hours she breathed her last. The physicians attribute her deat to a stroke of paralysis. She was a lady of middle age, well known in Macon society, and highly esteemed by those who knew her. Her funeral occurs tomorrow at 11 a. m., and will take place according to the Catholic ritual.

The Poor. Macon, January 15.—[Special,]—Our citizens, who are able, will have to provide still further for the feeding and warming of about three hundred people who are in a destitute condition. Every exertion has been made by the authorities, and private purses have been freely opened for their benefit, but they must have more help still, or the approaching blizable more relatives.

### bave more help still, or the approaching zard will prove too much for them.

That Shooting Affair. Macon, January 15.—[Special].—W. S. Thompson, the man who was reported as shot last night, came to Dr. Walker this morning and had the ball extracted. The ball went i just above the left ear, and was taken out just above the eye, having run around just under the scalp. He claims to have been robbed of his week's wages, \$15. The case is being in

### Blood on the Steps.

Micon, January 15.—[Special.]—Yesterday morning Dr. R. B. Hall discovered a good deal of clotted blood, which had puddled on the stone steps of his store on Cherry street. He is unable to account for its presence there.

### Herklers Dismissed Macon, January 15.—[Special.]—We heal Herklers, who was charged with stealing as

overcoat yesterday, was dismissed by Judge Freeman today. It appears that he simply put on the wrong coat by mistake. Personal. Macon, January 15.—[Special.]—Misses Florence Cater and Mattie Bowman, who have been visiting Mrs. E. A. Steele, this city, returned to their home in Perry, this evening.

Colonel W. J. Hatcher has just returned from a visit to Colombine.

### Fire in Hampton.

HAMPTON, January 15.—[Special.]—The itchen room of Smith H. Griffin was partially estroyed by fire Thursday morning at 10 clock, being caused from a defective flue in

### COLUMBUS CHRUNICLES.

Burglary of a www Office-Marriage of M. Swift-Other Notes.

COLUMEUS, January 15.—[Special.]—The special in the law office of Thomas & Chandler was entered by a burglar some time last night and the vault was taken out and carried away. It contained some legal documents and Mobile and Girard railroad stock, but no money. The burglar doubtless made a waterhaul, as the papers will be of little use to him.

Mr. W. A. Swift, of this city, was married in Louisville, Ky., yesterday, to Miss Amelia Compton, a great favorite in that city. Mr. Swift is president of the Swifts manufacturing company, of this city, and one of our most

ing company, of this city, and one of our most prosperous and flourishing young business

Marvin, Ala., was destroyed by fire yesterday evening. The loss was about \$700 and insur-ance \$500.

The cotton receipts of Columbus have reach-The work of relieving the distress among

A Citizen of New York Shoots Hims

### the poor is still in progress, and a great deal of suffering has been prevented. SUICIDE IN ALBANY.

Through the Heart. ALBANY, Ga., January 15 .- [Special.] - Jame S. Beall committed suicide here today at 12 o'clock in his room in the Westbrook building, by shooting himself through the heart with a 45 calibre Smith & Wesson army revolver, dying instantly. The deceased was a son of the late Jerre Beall, of Milledgeville, and was about forty-three years of age. He lived in New York, but came south every winter to look after planting interests in Dougherty and Baker counties, making Albany his headquarters. He was in bed at the time, and com-plained to his room mate, Hon. A. C. Westbrook of not feeling well. Mr. Westbrook had left him but a few moments to go down stairs, when the sound of the shot caused him to return in haste. He gasped a few times and died. He leaves a wife and five children, now in New York. The deceased was or had been member of the New York cotton exchange.

#### won heavy cotton suits against the govern ment after the war. GWINNETT'S BASTILE. A Shameful Story of Suffering From Law

The verdict of the coroner's jury suicidal act. He had borrowed a pistol the evening before.

Unlucky speculation is believed to have prompted the deed. The father of the deceased

renceville. LAWRENCEVILLE, January 15 .- [Special.] Gwinnett is one of the largest, most prospectus, one and conservative counties of the state. Y there is one thing within her territory which causes the blush of shame to mount to her cheek and burn with indignation, and that is a rock building in this town where the law sends citizens charged with violating the criminal law for imprisonment, but where the county keeps them for punishment. There are two citizens in jail—one charged with murder and the other for arrying concealed

weapons-and during this cold weather the have experienced untold suffering. The jail no protection against the severe weather an On the contrary, the rock walls, with their great and numerous crevimake the place one of punishment indeed.

Mr. Cosby furnishes them with pigs of warm
water, and the steam which percolates through the pores is the only comfort for the sufferer The Match Company Case.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]—C. W. Vanyleck, president, and C. W. Lawshe, bookkeeper, of the Georgia match company, who were arrested Tresday last on a warrant sworn out by John A. Smith, charging them with embezzlement, were this afternoon re leased. After an investigation of three days Judge Prior, ef the city court, and justice of

the peace W. P. Smith, decided that the evi dence showed that defendants had been gu of no crime. S. C. Dunlap represented the presecution and H. H. Perry and Fletche hason the defense

### Robbery of a Barroom.

MILLEDGEVILLE, January 15.-[Special.] t is reported on the streets this morning the he salcon of W.J. Brake was robbed last night A back window was found open this morning and no money in the till. It is not known by the owner exactly what the loss is.

### A Hungry Thief. ACWORTH, January 15.—[Special.]—Thieves broke in the Acworth flour mills last Thursday

ight and stole three or four hundred pound

#### SAVANNAH'S SOLDIERS. Meeting of the Military Companies on Bus iness Affecting Them.

SAVANNAH, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]—An important meeting of delegates from several military companies was held this evening to take into consideration the clause in the new military law in reference to the pay members who will enjoy the privilege of exemption from jury duty. Fifteen are allowed each company, and the meeting decided to adopt a uniform charge for admission as pay member uniform charge for admission as pay members. The following delegates were present: Savanuah Volunteer Guards, Lieutenant-Colonel William Garrard; Republican Blues, Captain George A. Mercer; Irish Jasper Greens, Captain John Flannery; German Volunteers, Captain John Deast; Savannah Cadets, Lieutenant Jordan F. Brooks; Oglethorpe Light Infontry, Lieutenant William B. Moll. Light Infantry, Lieutenant William B. Mell

Chatham Artillery, Orderly Sergeant I. A Solomons; Georgia Hussars, ex-Lieutenant F M. Hull.

At an election held by the Georgia Hussars
last night, G. B. Pritchard was elected
first lieutenant, J. B. Duckworth second
lieutenant; S. W. Meldrim, second lieutenant
junior; W. S. Johnston, quartermaster and

unior; W, S. Johnston, quartern treasurer; Frank Winter, secretary. Information received here gives us to believe that the schooner Emily and Jennie, Captain John Douglass, which left Philadelphia for Savannah on the 26th of December, has not een seen. If lost, she encountered the rec

#### neavy gales. Her cargo was coal. THE NEWS FROM ROME.

Bad Weather-The Recorder's Court-Faff

Rome, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]—It rained and sleeted all day, and the ground is covered with a thick coat of ice. Pedestrianism was

difficult and there were many falls.

There was an unusual number of offenders before police court today, Mayor Knox presiding. The fines aggregated one hundred and

siding. The fines aggregated one hundred and fifty dollars.

The sheriff of Hamilton county, Tennessee, arrived today with a requisition for Stephen Marchman, colored, charged with grand larceny. The sheriff and his prisoner left for Chattanooga this afternoon.

Mr. Hammett, a workman on the Rome and Carrollton railway, while walking near the railroad bridge today, slipped on the ice and broke his leg, sustaining a compound fracture.

Bank Meeting in Brunswick.

# BRUNSWICK, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]— The regular annual meeting of the stock-holders of the First National bank was held

holders of the First National bank was held at the bank building here today. Mr. M. Ullman was made chairman of the meeting. The old board of directors for the ensuing year were elected as follows: C. Downing, Jr., W. E. Burbage, M. Ullman, Dr. W. Berrien Burroughs, E. A. Buck, James Herr Smith and R. K. Walker, of Darien. The directors will reelect Major C. Downing, Jr., president; W. E. Burbage, vice-president, and James Herr Smith, cashier, with Messrs. C. F. Way, assistant, and J. L. N. Henman, teller.

### A Girl Badly Burned.

CRAWFORD, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]—A negro girl was seriously burned this morning at Mr. E. P. Short's house, in this place. She was kindling a fire and her clothing caught. Mr. Short's hands were hadly burned in trying to extinguish the fire. Her recovery is doubtto extinguish the fire. Her recovery is d

### EFFECTS OF THE COLD.

REPORTS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE

Mail Rider Found Frozen to His Buggy-Riv Covered With Ice-The Young People En-joying Themselves by Skating, While All the Pickles and Preserves are Spoiled.

ELBERTON, January 15 .- [Special.] -The old wave has done a great deal of damage in this section. It was the coldest weather ever experienced by our people. The confectionery and fruit stores in town lost heavily, some of them losing nearly their entire stock of pickles and canned goods by the freeze. Very nearly all the ink in town was frozen, making it difficult to get enough for immediate use.

In the private houses nearly all the fruits and preserves have been ruined, and the loss in that respect is very great, as last year was a fine fruit year and large quantities were pre-served. A large number of fowls were frozen, and some hogs. Broad and Savannah rivers, running on each side of the county, are both completely frozen over, and we have had no "star route" mails in a week. The mail car-"star route" mails in a week. The mail carrier on the Washington line attempted to make the trip last Saturday, and was found frozen fast to his buggy. His recovery is doubtful. Your correspondent is informed by a reliable gentleman, notwithstanding what "Constitutional" says, that in the forest in the upper part of this county a number of trees can be found that have been split one by the force.

found that have been split open by the freeze.

DAMAGE TO WHEAT.

HAMPTON, January 15.—[Special.]—The recent cold wave has greatly damaged the wheat and oat crop. An enjoyable exercise is p ticipated in every day by young and old, and female—skatlng over the fishponds. UNPRECEDENTED COLD IN STEWART COL

LUMPKIN, Ga, January 15.—[Specie cold wave has been upon us five days in unprecedented in this section—thermomeright degrees above zero. The Hamahabada. and Pataula creeks are frozen over, as well also as the large ponds around Lumpkin. Large parties of ladies and gentlemen have been skating on Verns' pond, a large sheet of water skating on Verns' pond, a large sheet of water covering 100 acres, all day today. Every one, despite the hard thumps they received, enjoyed the novel sport. No serious accidents as yet. Mr. William Simpson fell upon the ice, when the mill dog thinking he was trying to knock a hole in the bottom of his master's pond, fell upon him and bit him. Dr. J. A. Thornton hauled off early in the day to build for himself a temporary nose. The old folks for himself a temporary nose. The old folks are talking "serious" about this skating business. The ink is all frozen.

THICK ICE IN LIBERTY COUNTY.

The cold here is intense. All the small streams are frozen over and the ice is thick enough to bear up the weight of men and horses. The theoremster resisters are streams. horses. The thermometer registers 24, and the earth is frozen to a considerable depth. The weather turned cold on Friday evening and the wind has blown almost incessantly ever since, which makes the cold more trying than it would be otherwise. Old men say that this is the coldest weather they have ever ex perienced when the length of the time is con-sidered. The cattle are faring badly in con-sequence of the cold, and there has been a coriderable amount of suffering in some local ties. There is no perceptible change at this

writing.

A MAN KILLED BY A FALL ON ICE.

A MAN KILLED BY A FALL ON ICE. A MAN KILLED BY A FALL ON ICE.

CUMMING, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]—The
cold weather still continues here. Old citizens
say that it is the coldest weather that has even
been known in this county. The minimum temperature here was 8 degrees below zero. It is reported here that an old gentlema camed Turner fell on the ice and killed him-self while carrying in wood. Mr. Turner lived

in the southern part of the county.

There has been no mail here since last Saturday on account of the river being frozen

JASPER, January 15.—[Special.]—The snow s yet with us, and is likely to remain for sev-ral days. There has been considerable dameral days. There has been considerable dam age to the pipes and machinery reported to the marble companies, the cotton factory of the T. and W. C. Atherton. All the mill whell are locked up in blocks of ice, until the bread question is getting to be a serious one, as this is the sixth day, the mills have been stopped on our little mountain streams by the ice.

DAMAGE TO ORANGES.

DARIEN, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]—The

Walker orange grove, contiguous to the city and comprising one thousand four-year-old trees, has suffered severely from the recent trees, has suffered severely from the recent cold weather. Mr. James Walker, the owner, says he fears the most, if not all, of the trees are killed. The older orange trees around the city have also fared badly, and it is probable that to the majority the cold has proved fatal Since the severe cold set in the most of the saw mills around Darien have had to stop working on account of pipes, etc., freezing.

RABEITS AND BIRDS FREEZE.
RABUN, January 15.—[Special.]—The snow that fell abundantly last Friday continues without thawing, through four days since, the thermometer rauging from four degrees below zero to about fifteen degrees above. The freeze found frozen to death. The mails on nearly all the routes have failed since Friday. A continuous cold north wind has prevailed nearly all the time.

### A YOUNG TRAPPER.

### An Oglethorpe County Boy Catches Seventy Rabbits by Trap.

LEXINGTON, Ga, January 15.—[Special.]— The little son of T. P. Bray, about two miles from town, has almost supplied his family in meat during this winter. He made a trap out of an old kollow log, by placing a trigger about the center of it, which, when a rabbit runs in throws the trigger, and thereby caus ing the two drop doors at the ends to fall, and secure the prize. The little fellow by this means has caught over seventy rabbits and two

Messrs. Tiller Bros. of the Glade, in this county, we hear will soon sell their business to Messrs. Andrews & Glenn and a Mr. Martin, of that place. Mr. Howard Irby, of the same place, will buy the Broad river wagon shops, belonging to the above firm, and will carry on

the business as heretofore.

Recorder and Treasurer George C. Smith, of the city council, made his report for the year 1885. Amount received during the year, \$297.35; amount paid out during the year, \$248.55; leaving a balance on hand of \$41.45.

High Water and Bridges Washed Away. HULMEVILLE, Ga., January 15 .- [Special.] wing to high water and missing bridges ou mail has failed to come. We managed to get t from the river yesterday, and although The Constitution was a week old, we were glad to get it. The weather is cold. The thermomto get it. to get it. The weather is cold. The thermale eter is within four degrees of zero. The Savannah river is a mass of floating ice. All crossing is suspended for the present.

The three whisky saloons were closed in

Elberton the 10th instant. Prohibition went nto effect at that time

Suwanee Creek Trestle Safe.

Suwance Creek Trestie Sare.

SUWANCE, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]—
The conductor of the Lawrenceville railroad denies the statement that the trestle at Suwance creek is in a bad condition and says it is by no means dangerous, but is perfectly safe, and the traveling public can rely on this statement. All the trestles are kept inspected by the proper officials of the road, and the traveling public can be assured that the management of the road would not permit a dangerous trestle to be used on any of its line for erous trestle to be used on any of its line for

### DEATHS IN GEORGIA.

ROME, Ga., January 15 .- Dr. M. R. Ballenger died Wednesday at his residence in Floyd Springs. The doctor was one of Floyd's most esteemed citi-zens, and his death is sincerely mourned by our

JASPER, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]—Mrs. Bettie Howell, wife of John R. Howell, one of our oldest merchants, died last night at 9 o'clock. She leaves a husband and four little boys to mourn her loss.

Washington, January 15.—[Special,]—Mrs stummer, of this place, died suddenly last night.

#### DALTON DOTS. News Items Gathered From the Little Moun tain City.

DALTON, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]—The burning of the residence of Dr. J. F. Wootton, with most of his furniture, and the threatened danger to a whole block by the store of W. P. Farnsworth catching fire, has awakened the citizens of Dalton to the necessity of improving the fire department.

the fire department.

Two years ago the heart of the business part of twn was burned, when it was discovered how entirely helpless the city is in time of fire. It has a good chemical fire engine, but it requires experienced men to work it successfully. Several times the young men have tried to organize a fire company, but without success. The wells on Hamilton street afford so little The wells on Hamilton street allord so little protection that it is useless to organize a bucket brigade, as in winter they are frozen up and in summer dry. Our council has been asked to dig wells or cisterns and provide a hook and ladder apparatus.

The Dorcas society has relieved a great deal of suffering among the poor during the last cold srell.

The Crown cotton mills are now receiving their new machinery, which will give them an increase of one-third in the production of

The compress company has been shut down for a few days. Mr. D. Bukofzer is now corresponding with some parties preparatory to buying a new and larger compress for next

### DOTS FROM DUBLIN.

Business for Laurens Court-The Last Barroom Closed.

DUBLIN, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]—The clerk of the superior court of Laurens county had more cases returned to the January term of the court than to any previous term since The number of common law cases alone number fifty. This does not include appearancertionari, causes coming up from inferior

juc atories, equity, and criminal cases.
County court was in session on Monday of this week, but owing to the inclemency of the weather no litigated cases were disposed of.
The directors of the Dublin and Wrightsvill railroad hold their regular monthly session here today. It is expected that steps will be taken by them looking to the early completion of that road.

The license of B. Nance, barkeeper, having xpired, he has closed up. Dublin is now

### THE TEMPERANCE WAVE.

Commencement of the Prohibition Cam paign in Baldwin County.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]—On invitation, Honorable Walter B. Hill, of Macon, addressed a citizens' meeting at Amusement hall, at 11 o'clock yesterday, maugurating the prohibition campaign in Baldwin county. Blue badges have ceased to be a novelty, and if the number floating about signifies anything, a red hot war will be waged against the sale of the ardent in our county. Mr. Hill did not make much of a sentimental address, but used mainly what he called business arguments. His speech was quite interesting, and was altogether to the point and carnest. A prohibition party was or paign in Baldwin County. and earnest. A prohibition party was oganized, and from now on may be expected movement to create a whisky drouth here.

### Prosperous Elberton.

ELBERTON, January 15.—[Special.]—There is a great demand for dweiling houses in El-Our enterprising townsman, Mr. Thomas M Swift, has purchased land and will erect at once five commodious cottages for rent. Mr. W. C. Smith is also building a number of nice

cottages.

The Elberton female collegiate institute will open next Monday under the most propiti circumstances, about thirty young ladies for a distance have already engaged board and en-tered, and the prospect is that the school will

### Items From Jefferson.

JEFFERSON, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]— Dr. J. W. Bailey, of Gainesville, Ga., was it tewn yesterday. He came to see a little gir of W. J. Oaks, who got her foot hurt while playing on the turning-table of the G., J. & railroad. Herfather has sued the road for \$5,000 damages, and Dr. D. was sent here by the road to see the extent of the injuries. Collector James O. Farrell was in town yes-

### Business in Dawson.

· Dawson, January 15.—[Special.]—The annual shipments of guano are being received and already sales are becoming active Captain J. A. Laing has purchased the stock Mr. A. W. Stokes, of Smithville, has come to

our city to engage in merchandising. Lumber for the Far North. DARIEN, Ga., January 15.—[Special.]—The Swedish bark "Iris" has just been cleared with

a cargo of pitch pine for Stromness, Orkuey Islands. This is probably the first cargo of the kind ever sent to those bleak isles of the north. It is said to be for wharf building purposes. The New High Shoals Company. SOCIAL CIRCLE, January 15.—[Special.] The stockholders of the New High Sho.

### manufacturing company met on Wednesday last and elected John W. Hinton, of this place,

Business in Dawson.

Dawson, Ga., January 14.—[Special.]—The recent cold spell has done irreparable injury to grain crops and has caused potatoes to freeze, and in consequence become scarce.

### GEORGIA ICICLES.

Ice formed in vessels in Jackson on Sunday which sat within ten feet of the stove. Albany News: The northerners who are among us during this cold spell will all write home they found a solid south.

Mr. J. N. Jordan, of Pike county, picked u Tuesday morning a piece of ice on his place that was a perfect representation of the lgures 27.

A citizen of Albany picked up on the side-walk a leather-winged bat that had frozen to leath Saturday night.

Mr. William Thompson, who lives in Camp bell county, says that an oak tree about one and a half feet in diameter bursted near his house with a report as loud as a cannon. He supposes it was caused by freezing.

The McDuffie Journal says: When Judge Hardaway came into town last Saturday morn-ing his most intimate friends failed to recognigh is most intimate the restrict of the street broke loose and stampeded to the country. He looked like a forked cotton bale, with a hat on the top end, and a decided inclination to wabble. When Colonel Bush and Joe Jones unble. When Colonel Bush and Joe Jones unwound him they found that he had on four suits of flannels, three pairs of pants, two vests, three coats, ten pairs of socks, one pair of boots, then more socks, three overcoats, a shawl, and ten yards of bagging, then another overcoat and a blanket and a duster and some more pants, and a bed quilt wrapped around his jaws and head, and a small black hat, and two pairs of gloves and his hauds in his pockets, and you couldn't see any of him except one eye and the end of his nose. The surplus duds taken off of him exactly filled an empty crockery crate. He was speechless when they finished shucking him, but when he recovered he stated pointedly that he intended to keep warm if it involved this country in a civil war.

As a contrast to these reports of cold, however, the Lumpkin Independent says that "robbins have appeared in small numbers in this section," and in the Brunswick Breeze the statement is made that "Mr. M. A. Baker shot 180 robbins back of the Baptist church in one hour and fifteen minutes, and would doubtless have surpassed this record had not the marshal interfered and stopped him from shooting within the city limits." yound him they found that he had on fou

#### within the city limits. The Midnight Rumble From the Cartersville, Ga., Courant The rumbling of the midnight whisky

Take things easy and a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and you will be red of your cold.

### GEORGIA GOSSIP.

NOTES OF INTEREST THROUGHOUT THE STATE

Old Man Frozen to Death-An Old Feud Leads to Murder in Lothair Death by Acciden Dooly County Has Another Murder— Other Incidents and News Items,

Mr. John Walker, who lived in Habersham county, accidentally shot himself through the heart, killing him instantly, on Saturday evening last. He was preparing to take a

Gr flin News, the Griffin Sun and the Barnes-

ville Gazette. The latter paper gives employ-The Liberty Independent troop, the veteran The Liberty Independent troop, the veteran cavalry company of Liberty county, has reached the age of one hundred years, and proposes to celebrate its centennial in grand style. The executive committee for this purpose consists of ex-Captain W. A. Fleming, Lieutenant J. B. Fraser, Orderly Sergeant W. N. Clark, Sergeant P. W. P. Waite, Private S. W. Allen, Private A. S. Way.

John R. Curry, of Liberty county, made six-ty-five bushels of corn to the acre this past

One hundred and twenty-five couples were married in Butts county last year.

Tax Collector J. L. Laster has issued 715 fi. as, against the defaulters of last year. This

nearly covers the list of colored vote The Dublin Gazette thus describes the death of Sheriff Perry, of Laurens county: Mr. J. E. Perry, sheriff of this county, died suddenly at his home in this town on Saturday night last.
Mr. Perny had been very busy in his office during the day and on retiring to his bed that night seemed in good health. When his wife went to arouse him on the following morning she found that he was dead. His little daugh ter slept with him and so quietly did his spirit pass away, she was not aware of his death until her mother came to the room. Mr. Perry has held the office of sheriff for several years.

Already \$60,000 has been subscribed for the hotel on St. Simons; the company has been or ganized and the directors elected. Dooly Vindicator: On Friday evening last Coroner Ammons was summoned to go to the fourteenth district and hold an inquest over the body of Wm. Kerse, colored, who had been shot the night previous and died that

morning. The coroner went down Saturday morning to investigate the matter, and Saturday evening empanneled a jury and held an inquest over the body, the only witness being hedrest over the body, the only witness being Kerse's wife, who swore that on Thursday night two men came to their house, after they had retired, and called Kerse two or three times, saying some one wanted to see him. I times, saying some one wanted to see him. It was quite cold, and the negro was rather slow in responding to the calls. Finally he got up and started to the door to open it. When about half way between the bed and the door a pistol was thrust through a crack in the door and he was fired upon, the ball striking him above the navel and lodging in the abdomen. The house Kerse lived in was an old log house, and the door swagged so that when it was shut it left a crack large enough when it was shut it left a crack large enough for a man to get his hand through, and it was through this crack that he was shot. After being shot he went to the bed where his wif was and told her he was going to die. She immediately sent for the doctor, who rendered the unfortunate man all the medical aid in his nower, but it was of no avail, as he died Fri-lay morning. The coroner's jury, at the in-quest Saturday evening, returned the following verdict: "We, the jury, find that William Kerse came to his death from a gunshot wound in the hands of some unknown party."

The acreage of oats in Irwin county is much Hon. Willis Downing, it is said, will be reurned to the legislature from Irwin county

without opposition.

Mr. R. A. Thrower, of Griffin, raised two pigs last year to be six and seven months old. One he killed at seven months and it netted him 106 pounds. The other at six months old actted 102. They were of the big guinea va-riety, and if allowed to live over a year there is no telling what they would have weighed. In the Marion, Ala, fire the following were the losers: W. H. Howell, groceries, with insurance to cover most of loss; W. H. Howell & Co., furniture store; W. J. Mitchell, stove and

hollowware, partially insured; Wyatt & Co., dry goeds, insured: Mason & Drake, groceries, some of goods saved but almost total loss: H. G. Hammond's cotton office was destroyed. The Western Union office was totally destroyed with all instruments. Cartersville American: About bed time last night, the family of Mr. J. C. Hilburn were startled by three pistol shots in rapid succession—the balls crashing through the window glass in the family room, and passing just above a bed upon which some of the family were sleeping. Mr. Hilburn is at a loss to understand the thing, as it is strange that any one should be so reckless, and he cannot imagine why any one would wish to injure him-

Coroner Thompson, of Butts county, has re ceived the report of Chemist John M. Candless, of Atlanta, who analyzed the tents of the stomach of Charles Mays, died near Indian Spring Just before Christmas.

Mr. McCandless swore that he found 1.431 grains of arsenic in the stomach, whereupon Mr. Thompson recalled the Jury of inquest together, and with these facts before them reurned a verdict that said Charles Mays can to his death from a dose of arsenic administered to him by his wife, Ginsey Mays. The woman has been lying in the county jail since the death of her husband, but now she will be

sent to Atlanta for safe keeping, Mr. John Lumsden, of Habersham, found four gold nuggets last Wednesday that weighted nearly forty pennyweights. The largest weighing nearly eighteen pennyweights.

Barnesville Gazette: Sunday night while the mercury was pushed down by the blizzard to the lowest point, the spirit of Joe O'Neal, perhaps the oldest human being in this county, took its flight from earth. The sons of the old colored man say he was 107 years of age. At any rate he was a very old negro. He died in a little house in the yard of his son Seaborn O'Neal and no one was present Sunin a little house in the yard of his son seasorn O'Neal, and no one was present Sunday night to see the blizzard take away his spirit. Seasorn, the son, heard the voice of the faithful yard dog, perhaps answering the struggling agonies of the aged father, but did not go out to see if all was well. Monday morning gave the intelligence that the old man was dead. His remains were laid at rest Monday afternoon. It is onenly asserted rest Monday afternoon. It is openly asserted by some of the colored people that the old man asked to remain in his son's house, and was required to go in the little hut in the yard used heretofore as a potato house, and conse uently froze to death.

An other murder took place at Long Pond in the lower part of Lawrens county recently. For some time there has been an old feud be-tween Mr. Bass McNatt and his brother-inlaw, Mr. John Couner. The two men met at Long Pond, and the difficulty was renewed. McNatt shot John Couner through the bowels, inflicting a wound which caused his death on Saturday. Warren Conner, the father of the young man wounded, fired both barrels of shot gun at McNatt, but did not hit him. Mo Nath has left the county. Both of the young men were highly respected and have a large number of friends who deplore the tragedy. This is the second homicide recently committed. It seems with the shooting affrays and ted. It seems with the shooting affrays the United States marshals hunting for ill stills there is a bad state of affairs.

Messrs. Charles Peynough, of Indianapolis, and Charles D. Lord, of Mt. Vernon, are putting up a new sawmill near Red Bluff. The mill will have all the latest improvements and will be one of the largest and finest mills in this section. They propose to put in a stave and heading machine, and furnish the turpentine men with staves and heading.

### She Will Sleep Upside Down, Says He.

one of the most novel suits for divorce has just been instituted in the circuit court of Tippecanoe county, Ind. John H. O. Kirchoff asks for a divorce from his lawful wide on the ground of her riceping upside down. She persists in sleeping with her feet on the pillow, and, as Kirchoff is opposed to this reversal of the order of things, he has asked the court to interfere.



### Endorses It.

About six weeks ago I was attacked with Artico ar Rheumatism in my ankles, knees and hips. Fo hree weeks I was under the usual treatment of uch diseases without any appreciable benefit. Fi ally my physician discontinued all other treat

As the above case of Mrs. Tucker was treated by myself, I do most cheerfully certify to the correct-tess of her statement. I used Guinn's Pioneer Blood Renewer after the ordinary treatment of henmatism had failed to control the disease.

J. L. STEPHENSON, M. D. Marvelous Effects Noted by a Druggist. Macon Medicine Co.—I take pleasure in stating hat I have seen some very marvelous effects from he use of Guinn's Pioneer Blood Renewer and heerfully recommend it.

GEO. B, BROADFOOT, Griffin, Ga.

Druggist.

Sold in powdered form, easy to prepare at bome, rith or without spirits; small size 25 cents, large ize \$1.00, mailed to any address on receipt of price diquid form, small size \$1.00, large size \$1.75, nov 28 d & wky



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Mustang Liniment is older than most men, and used more and more every year.



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IAN TOBACCO CINTERAT N TOBACCO CAKE WN REMEDY, Crres all roises, Spraina, Francisca, Folia, Felone, Ulcore force force force, one Corts, Neuralija Elemania, chemania Gout, Coder, Tangia, Leg, Sanke and Deg Lifes, Nings of the Ulcore force of the Con-trer allows all local Introductor and

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ing Oils, Etc. DAD STREET.

Well, servous invalues, and others seeking. Health, Strength and Energy with the service of the

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FOR and Beast.

Liniment is older t men, and used more every year.

A BLOODY BATTLE. 1200 MEN KILLED IN FORTY

Captain James A. Graham, of the Twenty-Seventh of the Bloodiest Charges of the Late War-Incidents of the Charges.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Captain James A. Graham, of the Twentyeventh North Carolina, gives a description of a terrible charge made by his two confederate brigsdes at Bristoe station that was, perhaps, the bloodiest of the war. The confederates had been chasing the federals all day, and were suddenly brought up against a corps of troops that were hidden behind a hill. But we let Captain Graham tell the story:

It was a beautiful October day, but it was destined to be the day when more men were killed and more blood shed in a few minutes than was ever known before, This assertion seems strong, but I venture it, for I have never reads in history of as many as 1,260 men lost on one side, where only two brigades were engaged, in less than forty minutes. The confederates lost that many that day. My own brigade, Cooke's lost just 700 and Kirkland 560 The lattle did not last exceeding forty minute

The Lattle did not last exceeding forty minutes after the first gnn was fired.

ARRIVAL NEAR ERISTOE.

After leaving Greenwich (or Greenage) and pursuing the rapid march, of which I spoke shove, for some hours we reached the vicinity of Bristoe. On the top of the high red hill I noticed the head of our brigade turning to the right into a codar thicket. As I nassed General. neticed the head of our brigade turning to the right into a cedar thicket. As I passed General John R. Cooke I said to him: "Well, general, you are going to give us a rest now." His reply was: "Not yet, Jimmie; there is about a division of yankees over here just beyond the railroad; we'll catch them and then rest." Kirkhand, immediately in our rear, filed to the left and formed line, and his brigade, with ours, composed the line of battle. Little did we think then there was deeth in the not. In a slowt while there was death in the pot. In a short while the command "Forward!" was given and we advanced through the cedar thicket and a dense forest of caks for about 500 or 600 yards, when we came to a beautiful little valley, through which ran a little branch. General A. P. Hill, our corps commander, was almost immediately in our rear; General Harry Heth, our division commander, was a little to our left and rear, so that he could see both brigades and his whole line. Before us, as Hill supposed—and, in fact, all of us, at that time, had tho same idea—was only one division of the federal army. That was the rear guard, which we had been pursuing all day and thought we could easily whip, but we "counted without ourforest of caks for about 500 or 600 yards, when been pursuing all day and thought we could casily whip, but we "counted without our-hest." Warren, with his corps, was then moving up the railroad from Cattell's station, pursued by Early and Ewell, and happened just then to have reached a point immediately in front of us, where the railroad embaukment formed a perfect breastwork. There was a little hill between us and them when we stopped in the little valley so, that we could not see

in the little valley so that we could not see THE BATTLE BEGUN.
But we soon felt them. I was standing near
General Cooke when a courier from General Heth came with the message: "General Cooke, General Heth says General Hill orders you to advance." Almost at the same time a courier came from Colonel E. D. Hall, Forty-sixth North Carolina (our right regiment) and in-formed General Cooke that we were flanked on was sent back with the information that we were flanked on the right. The courier from General Heth was sent back with the information that we were flanked and asked that our right be supported before we were made to advance, and Colonel Hall was ordered to throw out two companies away to his right and feel the enemy. The two couriers came again, almost simultaneously to General came again, almost simultaneously, to General Cooke. The one from General Heth repeated: "General Cooke, General Heth says General Hill says advance." The one from Colonel Hall reported that he (Colonel Hall) had thrown out

the two companies as directed and that they were immediately driven in and that the enemy were in very heavy force on his flank.
About that time Captain or Major Johnson, an engineer on General Lee's staff, came up and an quaineer on General Lee's staff, came up and offered to go to General Hill for Cooke. Directly after he started a courier came direct from Hill to Cooke with the message: "General Cooke General Hill says advance at once." It was standing within fifteen feet of General Cooke and heard all these messages given and received.] Upon this message Cooke, with a peculiar shrug of the shoulders that he had, remarked: "Well, by———, I'll take my men in and if they outflank me I'll face my men about and cut my way out. Forward, men."

ADVENCING UP THE HILL. As we advanced up the little hill a rabbit was scared up and dashed along our front. One of the men called out—a remark which had. of the men called out—a remark which had.

no doubt, been made a thousand times before

"Goit, 'Molly Cotton Tail.' If I had no
more reputation than you I'd run too." Moving up the little hill we came to a skirt of
pines on its top, and as we passed through
them the work of death began. To the left
of Kirkhand, on a high round hill, had been
posted Graham's North Carolina battery and Virginia battery,
of Peague's battalion. As we emerged from
the pines we could see on the opposite side of the pines we could see on the opposite side of the railroad two tents being pitched and a lot of wagons apparently going into park. "Boom" went a cannon from Graham's battery. The shell struck one of the tents, and, as was after-wards reported to us, killed a lieutenant colo-nel and major, who were preparing to rest therein. Immediately all was confusion on that side, and all the forces that we could see,

wagons and all, hurried away.

We had still seen no enemy in our immediate front, but we soon found that they were there and ready for us. We thought we had there and ready for us. We thought we had the "hare now." Just as we passed the skirt of pines fire was opened on us by skirmishers beyond the railroad and from two or three batteries in the woods at the top of the opposite hill. We still saw no enemy behind the railroad, but soon they opened on us; with telling effect. It was a gentle slope from the pines to the railroad, and as the enemy were firing up hill their bullets told well.

FALL OF COME AND CHARE

hill their bullets told well.

FALL OF COOKE AND GILMER.
Before we had gone thirty yards General Cooke and Colonel Gilmer, of the Twenty-seventh North Carolina, were shot down. The command of the brigade then devolved on Colonel E. D. Hall, of the Forty-sixth North Carolina, and Lieutenant Colonel Whitfield took command of our regiment. The Twenty-seventh having been always dvilled in the quick-step was a little in advance, and had halted for the others. As Colonel Hall came up, Colonel Whitfield told him he would loose every man he had if he kept them there, and

haited for the others. As Colonel Hall came up, Colonel Whitfield told him he would loose every man he had if he kept them there, and suggested a charge. Colonel Hall said: "Well, charge?" and down the hill we started.

Where we had halted but for an instant the line was plainly marked by dead and wounded anen. Ten of my own company lay there. The balance of the brigade immediately joined in the charge, as did Kirkland also. By this time the firing was becoming still more deadly. Men were falling at every step. Half way down the hill I was wounded and started back. As I neared the top of the hill, I turned and saw my regiment actually slaughtered by one volley. They had then reached within thirty or forty yards of the railroad. The regiment seemed to me just to melt away at once. Just then I glanced to the left and saw a part of the Eleventh North Carolina dashing over the railroad embankment. The yankees were too strong for them, and they never came back until they were paroled and exchanged.

\*\*DISASTROUS CONSEQUENCES OF THE FIGHT.\*\*

But the fight was disastrous to the confederates. We had to fall back up that fatal hill. The Twenty-seventh had no protection of any kind. The ground was smooth and even and it seemed as if every man must be shot, but we were protected to a great extent by the gallant Fifteenth North Carolina, who, under their able colonel (afterwards brigadier general.) William McRae, fell back by companies, as though on drill, and poured their fire upon the enemy, thus making a part of them, at least, keep their heads and musket barrels below the top of the embankment. The Fifteenth had some protection by unevenness in the ground they passed over, as well as by some trees and

is making a part of them, at least, keep ir heads and musket barrels below the top the embaukment. The Fifteenth had some attection by unevenness in the ground they sed over, as well as by some trees and

lushes along their line. We had none, except

their protecting fine."

Colonel John Esten Cooke siys:

"The fault of fighting two brigades against one whole corps and a division of another was with somebody, but not with Cooke or Kirkland. They only obeyed the orders to advance, and, as I have shown in the case of Cooke, protested against being rushed into the slaughter pen without some support. They, under orders like "The Six Hundred," rushed "right into the iaws of death." "right into the jaws of death."

LEE'S TACHT DISAPPROVALOF THE SLAUGHTER.
Well might General Lee, the noble old Roman, say: "Well, well, general, bury these poor soldiers and let us say no more about it." I have heard it said—and the northern papers have heard it said—and the northern papers so stated a few days after the fight—that the federal loss was only thirty-five. I do not know how this is, whether true or not. But just think of it! A loss of thirty-five on one side agrinst 1,260 on the other; the thirty-five ont of more than a corps and the 1,260 out of two brigades, and all in less than forty minutes. Indeed, we did "maintothe jave of death." If the brigades, and all in less than forty minntes. Indeed, we did "go into the jaws of death." If the 35 be correct, then I lost more out of my own company than the whole of Hancock's and Warren's troops did. I entered the fight with 65 men and officers and lost 48, every officer being wounded. The Twenty-seventh North Carolina regiment had 416 and lost 290. Of 33 officers only 3 escaped unburt.

ALWAYS SOMETHING LUDICROUS.
But, while we might dwell longer on the sad part of this scene, there is always something ludicrous to happen even in such a battle. Just before leaving Gordonsville, Va., on the 8th or 9th of October, new clothes had been issued to our brigade. Our men wore their old clothes on the march to Bristowand had them on at the fight. When we were compelled to retreat up the hill under the deadly the fight. When we were compelled to retreat up the hill under the deadly fire Private J. H. Lathinghouse, of company H, Twenty-seventh North Carolina, finding his knapsack too heavy and fearing he would have to throw it away and lose his new clothes, stopped about half way up the hill, threw off his knapsack, opened it, jerked off his old clothes, donned his new ones and then centinued his trot up the hill. It is the only instance of which I have ever heard of a man changing his clothes under fire; but clothes were very good things to have in our army at that date.\(^{\text{ANOTHER INCIDENT OF THAT FIGHT.}\)

ANOTHER INCIDENT OF THAT FIGHT, Sergeant Fleming, also of company H, was the through the right shoulder and did not know it until next morning, when he com-plained of his gun having kicked terribly and his shoulder being very sore. Major Webb called his attention to a hole in his coat, and en pulling it off he found a bullet hole through his right shoulder. Happily it hit no

GRAHAM, N. C. Where the Silver Dollar is at Par. rom the Albany, Ga., News.

Subscriptions taken at all hours at this office, No red tape here. No aristocratic airs. No patriciau views. No private consultation to find out if your silver money is good. It is taken dollar for dollar. We announce ready

Why suffer a living death from asthma? Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure you quickly. Little Georgey was questioned respecting his big sister's intended. "And how old is hear" "Don't

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.

Is Remarkable as a Flesh Producer. The increase of flesh and strength is perceptible immedately after commencing to use the Emulsion-The Cod Liver Oil emulsified with the Hypophos phites is most remarkable for its healing, strength ening and flesh producing qualities.

An exchange asks, "Why do people have poor eeth" Probably because they can't afford to buy J. L. Estes, Burneyville, Chickasaw Nation

Indian territory, writes: "I have to thank Allcock's Porous Plasters for saving the life of my wife; she was attacked with pneumonia, which commenced with a violent chill, great coughing and high fever. I could not get a doctor, but fortunately had a box of Allcock's Porous Plasters in the house; I placed one brtween her breasts, one on each of her shoulder blade and one on the small of her back. In two hours her cough almost ceased and was very loose; in four hours she broke into a profuse perspiration. The next day, though very weak, she was free from fever, and the third day was quite well. I also cured my child of diphtheretic sore throat, by wrapping the neck in an Allcock's Porous Plaster."

Panker: Now there's that Snuffen—he's a prom-sing young man. Tailor: Yes, I've always found him that.

A Reliable Article.

For enterprise, push and a desire to get such goods as will give the trade satisfaction. Sold by Sharp Bros., C. O. Tyner and Stillman & Co. The druggist leads all competition. They sell Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup because its the best medicine on the market for coughs, colds, croup and primary consumption. Price, 50 cents and \$1.00. Samples free. Sharp Bros. C. O. Tyner and Goldsmith & Co.

The governor of Tennessee has padrdone william Spence, convicted of murder. Mr. Spence s 71 years old.

Cure for Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighborhas some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times symptoms of indigestion
are present, flatulency, theasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a common attendant. Blind,
bleeding and itching piles yield at once to the
application of Dr. Bosanko's pile remedy, which
acts directly upon the parts effected, absorbing
the tumors, allaying the intense itching and
effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address the Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piu O. Sold by Sharp Bros., C. O. Tyner andGoldsmith & Co.

The cold wave killed the cabbage crop on be sea islands of the South Carolina coast.

BILIOUS AFFECTION, LIVER COMPLAINTS, Costiveness, etc., are speedily removed by Dr. Jayne's Sanative Pills. They will be found mild and certain in their action, and may be taken at any time without risk from expos-

Millions of tons of ice are floating on the Mississippi to the gulf.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS are indorsed by all the leading physicians and chemists, for their purity and wholesomeness. Beware of coun-terfeits and ask your grocer and druggist for the genuuine article, prepared by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

The mayor of Montgomery has issued a proclamation calling on the people to report at once all cases needing relief.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are excell at for the relief of Hoarseness or Sore Throat. They are exceedingly effective."—Christian World, Lon-James Ennis, an ex-sergeant of the British

army, has been sent to the chain gang in Rich-mond for vagrancy. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays all pain and cures wind colic. 25 cents

It is believed that Sherman will be selected as the place for holding the federal courts for the northern district of Texas.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE In Impaired Nerve Function.



Purest and strongest Natural Fruit Flavora Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Rose, etc Sayor as delicately and naturally as the fruit.

Sale of Thoroughbred Stock.

ROM THIS DATE WE OFFER AT PRIVATE sale at Spartanburg, the following thoroughbred stock: The entire herd of choice Jersey cattle belonging to the estate of the late Sadson A. Mills, of Spartanburg, S. C., consisting of St. Bernard (989), an inbred signal bull, eight choice young milk cows, several fine young bulls (solid color) and four or five handsomely marked heffer calves, "sired by St. Bernard" who contains fifty per cent of Signal blood, is five years old, very large and a grand speedmen of his race. The cows are in calf to St. Bernard, and were carefully selected from different Jersey families, atming to get large growthy animals full of good points. All the above are registered or eligible to be in the Herd Books of the American Jersey cattle club. Also two "Blooded Stallions, Chancellor Hambletonian Stallion, Pedigreed. Is five years old, a rich Mahogany Bay 164 hands high, denotes great power and worderful trotting action and is finished smooth and elegant in all respects. Bred by Fitch & Jewett, breeders of Hambletonian horses, west Farmington, N. Y.

CAMERIA—REDBAY STALLION—PEDIGEREED,

CAMERIA—RED BAY STALLION—PEDIGREED,
Is four years old, rich in the celebrated Membrino and other noted blood, large, compactly
built and good styled, strictly a "combination
horse," performs elegantly. "single, double" and
under the saddle. Cambria is a model specimen
and well adapted to this section. Parties desiring
information will address Mrs. E. E. Mills, Spartanburg, S. C., or O. P. Mills, Greenville, S. C., when
circular of stock-giving pedigree and description
will be forwarded with other desired information.
O. P. Mills, will visit Spartanburg every Saturday
for the purpose of meeting parties who would like to
purchase stock and to settle atherbusiness connected with the estate.
E. E. MILLS, Administratrix. CAMERIA-RED BAY STALLION-PEDIGREED

TO WEAK MEN fects of youthful er-rors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed containing full particulars for home cure, free or charge. Address Prof. F. O. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn

FINE OPPORTUNITY

For Investment in a First Class DRUG BUSINESS.

RECENT CHANGES MAKE IT DESIRABLE TO sell the business of W. D. Hoyt & Co., Rome, Ga., and persons desiring to invest in a safe and paying business will do well to consider the matter. The business is old and well established, and enjoys the confidence of the public. The business stand has been known as a drug house for perhaps thirty years and naturally attracts custom. Any one desiring to engage in the business in this thriviagilitie of the Middle of the Midd

Cure Guaranteed

Reward paid if every Beit we sell does not generate a genuine Electric current. Price reduced to 85. With each Beit we send a written guarantee to return the full amount paid if it does not make a considerate cure Sealed particulars sent free. ELECTRIC BELT AGENCY, Cor. Flatoust Av. & State 8t. Lrooslyng, X.

Notice to Contractors.

Bids will be received at

THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE

Fire-Proof Shutters,

To be hung to

Windows in rear of Constitution Building.

E. P. HOWELL, President. NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.



CUBEBS and COPAIBA
Is an old, tried remedy for gonorrhoea, gleet and all diseases of the urinary organs. Its neat, portable form, free dom from taste and speedy action (it frequently cure in three or four days and always in less time than any other preparation) make "Farrant's Extract" the most desirable remedy ever manufactured.

To prevent frand see that each package has a red TARRANT'S EXTRACT

To prevent frand see that each package has a red drip across the face of label, with the signature of TARRANT & CO., N. Y., upon it.

PRICE \$1.00.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE COLLEGE OF MUSIC.

Will Reopen Wednesday, September 2, 1885.

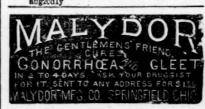
THE MUSIC AND ART DEPARTMENT ARE REspectively under the care of Mr. Airedo Barill and Mr. William Lycett. For circulars, spplyto Mrs. J. W. BALLARD, Principal.

Bee Line to New York and Boston.

THIS IS THE ONLY LINE RUNNING SLEEPING cars from Cincinnati to Boston, and the only line running through cars into the city of New York without any transfer whatever, avoiding the disagreeable winter ferriage of the Hudson river. No extra charge on the limited express, four fast express trains a day to Cleveland, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany and all points in New York, New England and Canada; ask your ticket agent for map and folder, or address

J. E. REEVES.

General Southern agent, Cincinnati, O. aug20dly



HAGAN'S

Magnolia Balm

Is a secret aid to beauty. Many a lady owes her freshness to it, who would rather not tell, and you cant' tell.

WE KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A COM-ARTISTS' MATERIALS. Oil and Water Colors, Brushes, Novelties for Deco-

STRETCHERS MADE TO OBDER. PICTURE FRAMES A SPECIALTY. E. A. HORNE & CO.

FREE PRESCRIPTIONS are to be "SCIENCE of HEALTH" for the speady cure of Nervous Peblity, Lost Man-laood, Despondency, etc. A copy of this book will be sent free, sealed. Address SCIENCE of His ALTH, 130 W. Sixth St., Cincinnati, O. apr2-dawkyly thu sat tue

The Stone Mountain Granite and Railway

The Stone Mountain Granite and Rallway Company
Have recently added all of the necessary machinery, and are now making a specialty of mausolenms, monuments, tombs, coping and all descriptions of eemetery work. Work guaranteed, equal to any procured elsewhere, and at prices which will prove satisfactory to punchasers. Parties contemplating erecting monuments are requested to confer with us and we will submit designs from whica they can select one approximating in cost the smount they wish to expend. We confidently refer to the kimball House Co., Constitution Publishing Co., O. E. Fuller, H. G., Huhrt, or to other contracts executed by us as an evidence of the skill of our workmen.

BUILDING AND BRIDGE STONES MAUSOLEUMS, MONUMENTS, TOMBS, ETC., PAVING AND CURBING STONES.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR LARGE CONTRACTS. Estimates promptly made from plans and specifi-citions. Address

J. A. ALEXANDER PRESIDENT. ATLANTA, GA.



Catalogues and Frankhilders and Post Carriags Nutiders and Post Carriags Nutiders and Post Catalogues (Coo-Cin. Catalogues Address, Coo-Cin. dec22-dly tues thur sat

### Established in 1857. PETER LYNCH, GROCER.

WINE AND LIQUOR DEALER, BOOTS, SHOES, AND LEATHER,

FIELD-AND GARDEN SEED. A Perfect Variety Store. Just received FIFTY BUSHELS SEED RYE. Orders from city or country promptly filled at lowest rates. Terms cash.

PETER LYNCH, 95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell streets, Atlanta, Gs

HOLMES' SURE CURE

MOUTH WASH AND DENTIFRICE.

# r the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr.

Haines' Golden Specific.
It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker of an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thou and of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never falls. The system one impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist.

TOR SALE BY MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER, DAY Cor. Pryor and Decatur Ste., Atlanta, Ga. Call or write for pamphlet containing hundreds of testimonials from the best women and man from all parts of the country.

### ATLANTA BRIDGE WORKS

GRANT WILKINS,

Civil Engineer and Contracting Agent.

Bridges. Roofs and Turn Tables,

ron Work for Buildings, Jaits, Etc. Substructures and Foundations a Specialty. Specifications, Plans and Estimates Furnished on

jan I5 d&wky tf NOTICE.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON MONDAY.

8th. February. 1886, at 11 o'clock a. m., I will sell for each to the highest bidder before the court-house-door in Fulton county, three bonds, Nos. 33, 4, and 23, or as many of them as may be necessary, of the issue of James P. Harrison & Co., secured by mer age deed to Campbell Wallace and Julius L. Brown, trustees. Said bonds have been pledged to mer. James P. Harrison to secure a note made by him to me, for \$2,500 principal, which fell due 21st Domber, 1883, and still remains due and unpaid. Said sale will be made under section 2140 of the code of Georgia, in order to realize on said pledge and pay said debt. The notice required by said section has been given to said pledger. This 11th January, 1886.

4 mo j 10



### Rooms and Offices to Rent

Mertion this paper.

Druggist, Atlanta, Ga.

In the new Constitution building. Steam and Electric Light furnished. Apply to W. A. Hemphill, Business Manager.

# RHEUMATIC CURE.

J.M. HUNNICUTT & CO., Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga.

### THEEFFECTEIGHTFOLD

1st-It allays pain by removing the cause of irri-

isi—it aliays pain by removing the cause of irritation and inflammation.

2d.—A great blood purifier.

3d.—It is a great vegetable tonic.

4th.—A superb alterative.

5th.—An incomparable diuretic,

6th.—A gentle but effectual laxative.

7th.—It possesses every requirement for the radical cure of the disease.

8th.—It is harmless in every respect, regardless of weather.

One to those battless. One to three bottles generally cures the most stubborn cases.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS. Retail price \$1.50 a bottle.
ATLANTA, Ga., October 19, 1885.

Messrs. J. M. Hunnieutt & Co.:

Dear Sirs.—I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism, and on one occasion used your Rheumatic cure with great benefit, giving relief after the usual remedies had failed. I do not hesitate to recommend "Hunnicutt's Rheumatic Cure" to all afflicted with Rheumatism as being a safe and reliable remedy.

Yours truly,

J. S. PEMBERTON.

### O. A. SMITH

Sulphuric Acid

MANUFACTURER OF

66 Deg. Oil Vitrol, AND OTHER CHEMICALS.

Office 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga

### DISTILLER OF COAL TAR,

Manufacutrer of Roofing and Paving Materials,

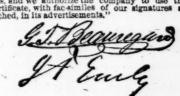
Tarred Roofling and Sheathing Felts. PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING. Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing, ROOF COATINGS, VARNISHES, ETC. No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.



CAPITAL PRIZE, 875,000.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY CO "We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the monthly and quarterly drawings of the Louisians State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with fac similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."



We the undersigned banks and bankers will pay all prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters. J. H. OGLESBY, Pres't Louisiana Nat'l Bank. S. H. KENNEDY, Pres't State National Bank. A. Balldwin, Pres't New Orleans Nat'l Bk.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the legislature for educational and charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

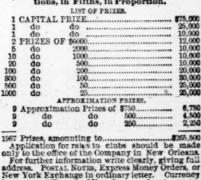
The only Lottery ever voted on and indorsed by the people of any state.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings Take place monthly, and the Extraordinary Drawings regularly every three months instead of Semi-Annually as heretofore, beginning March, 1886.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE SECOND GRAND DRAWING, CLASS B, IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC NEW ORLEANS, February 9, 1886.—189th Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the legisla-

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. 100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each, Frac-tions, in Fifths, in Proportion.



Or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and ad-



EAFNESS by one whol was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most of the cured himself in three mouths, and since then hundreds of others by same process. A plain, simple and successful home treatment. Address T. S. PAGE, 128 East Such street, York City, nov 14—d12w sat mon wed

### Belp Wanted --- Male.

WANTED-A MAN TO RUN A PLANING MILL one who can handle all machinery about a mill, including artistic turning. Address, with reference, postoffice box 44. Thomasyille, Ga. 21 WANTED-DRUG CLERK, NO. 212 MARIETTA street. Apply in person or by mail. WANTED-INSTALMENT BOOK CANVASSERS
good salary or commission. Apply, 17 North

### Belp Wanted --- Female.

W ANTED-THREE YOUNG LADIES WHO ARE willing to work at a first class business, centrally located. To suitable persons steady employment and good wages. First class references required. All applications must be in own handwriting. Address B. P. Myers, city. 22. WANTED-LADIES OR YOUNG MEN; SOME-thing entirely new; one photo painting); \$1 to \$5 a day can be quietly made at your own houses; no canvassing; full particulars free; please address at once; Crescent Art Co., 19 Central street, (Boston, Mass., Box 5170.

### Bitnations Wanted -- Alale.

YOUNG MARRIED MAN, WELL EXPER-ienced in groceries, wishes a position. Can er to well known firms of this city. Address W. Constitution.

### Wanted -- Miscellaneons.

WANTED-TO BUY A SECOND HAND FIRE proof safe, 18x24 inside, for \$75 cash. tapply

WANTED-100 FAMILIES TO CALL FOR trial packages Bacot's Best Liver pills, at drug store of Bradfield & Ware, or Magnus & Hig-

## WANTED-BUSINESS MEN TO SEND SIXTY cents to The Constitution for a book of 100 ironclad mortgage notes, waiving homestead and the garnishment of wages.

Wanted -- Rooms and Couses. WANTED-A COTTAGE WITH 4 OR 5 ROOMS within ten minutes walk of courthouse. Address C. P. D., Constitution office. Agents Wanted.

WANTED-MEN OF ABILITY WITH \$50 TO \$100 capital as agents in good towns, to sell the Celebrated superfor Clothes Wringer on the Installment Plan. First-class paying business. Particular free. Bailey Wringer Co., St. Louis, Mo. WANTED AGENTS — ADDRESS ELECTRIC Lamp & Stove Co., St. Louis, Mo., for circulars, cuts and terms of 56 candle power Marsh Electric Lamp.

Boarders Wanted. GOOD BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED, pleasant rooms at reasonable rates, 100 Walton

SEVERAL GENTLEMEN AND LADIES CAN GET real nice front rooms at the Ewelt house, with good hoard, and every comfort and convenience. R RENT-MY EIGHT ROOM COTTAGE, NO 7 Jackson street, northeast corner of Highland ue. F. M. Scott, 14 W. Alabams street. dtf

### Business Chances.

OR SALE-A WELL ESTABLISHED BROOM manufactory, well established trader a rare chance; satisfactory reasons for selling. Apply at 60 became street city. FOR SALE-THE RIGHTS, PRIVILEGE, STOCK and apparatus of the celebrated Carolina Tolu Tonic, the best remedy for colds, coughs and all pulmonary diseases. It has the recommendation of prominent physicians and numerous great men, among them the late Alex. H. Stephens. Forterms, etc., apply 40 Henry Bischoff & Co., Charleston, 8.

#### Money to Loan. MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY OR FARM property at reasonable rates; no unnecessary elays; Alfred Gregory & Co.. 241/4 Peachtree st. tf

A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS WILL BE loaned on good security. Address with particulars, postoffice box 437, Atlanta, Ga. \$30.000 TO LOAN ON CHOICE CITY Apply at the office of Patrick Calhoun, Gate City bank building. Money Wanted.

### \$1000 (LOAN OF) FOR ONE OR THREE dress B. A., Constitution office, Atlanta, Ga. No. for Sale--Books, Stationern, etc

A BOOK OF 100 IRONCLAD WAIVER NOTES with mortgage clause; costs sixty dents, and is a good investment for the business man. We will send the book, post paid, upon receipt of sixty cents. Address The Constitution. cents. Address The Constitution.

A VALUABLE POSSESSION FOR EVERY MAN engaged in business is one of The Constitution's ironclad note books. The notes waive all homestead rights and exemptions and the garnishment of wages. We send a book of 100 notes upon recivity of following to Scients. Address: receipt of 60 cents, or 50 notes for 35 cents. Address Do You WANT A NICE RECEIPT OR DEATH book? We send a book containing one handred receipts or drafts, post paid, upon receipt of thirty-five cents. Address The Constitution.

for fire. TO HIRE-TWO DOUBLE DRAYS; VERY cheap. John S. Broomhead, 61% Broad street.

for Sale-- Real Estate.

FOR DISTRIBUTION AMONG THE HEIRS AT law. I now offer for sale, for ten days only, that elegant brick dwelling, with slate roof, containing on upper floor, parlor, dining room, three nice bed rooms, bath room, two pantrys, two elling closets, two china closets, clothes closets, gas and water throughout the house, good well on back porch, servants' room, kitchen, wood and coal house on lower floor; good stable and carriage house, with alley in the rear. Situated at 35 Wheat street, corner by, the most central and convenient locality to business, to be found in Atlanta. Lot 50x100 feet. Titles perfect. For price and terms of sale apply to Louis L. Cohen, for heirs at law, 13 East Hunter street. Personal.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC-THE FOLLOWING

# NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC—THE FOLLOWING described notes have been stolen in the safe robbery at L. Cohen & Co., notes dated Mount Airy, Ga., May, 1885, due June 15th, 188, for 60: note, amount \$50, due June 15th, 188, for 60: note, amount \$50, due June 15th, 186; note, amount \$50, 50, \$40, due June 15th, 18th, and August 15th, 1887, all bearing interest with 8 per cent from date, same made payable to E. Steinheimer and signed by Annie E. Rawson. The public is hereby cautioned not to trade or barter for above described notes. E. Steinheimer, 50 Alabama street; Atlanta, Ga.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS. OFFICE OF Fulton County Commissioners of Roads and Revenues, January 8, 1886 ALLED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED UNTIL 10 O'clock a.m., Wednesday, February 3, 1886, for building a bridge over Nancy's creek, on the old Pace's Ferry road.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office.
The county reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

GEORGIA. MORGAN COUNTY—COURT OF OR TONARY OF SAID COUNTY—Upon reading and considering the foregoing petition, it is ordered that Wailer Ainsile. Elizabeth Monroe William Afhelie and Jesse Hough appear before the Court of Ordinary to be held for said county on the first Monday in February next, then and there to show cause, if any exists, why the paper offered for probete by the petitioner, James II, Ainsile, as the list will and testament of Andrew Ainsile, late of said county, deceased, should not be proven in solemn form and admitted to record as the last will and testament of said deceased, and it is further ordered that the said Waiter Ainsile and Elizabeth Monroe be each served personally with a copy of the within petition and this order at least ten days before said February term of this Court; and that as William Ainsile and Jessel Hongh reside out of the State of Georgia, and can be served only by publication, they be cited and made parties of publication of this order once a week for four weeks in the Atlanta Constitution a newspacer published in the city of Atlanta, State of Georgia, before the February term, 1986, of said Court of Ordinary.

This 50th day of December, 1985.

This 30th day of December, 1985.
THOMAS B. BALDWIN,
Ordinary Morgan County, Georgia
jan1-dffri

dress Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

### THE CONSTITUTION. PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAT IN THE WEEK, AND IS DELIVERED BY CARRIER MONTH, \$2.50 FOR THREE MONTHS, OR \$10 A YEAR.

THE CONSTITUTION IS FOR SALE ON ALL TRAINS LEADING OUT OF ATLANTA, AND AT NEWS STANDS IN

ADVERTISING BATES DEPEND ON LOCATION IN THE PAPER, AND WILL BE FUENISHED ON APPLICATION. CORRESPONDENCE CONTAINING IMPORTANT NEWS

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS, AND MAKE ALL DRAFTS OR CHECKS PAYABLE TO

THE CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GA., JANUARY 16, 1886.

Indications for the South Atlantic States. taken at 1 o'clock, a, m .: Local rains; wind shifting to southerly and becoming variable slight rise, followed by stationary temperature higher barometer. East Gulf States: Local rains, followed by clearing weather, stationary followed by lower temperature, higher barometer variable winds, shifting to northwesterly.

THAT was a horrible scene enacted in St. Louis yesterday at the execution of a murderer. Officers of the law should take every precaution against such bungling affairs.

MR. HORACE WHITE, of the New York Evening Post, writes a long communication to his own paper reviewing the recent silver speech of Senator Beck. The point of the whole affair is this: That no president and no secretary of the treasury will dare to obey the law until congress compels them. Perhaps when Mr. White writes again he will tell us something new.

THE population of Texas is so constituted that the governor's message is printed in four languages, in about this ratio: 30,000 copies in English; 10,000 copies in German; 5,000 each in Spanish and Bohemian. All four tongues are thus officially recognized; but why the state should inflict so many copies of a formal state paper upon the hapless foreigners within its borders, does not appear.

THE refusal of Governor Curtin to serve as chairman of the house committee on banking and currency, brings Mr. Miller, of Texas, into prominence. He is a lawyer and banker and stockman at Gonzales, in southwestern Texas. He is said to be a good speaker, and a sound business man. The committee may, under one of the new rules, select any one of its own number to act as chairman, but the chances are that Mr. Miller, who is second on the committee, will re tain the chairmanship.

By the succession bill as passed yesterday by the house of representatives as it came from the senate the secretary of state is made next to the vice-president in the order of presidential succession. After the secretary of state, the succession devolves upon the other members of the cabinet according to their rank. Thus in case of the death of both the president and vice-president, there is scarcely a possibility of an interregnum in the office of chief magistrate, for want of a legal successor.

NEARLY four thousand private bills have been introduced in congress, and about as many more will be presented during the session. The document room will be robbed of all private bills left over in the previous congress. This is a cheap way of gaining reputation at home. It consumes the time of the house, however, and the really strong men in congress should take steps to reform the practice, at least to the extent of requiring all private bills to pass through the petition box. This would save one day in the week, which could be devoted to public

A Cranky Programme. No southern democrat who reads the newspapers can have any doubt that congress is organized in the interest of a few persons instead of in the interest of the people. The rules were changed in the interest of jobbery, and the appropriation bills are to be scattered around among various committees in order to satisfy the demands of such organized plunderers as those who

manage the interests of the whisky ring.

Mr. Carlisle is a very good man, but it is well known in Washington, according to all accounts, that he has allowed Morrison, of Illinois, and Willis, of Kentucky, to make up his committees for him. The coinage committee, for instance, is packed in the in terest of the gold-bugs and Wall street wreckers, and it has been packed in the face of the fact that a large majority of the democrats of the house are opposed to the demonetization of silver. The great trouble is that some of the western congressmen who have been pushed into adventitious promi nence, are suffering from a virulent attack of the presidential disease. This fact is sufficient to account for the curious capers

cut by both Carlisle and Morrison. And yet the capers of these would-be bosses of the democratic party are not without method. According to a correspondent of the New York Sun, it is the intention of these distinguished men to establish the "democracy of the Mississippi valley" in control of the party organization, and "to transfer the fulcrum of political action from the state of New York to either the state of Illinois or the state of Kentucky." Under this programme, the chief manager of the party is to be Mr. Morrison and its candidate for president in 1888 is to be Mr. Carlisle, and free trade is to be conspicuous

in its platform. All this is very funny and very foolishthough we do not intend by this characterization to discredit the Sun's correspondent. We have no doubt that he has correctly outlined the Morrison-Carlisle programme, which has already been set forth by Henry Watterson, who is the editor-in-chief of the new movement. The programme is a very brilliant one indeed, but there is about as much probability that it will be carried ont as that the gold-bugs and Wall street wreckers will succeed in demonetizing silver.

The solid south will have something to say in a matter of this kind; for the solid south cannot afford to take any chances in politics. With New York, New Jersey and Connecticut democratic, there is no doubt in regard to securing a democratic administration, but with these states driven into the republican party by the free trade foolishnses of the western cranks, the probability is that the whole country would be repub-

lican. The solid south cannot afford to make any experiments, and therefore the pranks of the western free traders have no interest for our people.

If there is one thing that is of vital necessity to the interests of the south it is a democratic administration. This being the case, there can be no doubt that the demo cratic party of the south will, when the proper time comes, assert its power and place the western cranks where they belong -in the rear of the procession.

Concerning Earthquakes. It is possible that this great globe of ours is about to pass through another earthquake period. So little is known of the laws governing such disturbances that predictions are out of the question.

Within the past few days earthquakes have occurred in various parts of Mexico and Central America. The shocks were severe enough to demolish adobe houses, and to throw people to the ground. This may be the end of it, but no man can tell. The region visited has frequently suffered in the same way. In the West Indies, in 1692, the capital city of Jamaica, Port Royal, disappeared under the water in three minutes. In 1873 San Salvador was utterly destroyed South America has been torn up many times

Some timid reader may be inclined to speculate upon the probability of one of these disastrous visitations in this country In the past we have been, by no means, ex empt. The great earthquake of 1811 in the Mississippi Valley was calamitous. For several months the ground incessantly quaked over an area of many hundred miles. Lake were formed and drained, and the ground rose and sank like the waves of the ocean. Long before this disturbance one occurred in New England and the middle states. This was in 1755. It was accompanied with a noise like that of thunder. The first shock threw people down. In Boston houses were thrown down or dislocated. In the rural districts the fences roamed all over the face of the country changing the boundary lines of farms. The California earthquakes have been too numerous to mention in detail. The southern states, with the exception of a few gentle shocks, have never received much of a shaking up, that is, since they were settled by the whites. Centuries ago they no doubt had their share.

One thing is very evident. Our baildings are not calculated to stand even a moderate earthquake. If we ever have a touch of the genuine Central American article our cities and towns will tumble into heaps of rubbish. But it is to be hoped that no such affliction will ever visit us.

The Great Chess Match.

The Steintiz-Zukertort match is attract ing a good deal of attention, and may result in a popular revival of the game of chess. The men are closely matched. Both have beaten the third best player in the world. Both are small in stature, being not over five feet in height. Both are blondes. But Zukertort is wiry and restless, while his opponent is thickset and impassive. Mr. Steintiz is domiciled here, and edits the International Chess Magazine. Mr. Zukertort lives in England, but is not an Englishman. They play on a board that Morphy had used, and the arrangements of the Manhattan Chess club are all that can be desired. It is beyond all question the most import ant match that the country has known since the days of the victorious Morphy. The very closeness of the contest -each at this writing having now a game-serves to make the result more interesting, even to those who are not masters of the game.

The present match will be watched by thousands upon thousands of chess players in this country, who will repeat the games, and dissect them as they proceed. There are probably a million people in this country alone who can intelligently take in the games of the two little men in Cartier' And all over the world people will watch the games; for chess is more nearly universal than any other amusement. Boat-racing and horse races and billiards and all othe games and sports, except chess, are each confined to a few countries; while the royal game is as well known in Japan as in the United States, in France and Australia, in Spain and Siberia, in Peru and Germany, in Brazil, Turkey, Algeria and India-in every civilized country, and in nearly all the semicivilized lands and islands of the sea. Its universality is also matched by its antiquity and historic interest. It is the game of

games. America has furnished its share of great players. While Morphy remained in the field, he stood above all players. No one could cope with him; and besides him we have had such masters as Mackenzie, Mason, Martinez, Fuller, Sellman and Judd. It is known that there are many players in this country to whom no living player can

scarcely afford to give pawn and move. The Samoan Occupation.

Germany desires to become a colonia power, and in her anxiety to possess colonies of the English sort she is sending her ships all over the world to seize whatever they can. Her rapacity is only equalled by England's. The French colonial policy has broken down, and Russia only seizes contiguous territory. And when England, fresh from the seizure of Burmah, objects to the rapacity of Germany, the rest of the

world smiles. There are eight islands in the Samoar group. They are all small, and they lie far out in the Pacific ocean. About thirtyfive thousand people occupy them, and their products are coffee, cocoanuts and a limited amount of cotton. They export annually about 30,000 tons of the dried meat of the ripe cocoanut; but if they did not lie in the direct route to Australia, no country would take much interest in these specks of land. They are good coaling stations and half-way havens. The native people are Christians. In 1875 President Grant, through Colonel Steinberger, endeavored to extend a sort of American protectorate over the islands, but the effort was afterwards abandoned, and King Malutoa has since ruled the islands, undisturbed by any one except occasionally by the consuls located

in Apia, a port town. So far as Germany is concerned she seems to have made another mistake—a mistake not unlike the one she made in the seizure of the Caroline islands. She was umpired out of the latter, and she is evidently preparing to disown the acts of Admiral Knorr, so far as the seizure and occupation of the islands are concerned. She now claims that she has a Samoan grievance, and that when her merchauts are satisfied she will retire

from the islands. What she would do if England and the United States were not ready to protest in a very vigorous manner, is not difficut to conjecture. As things stand she will undoubtedly drop the Samoan islands as she did the Carolines, but this will not prevent her from seizing more is lands when she finds some that can be safely gathered in.

A Simple Lesson.

There is a lesson so simple that it seems all business men should learn it-and vet few of them do. The lesson is: "Don't keep money in your safes at night."

Every job by a cracksman in this city yields rich booty. A safe in a store is blown open and a thousand or so dollars is found there, like a nest egg. This habit of keeping money in safes over night, tempts bur glars to seek our city and to do desperate work when they get here.

We have a number of good banks-with burglar-proof safes—and special watchmen. Every merchant should keep his money there. It costs him nothing. It is perfectly safe, and it removes temptation from his store. No merchant can be sure that some one does not know what money he has in his safe. It may be an idler looking in his win dow, as he puts the money away. It may be his porter or his messenger. There is always danger when there is money in the safe at night. The bank vaults are the places for surplus cash.

IT appears that nobody wants to be assistan treasurer at New York city. An office that one of the Goosemelts wouldn't trke must be a sickly affair indeed

In Connecticut the prohibitionists use a pep permint toddy. This is a very good showing Peppermint is a non-colicky, non-alcoholic stim

THE absorbing question in New Orleans is who was Minos? When this matter is settled a timely query will be, who is Serulator?

THE ingenious compositor has arrayed him elf against us in a very important matter. The New York Evening Post accused THE CONSTI TUTION of using the term "Festiva Lente, whereas, the remark was printed in these col umns as "Festiva Leute;" in other words as if it were pronounced "Festiva Loot." The ingenious compositor is warned that we intend to pursue this matter until the Post is set

ONE day Henry Bergh introduced himself to Henry B. Claffin and asked him to aid his Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals." He heard nothing more from Mr. Claffin until a short time after the latter's death, when he received a check for \$25,000. The millionaire while dying had requested his son to send that amount to Mr. Bergh.

THE January number of "Dixie," out today will be con sidered by many an improvement upon all previous issues. The table of contents contains: "Phosphate Industry of South Carolina," first paper by Cecil Loyal; "The Gem Stones of North Carolina," by C. D. Smith "Diamonds in Dixie," by William Waring Habersham; "Glimpses of Our South ern Scenery," by Clement Mason; "Negroes of the Confederate Army," second paper, by Private John Smith: "Value of Southern Woodiands," by Arthur P. Ford; "A Summer in North Georgia," by Miss Mat Crim; "Ashes of Roses," by Mrs. F.'G. DeFontaine; "In the Carolina Mountains," by Charles. Edgar Jarvis "Some Odd Southernisms," by S. Voder "Our Railway Rulers, C. P. Hunting-Pinckney H. editorials, current notes, etc, etc. The illustrations are good, and the magazine certainly presents a handsome appearance. It will be seen that while much space is dovoted to industrial matters light literature has by no means been neglected. "Dixie" is bringing to the front some of our brightest young writers, as well as many old favorites. Some of its features have proved so popular that the northern magazines are picking them up.

JOHN LOGAN says that Dormas B. Eaton is not a republican. Well, he certainly isn't a

THE doctors literally turn a man inside out these days and set him up again. The other day a man named Carlsen, in New York, had a big slice of his liver removed. He is now doing well. He may have liver complaint again, but naturally he cannot have as much of it as he had before.

WHEN a southern congressman fires off a little genuine eloquence the northern papers never fail to pick him up. They are on the watch for a good thing. The Buffalo Express says: Benton McMillin, of Tennessee, is evidently tr

ing hard for a place in the paragraphers' lists. Be-sides getting married the other day, he is the author of some of the choicest oratory delivered from the point of view of a member of the house ways and of some of the choicest oratory delivered from the point of view of a member of the house ways and means committee engaged in wrestling with the tariff that ever ornamented the crowded columns of the Congressional Record. "Eighteen hundred years have rolled by," says Mr. McMillin. "Rome has gone down to rise no more. The ampitheater is deserted, and the cross is worshiped where the smoke of the sacrifice rose; but the greed for gain and selfshness of man remain. They existed before the cities were founded, and bid fair to outlast the empires. We have now, as they had then, those who call loudly for no change. What is their plea now? They come as in the days of Demetrius, under a false plea." And again: "It was heard in Ephesus, while Rome was yet mistress of the world, before John was exflect to Patmos, or the myriad-minded, lion-hearted Paul made his masterly defense before Agrippa." Throughout Representative McMillin's tariff speeches there are tributes to Rome surprisingly landatory and admiring when it is considered that their author comes from Rome's ancient rival, Carthage.

EDITOR A. K. McClure still remembers hi military education, and he is utilizing it by calling "halt" to a caucus.

THE murders committed by the Bender fam ily in Kansas have not been forgotten. The nefarious occupation of the Benders was not discovered until Dr. York disappeared in 1873. In the course of the search for the missing man it came out that he had stopped with these fiends and had been robbed and killed. For twelve years it has been believed that the murderers made their escape and set tled in some remote part of the west. An old Kansan now comes to the front with the story that a mob of strange men lynched all of the Benders and buried them in the dry bed of a creek. Heavy rains soon filled the creek, and all traces of the graves were washed away Lynch law is a bad thing, but it is to be hoped

hat it was resorted to in this instance. WHEN sleet takes possession of the streets, there is but one slip between the sidewalk and the rheumatic hip.

THE biggest issue in Maryland just at present, is the fight over the price of marriage licenses. At the last session of the legislature a bill, reducing the price to one dollar was lost by democratic votes. The comptroller favors the one dollar figure, and a new bill has been introduced, making the fee fifty cents. The licenses at present cost \$4.50. The Baltimore American thinks this altogether too high, as it is the policy of the state to encourage marriages. It is wrong to tax poor people too beavily for a step which tends to the building up of homes, and the encouragement of mor

PERSONS AND THINGS. THE census of 1880 places the number of

COUNT LAUBESPIN has made a donation 0,000 francs to M. Pasteur.

THE Countess Mirafiore, the morganatic

wife of the late king of Italy, is dead. THE Buffalo Express is inclined to look upon

he late blizzard as Dakota's ultimatum. THE princess of Wales started a new craze ust before her illness-that of Arab furniture. THERE are four pronounced aspirants in the field for the seat of Senator Maxey, of Texas.

DURING the year just closed there were wenty-two murders and eighteen suicides in Louis D. A. CLARK, of Montana, went to the range

n 1864 with about 25 cents, and he now has an in-come of \$2,000 a day.

An Indian scholar at the Carlisle, Pa., school wrote home: "There should be no Indians within the United States wrapped in blankets when other

THE steady shrinkage of glaciers in the swiss Alps has caused severe losses to many of the peasantry by the drying up of pastures formerly noistened by glacial rills.

A WATERBURY paper mentions a citizen who removed his daughter from a great female college in consequence of the "prevalence there of the caneful and disgusting habit of chewing gum. THE Boston Herald calls J. Montgomery ears the Astor, and Nathaniel Thayer the Vande

bilt, of that city. Mr. Sears's wealth is put at from \$12,000,000 to \$13,000,000, and Mr. Shayer's some-IT is asserted in the Independence Belgethat tame larks which have been blinded by red ho needles in order to improve their note are kept in cages concealed among the laurel thickets in the

THE wicked book agent has been at it again One of the fraternity induced a citizen of Cadilac Michigan, to buy a book for a Christmas present to his wife, and then sold a copy of the same book to s wife, and then sold a copy of the same be e wife for a present for her husbund. It is so to say that there is grief in that househo

IT seems incredible that Harvard, with all its boasted service and its long array of alumni, really furnishes but one senator. Yale does some better, having three senators to represent her, while Princeton and Hamilton have two each, and Bow-doin and Williams conceach. Princeton and Hamilton have two each, and bow toin and Williams one each.

SHERMAN's election was the fifth for him

The first was in '61, second '66, third 72; then in Hayes's cabinet from March, '77, re-elected to sen-ate in '80 and '86. Anthony had entered on his ifth term when he died. Benton served six terms, and was defeated for seventh. THIS is the plumber's harvest season, and is

the present cold weather holds much longer our jewelers will have to bring a couple of bushels of diamonds to town. When a man has more money than he knows what to do with, a handful of big diamonds is the thing he wants.

THE London Lancet says that children who are allowed to go barefooted enjoy almost perfect immunity from the danger of "cold" by accidental chilling of the feet, and they are altogether health-ier and happier than those who, in obedience to the usages of social life, wear shoes and stockings. SENATOR CULLEN, of the New York legisla-

search Celles, of the New York legisla-une, draws his salary daily. Last winter on one occasion he did not receive the amount asked for it the specified time, and now, to get even with he disbursing officer and insure himself against inancial embarrassment, he insists that his salary of fifteen dellars be paid at the end of every day. The new German ironclad Oldenburg will see of entirely noval construction. It is a bread

be of entirely novel construction. It is a broad-side ship, with ten ten-inch guns—five on each side, two above and three below deck, but the whole five can be concentrated on the same point with sufficient force, it is estimated, to disable even the strongest ironclad. COLONEL LAMONT, the president's private

cretary, who has a large office room, has two or tree score of callers every day. The colonel is bland and genial, and furnishes much consolation at times to anxious seekers after political prefer-ment. He has been denominated "the acting pres-ident," but this title is, perhaps, too liberal, says a Washington correspondent.

THREE senators have only three legs be tween them—one apiece. They are Butler and Hampton, of South Carolina, and Berry, of Arkansas. Butler lost his right leg at the battle of Brandy Station, on the 9th of June, 1863. Berry lost his at the battle of Corinth, Miss., October 4, 1862. Hampton, after riding gallantly through the war without serious injury, lost his by a fall from his horse.

MISS NELLIE GOULD, only daughter of Jay Gould, was admitted to the West Presbyterian church, Forty-second street, opposite Bryant park, church, Forty-second street, opposite Bryant park, one week ago last Sunday. Her mother, who has been a member of the church for some time, was present, also her father and brothers. It was Miss Gould's earnest wish to be united to the church before going on the yachting cruise with her father, she is a very pretty girl of seventeen, and is devoted to her mother and her church work. REPRESENTATIVE LOUTITT, of California, is

a "blacksmith congressman," and it is related that during the last electoral campaign an opposing paper said he was "not high-toned enough" to represent that district. "His father was a blacksmith and he is a blacksmith," it said, "and he would and he is a blacksmith," it said, "and he would better be at the anvil than in congress." Not long after, Loutitt made a speech in the town where the paper was published. He read the paragraph quoted aloud and then said: "It's all true. My father was a blacksmith and I am a blacksmith; but I'm not ashamed of it. And if I can find the little rascal who wrote that editorial I will let him know that I still possess a blacksmith; arm."

In an article on "The Use of Oil at Sea," by Lieutenant John P. Holditch, R. N. R., the author says: "The results I have obtained are these. Fish

says: "The results I have obtained are these: Fish says: "The results I have obtained are these: Fish, or colza oil, only is of any good: it does not matter how dirty it is as long as it is not thick. Parafine is to thin; paint oil too thick. Running before a gale naturally expends much more oil than 'laying to,' you have so much more water to oil. Carefully expended, one quart in three hours for running, one pint in four hours for laying to, will be sufficient. The means I used was a canvas bag (No. 6), with large holes stabbed with a needle. I have head of a bundle of oakum being saturated with oil, and then put in a coarse gunny bag, which I oil, and then put in a coarse gunny bag, which I think would admit of a thicker oil being used for the time. The place for towing is undoubtedly forward, not aft. Whether in head-reaching oil could be used successfully I cannot say, but I doubt it. When running dead before the wind, tow from each cathead, and the ship is as safe as anything can be at sa."

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE. Frost-Bitten Feet.

Subscriber, Opelika, Ala.: What is the best temedy for frost-bitten feet? An application of turpentine offitment is recommended by those who have tried it.

"Zero" and "Fahr."

Subscriber, Morgantown, N. C.: Please tell ne something of the origin and meaning of the ex-ressions "Zero" and "Fahr." Zero on the common thermometer, like the fanciul names on the constellations, is an instance o the way wise men's errors are made immortal by becoming popular. Zero comes to us through Spanish from the Arabic, and means empty, hence nothing. In an expression like "sixty degrees Fahr.," the abbreviation "Fahr." stands for Fahrenheit, a Prussian merchant of Dantzic, on the shores of the Battic sea. His full name was Gabriel Daniel Fahrenheit. From a boy he was a class of the party of the standard when a standard the search of close observer of nature; and when only nine teen years of age, in the remarkably cold winter of 1709, he experimented with snow and salt to-gether, and noticed that it produced a degree of cold equal to the coldest day of that year. As that day-was the coldest the oldest inhabitant could re member, Cabriel was the more struck with the co-incidence of his little scientific discovery, and has-tily concluded he had discovered the lowest degree f temperature known to the world, either natu callor scientific. He called that degree "zero," and constructed a thermometer, or ruled weather glass, with a scale graduated up from zero to the boiling point, which he numbered 212, and the freezing point 32, because, as he thought, mercury con-tracted the thirty-second of its volume on being cooled down from the temperature of freezing wa-ter to zero, and expanded the one hundred and eightieth on being heated from the freezing to the

A Wrong That Cries to God. EDITORS CONSTITUTION: The cold wave has started into motion the wave of holy charity in not a few ho othing more inspiring has appeared in THE AT LANTA CONSTITUTION since it was a paper than the accounts published this week of the noble efforts of good men and women in our Georgia capital to relieve the poor who were both cold and hungry. Heaven bless them and all people in all falors who do such things unto the least of Cariet's poor children. They will not lose their reward. But was anything more provocative or inhibots indignation ever published than an lacked statement in THE CONSTITUTION of January 12 The reporter in telling of relief carried to the mivering and hungry ones at the old "Barracks" says:

One poor woman who had been making drawer

Who pays such pilces? Do such people Who pays such prices? Do such people live in Georgia? Do they live in China? Such employers are false to society as well as despisers of God's goodness. They help feed the hot fames of communistic fury. They are robbers that the law of man counct take hold of. But God's law will grind them to powder. It is against such men that the bitter cry of oppressed and defranded hirelings goes up to the Lord God of Sabaoth. God is just and never yet suffered the weak to be oppressed without punishing the oppressor. Let such oppressors as those who pay a woman "fifteen cents" for making a "dozen pair" of drawers repent of their deadly sin. Let them restore what they have wrongfully taken by withholding what was fair and connext wages. Else they will go down to hell with all the nations that forget God.

Oxford, Ga., January 14, 1886,

More About "Lucile."

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: I see under the heading "Echoes from the People," in answer the question relative to the authorship of "Lucile you give the name of Lord Lytton. I suppose, ho you give the name of Lord Lytton. I suppose, however, you are, of course, aware of the fact that the entire poem is a close translation in verse of a novel entitled "Lavinia," by George Sand. Both stories open alike, and even the situations are conscientiously copied, and whole pages of the most epigranumatic dialogue are plaglarized word for word. In both books the first chapter begins with a letter from the heroine to the hero, to whom she had been engaged demanding the return of her letters. In both ten years have elapsed since their last meeting, and it is unnecessary to add that the result of the perilous rendezvous is the same. I could give you, side by side, some of the French text and the English translation: but you doubtless have seen the two compared before. It is singular that the discovery of this daring theft did not cause a sensation in England, but for some cause or other, it was passed over in silence. Possibly the author's

Fighting in the District of Columbia

EDITORS CONSTIUTION: I see in THE CON TITUTION of the 8th inst. a communication from M. Smith in reply to an article in the weekly December the 22d, claiming that "General Phil Cook had the honor of leading the only confederate forces that fought in the District of Columbia." I am satisfied Mr. Smith's account of the fighting is correct, and that Gordon's battalion of sharpshooters went as near Washington city as any other confederate troops (infantry) at that time. I was in command of the battalion of sharpshooters, and as Mr. S. said, one of my command, Wm. D. Hay, was wounded while engaged with the enemy and left with a family on the pike road leading to Washington. We could distinctly see the domes and spires of churches and other buildings from where we were engaged with the skirmishers of federal forces on the left of the pike, about one or one and a half miles from the Blair house, where General Gordon's division had halted. I have not the least doubt that if any of the confederate forces fought in the District of Columbia at that engagement, the battalion of sharpshooters of Gordon's division has the right of claiming and sharing the honor with General Cook and his men.

Dawson, Ga., January 10th, 1886. am satisfied Mr. Smith's account of the fighting

TWO NOTABLE WOMEN.

What Mrs. Frances Thurber and Mrs. Augus Belmont are Doing for Art.

Belmont are Doing for Art.

From the Brooklyn Eagle.

Mrs. Thurber will be the most famous woman in

America within a month, and is already the only
legitimate rival to Miss Cleveland. Mrs. Thurbe

Mrs. Thurber will be the most salmous woman in America within a month, and is already the only legitimate rival to Miss Cleveland. Mrs. Thurber and Mrs. Musgrave have for years extended encouragement to Americans who showed traces of musical talent, and they have been among the waimest supporters of everything American in the musical world. It required a bold and earnest spirit to earry to completion such a scheme as that of the national conservatory.

Mrs. Thurber went about the work under many disadvantages. She is the wife of Francis P. Thurber, the millionaire grocer, who has for some years combined the pastime of denouncing monoplies with the business of accumulating millions. He is a long and affable man. Had it not been for his little amusement in the way of denouncing monopolies it is quite likely that he would never have been known outside of the grocery trade, except as one of the wealthy business men of New York. He was never much in society, but then the term 'in [society'] has such various, diverse and fathomless meanings that it is difficult at times to gauge the social position of such a man as Mr. Thurber. There was no question, however, about the popularity of Mrs. Thurber. She is a [musician of excelence, acquainted with the whole range of opera and enthusiastic to a degree over musical people. She has been a familiar figure at the opera for many years. She looks thirty-three years of age and has a manner of great affability.

Mrs. August Belmont is said to have joined forces with Mrs. Thurber, because her great rival, Mrs. William Astor, had devoted her time and influence to the German opera. The two great cliques of New York society are headed by Mrs. Astor and Mrs. Belmont; though the latter is by no means so active a leader as the wife of the great banker.

Mrs. Belmont; though the latter is by no means so active a leader as the wife of the great rival, mrs. Belmont; though the latter is by no means so active a leader as the wife of the great panier. Mrs. Belmont is operated by Mrs. Astor

He Went Shopping.

Women are more sensible than men in picking out suitable Christmas presents, for they don't get bewildered in the crowding and confusion writes Clara Belle. I know the most prim and writes Clara Pelle. I know the most prim and modest of young Episcopal curates. He may get audious after being established a few years in a full rectorship, but at present if he said "boo" at all to a pretty girl it would be in the mildest whispered tone. He is in love. It happened to him lately, on first sight of my dear little friend Henriette; and she knows it though he hasn't told her so. By the time he gathers courage to pop the question she will have had ample opportunity for inquiry as to his prospects, his family and her own inclination. Wefl, he bought a Christmas present for her—selected it all by himself, he told me today, on bringing it round to our house in his handbag for me to inspect.

instect.

There are a result of the state of "I have an artistic eye for color and shape," he said, "and I am sure that Miss Henriette will be charming in the house robe that I have procured It is mostly white, with just a faint suggestion of delicate blue in the lace that garnishes. And there the flowing draperies will of a surety be vastly be coming to her. Please give me your judgment."

Then he out with the thing, which really was a heavenly construction of Chinese silk and fine lace But I had a dreadfully wrenching convulsion of laughter on getting signt of it, though my face was serious.

"What do you think of it," he asked

What do you think of it " he asked.

serious.

"What do you think of it." he asked.
"Lovely." I replied.
"And she will like fir."
"Undoubtedly."
"Then I will send it to her in the morning."
'Stay a moment." I said, gravely. "You are a youn's clergy man just setting out on your chosen life mission and you cannot be too careful in your social doings. Forgive me for any seeming presumption, but I feel it my duty to warn you to be on your guard. The public is so censorious, you know—so apt to misconstrue meanings and motives. Believe me that you run a risk in giving this to Henriette, no matter how pure your thought may be, how significant in some religious symbolic way that I don't understand the article is or how—"Stop, stop, Miss Clara Belle," the frightened fellow interrupted; "what is this garment."
"A nightgown," said I.
It was fortunate that I had a bottle of rather strong cologne at hand for him to sniff at, or I verily believe he would not have roused from the collapse.

Going In for Literature.

nterview with ex-Senator J. B. Henderson I am going to quit the practice of law, for time at least, and devote all my leisure to general reading. A man engaged in the practice of law can—or should—read nothing but law books, and can only read a small proportion of the number of important law books that are issued. When he quits reading law books he should quit practicing law, for law is a very jealous mistress, and will not accept divided or partial attention. I find that while I have been practicing law I have neglected general reading, and am away behind on the literature of the past twenty years. ime at least, and devote all my leisure to general

Not a Representative Republican.

from the Boston Herald. Senator John Logan objects to Dorman B Eaton as a civil service commissioner, on the ground that he is not a "representative republican." The point is, no doubt, well taken, from the Logan point of view. Mr. Eaton is a reformer who "believes in it." A truly representative republican of the Logan type would be Webster Flanagan, of Flanagan's mills, Texas.

It Might Have Been.

Special to the Commercial Gazette.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., January 13.—This afternoon's Banner (democratic) says: "But for the scheming of democratic demagogues in Ohio, Thorman might to-day be holding a leading place in the councils of the nation."

Nothing If Not Critical.

From the Mobile Register,

There are some southern editors who appear to be always on the lookout for a chance to criticise the president.

The Wind and the Shorn Lover. From the Lowell Times.

These are glorious days for the man bocked his ulster in order to buy Christmas git

### CONSTITUTIONALS.

General Gossip and Editorial Short Caught on the Run.

Atlanta was colder by five degrees than Washngton during the recent severe weather. Still Washington had enough of it. The gay dash of sleighs from morning to midnight up and down the splendid drive from the treasury to the capite which was glazed to wonderful smoothness by the deft fingers of Jack Frost, made perpetual in the icy air, but it was poor compensation to the great multitude who had to pick their way over the precarious pavement, the freezing spectators of this exhibition of luxuriant pleasure.

It was the coldest weather known in Washing ton since January, 1881. Then the broad Potoma: was freighted with floating ice, until at last the miniature icebergs socialized and grouped, and a thin, glassy surface stilled the ceaseless ripples of the beautiful blue water. Next morning a thick crust lay over the river and the ships were pinned fast to their wharves or clamped in the merelless embrace of the ice midway between the bleak shores. For six weeks the river was imprisoned within its arctic barriers

One bright, mild February morning it broke from is cold restraint. It seemed that its wrath had been aroused by the temporary victory of the ice and in swept toward the sea with majestic and irresistible force. The melting snow banks on the hills sen ten thousand rills to swell its foaming tide, and it dashed the broken ice to and fro with an almost human desperation and defiance

Some of the huge ice blocks made a heroic stand successfully defied the raging current. They caught every floating fragment and froze it into stern alliance until a fortress of ice extended from bank to bank. In the moment of its triumph the surging river was stayed and hurled back by the shattered and flying forces of the ice. In vain it fretted and foamed and tossed its burliest biflows to the front in its furious assault on the imperiorbable ice.

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Foiled in its triumphal march to the sea, turned on the city to find a victim for its rage. It dashed over its banks and poured a mighty flood across the beautiful agricultural gardens. On it came and dashed its furious spray against the brown stone walls of the Smithsonian institution Dewn the lovely drives and winding walks of the park rolled the resistless tide until it reached he wide, smooth pavement of Pennsyl vania avenue. Then it was in its glory. Striking in at Ninth street it had a gentle, unbroken slope to the foot of Capitol Hill and soon the avenue was a canal. It swelled to a depth of three feet. Boats were flying up and down the street carrying crowds of jolly spectat of the strange scene. Storehouses were flooded. and two hundred thousand dollars worth of prop erty sacrificed to this mad prank of the insulted

Again the Potomac is frozen over. For the past of skaters. Robust boys and buxom girls have skimmed over the glassy covering of the noble river to ancient Alexandria, six miles away, and have ome back with pink cheeks, red noses and alarm ng appetites. No overflow is anticipated from the breaking of the ice. Wide channels have been made for the free passage of the ice, and a repeti tion of the scenes of 1881 is not looked for

General E. P. Alexander, who is now in Washgton on business as government commissioner Pacific railroads, says that in all probability the He infers this opinion from a study of a weather forty years. That record shows that in only one or stances in forty years has the coldest weather come as early as January. It has almost always occurred in Pebruary, and oftener in March than

General Alexander says that the coldest weather ever known in the south was in 1835. His father hen lived in Washington, Georgia. One bitter night he concluded that the thermometer would go to zero, and as he had never seen such a phenom-ens, he determined to sit up and see the mercury sink. Gradually it shrank lower and lower until about midnight it stood at zero. Mr. Alexander re tired satisfied, but was surprised on waking upnext morning to see that the mercury was five degrees below zero. Many trees were popped open by the freezing of the sap which had sought its winter bed

far below the supposed reach of the cold. There is always one consolation in Washington when it is very cold. In no city in this country is there less suffering. There are no large manufact tories and the class which depends absolutely or small. Besides, the city is famous for its numerous public charities, whose kind ministrations reach into all directions and silently seek suffering that

they may bear to it relief Washington is a beautiful city with its splendid tructures of marble and stone, its magnificent avenues, its treasures of science and art, and the perennial flowering of its restless and varied genius. But for nothing is it so fair as for the riumphs of its kindness and the noble efforts it makes to soften the sorrows and dry the tears of stricken humanity.

THE WIFE OF HER SLAVE.

The Death of a Woman Brings Out a Re-GALESBURG, Ills., January 15.—The death here of a white woman, Eliza Bowen, has brought out a remarkable story. Since her residence in Galesburg, some twenty years in all, she has been the wife of a negro, black as midnight. For a long time the two have been looked after by the city. The woman was partially paralyzed in one side. The miserable pair lived in was a contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction. volting Story. in one side. The miserable pair lived a rude, small shanty, unplastered uncomfortable, in the eastern part of the of This she had built with money which she begged. Lately she had complained of ill truent at the hands of her black husband. woman was, before the rebellion, the wife Colonel Hanks, at one time an officer in British army, and afterward a resident of Kucky. There he became possessed of a leplantation and many slaves, the relations and many slaves, the relation of the plantation and many slaves, the walled and his estate passed to the creditors, wife he put in charge of Bowen, whom he instructed to care for her. The marriage occurred services as fareward. She has been frequently he her miserable and penurious surroundings her best of the story is a remarkable one, but is vouched by many who have heard it from the woman's of lips.

The Type Setting Tournament. CHICAGO, January 15.-The crowd in attendance at the type-setting tournament increases. Today Barnes in an hour and a half set 5,812% ems and keeps the lead. McCann's total is 27,662; Hod-son's 24,151% cms.

Monsieur Ferry as an Editor. Paris, January 15 .- Ferry has become the proprietor of La Republique. He will assume the management of the paper at the end of January.

The Noblest and the Fairest. From the Hillsboro Mirror.

Madame Rumor has it that one of Itaska's noblest sons will take one of Hillsboro's fairest daughters to live with him, for better or for worse,

'Twas while at "the pler" last summer That I fell, without much ado, Into the net of a siren— A beauty from Kalamazoo.

She spoke with a western accent
That was really a shock to me,
And called her stout mother "Mommer,"
And always said "supper" for "tea.",

And I knew at the very outset
That of course it would not be right
For one of the great Van Duzers
To marry a Kalamazite.

And so I left for the city, Where I'm wretched and ill and blue: I know that I'm slowly dying. And—I'm off for Kalamazoo!

"How are you, Mr. Van Duzer?

#### IONALS.

orial Short Stops degrees than Washre weather. -Still t. The gay dash of idnight up and down treasury to the capitol, erful smoothness by the made perpetual music or compensation to the pick their way over the freezing spectators and pleasure.

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the coldest weather in 1835. His father Georgia. One bitter ermometer would go en such a phenomind see the mercury ower and lower until o. Mr. Alexander re-sed on waking upnext ury was five degrees popped open by the d sought its winter bed of the cold.

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ty with its splendid nce and art, and the it so fair as for the noble efforts it and dry the tears of

ER SLAVE. Brings Out a Re-

y 15.-The death

y 15.—The death Bowen, has brought to her residence in mall, she has been idnight. For a long after by the city-tially paralyzed e pair lived in unplastered and part of the city. Every which she had aimed of ill treatek husband. This lion, the wife of an officer in the resident of Kensessed of a large laves, the man uring the war he lithe creditors. His , whom he instruct-ge occurred several merly enjoyed with surroundings here, but is vouched for m the woman's own

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at one of Itaska's Hillsboro's fairest better or for worse

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not be right Duzers

d ill and blue: ying, nazoo!

uzer? nazoo. norrow, vely of you?" Chicago Rambler.

SLEEPING WITH "BABE."

HOW A COLORED CITIZEN SLEEPS WITH AN ELEPHANT.

Short Stay Amongst the Animals of Atlanta's Menagerie-What the Elephant Eats-What the Monkeys Subsist On-The Hyena and Bear-Not Allowed to See the Show.

brimmed hat. A pail of water in each hand. He disappears through a cellar door. He walks through a long passage way, lined with stalls in which horses and mules are munching their corn and hay. He passes through a big gate into a cellar, as dark as midnight, and into which a flaring gas jet forces a light but a few feet. He is in the middle of the block, in the very center of cellardom, and at least a hundred yards from the busy patter of feet on the sidewalk!

From the depths of the darkness a pair of green, fiery eyes are looking. Fearless, devilish, cruel eyes, moving restlessly from side to side and up and down.

They are the blood-freezing eyes of a hy-In the edge of the light was a Rocky moun-

tain silver-tipped bear.

Dimly outlined far back in the dark cellar was an elephant, and slowly nibbing at hay were two dromedaries.

Here and there were cages of monkeys, and

one cage was an ant-eater.
All this made up
ATLANTA'S MENAGERIE,

ATLANTA'S MENAGERIE,
for Atlanta has a menagerie. It's a cold, cold
day—colder than the recent blizzard, when Atlanta gets left, even on menageries.
"What else have you got to do, William?"
asked a CONSTITUTION man of William Bad-

ger, the keeper of these animals.

"I've got to water my monkeys and feed my hy-e-ny," answered William, as he sat the

water close to the elephant's snout. And when you get through feeding what will you do?"
"Go to bed with Babe. Babe is the elephant, von understand.'

You mean you sleep in here with these animals?"
"Indeed I do, sir! I sleep right alongside that elephant there, back to back, sir. And sir, she snores, too, let me tell you! And she makes me go to bed first, sir, and get a warm place for her?" said the man with

makes me go to bed first, sir, and get a warm place for her," said the man, with a chuckle. "How is that," asked the reporter.
"I have to furn in early," said the showman, "for my old lady won't stand any nonesense. I make my pallet over there in the straw, and when she gets through supper she comes over, feels for me with her snout and lies down by when she gets through supper she comes over feels for me with her snout and lies down by me and we sleep together. She snores like a fat man, but except that she is a good old bed.

fellow."
"Is she restless?" "At midnight she gets up and movas around

a little for exercise and to rest herself, and then comes back to bed."
"Why do you sleep back to back?"
"When the elephant has to get up she makes several lunges with the upper front foot so as to help her make the rise. If I were on that side her foot would strike me, and it wouldn't

be healthy for me."

"Are you not afraid that she might roll over on you in her sleep?"

"Not a bit. I feel as safe sleeping beside Babe as I would sleeping by myself."

WHAT THE ELEPHANT EATS.
"What does your bed fellow eat?"
"Well, Babe ain't a very big eater. She takes
in two bales of hay and two bushels of oats, and drinks seventy-five pails of water every day. She is a young thing yet. She ain't but a hundred and three years old, and don't

You notice how she moves about?" said "You notice now sale moves about? said the keeper of Babe, referring to the restless motions of the elephant.
"Well," he added "she can't travel on the trains because when she moves about that way she is liable to over-balance a ear and throw it

off the track.

off the track."

"Yes, yes." he soliloquised "I have to be careful with Babe, she drinks three barrels of water a day and if I give her too much she will get chilled. A barrel of water will chill most anything this sort of weather, and if Babe were to get chilled I'd have to fill her up with hot

water to thaw her out."

The man threw a piece of raw beef to the byena and that worthy at once went to work on it. He let it lie on the floor of his cage and holding it with his paws griuned in a ghastly way as he stripped the bones of the flesh.

What do you feed the ant-eater on?" "The ant-eater eats fresh beef, and the bear eats cooked meats, bread, cold potatoes and the like."

"What do the monkeys eat?"

"I feed the monkeys pretty much like I would a child. They eat all kinds of fruits, bread, cooked meats and the like and drink coffee and tea." "Do they take cream and sugar?"

"They take sugar in their coffee but no

"How do they drink it?"
"They take the saucers in their hands like people do and drink it that way."
"Do you give them any raw meats?"
"No, if they were once to get the taste of blood they would eat each other's tails off."
"The hyena," satd the keeper, "laps water like a dog, and the bear swills it like a heg, and the monkey drinks it like a man."
"How long will this menagerie be here?" asked the reporter.

asked the reporter.
"I can't tell. Mr. Carroll left for New Orleans without telling me. We can stay here for about the same price that we could stay at the winter quarters."

CAN'T BE SEEN.

As the Constitution man left the place,
Mr. Chambers, at whose stables these animals

Mr. Chambers, at whose stables these animals are quartered, said:

"For gracious sake state in the paper that these animals cannot be seen at all. They are, as you know, away back in a dark cellar, and it is in my contract that no one is to see them. Forty little boys have just been hustled out of here and almost five hundred people have been here today to see the elephant. It is useless for anybody to come for they can't get in, and somebody might get run over by a mule or a horse, and we would be blamed for it; please tell the folks not to come."

imbers & Co., are mighty clever folks, but they have not put the managerie on exhibi-

THE BLOCKADED TUNNEL. The East Tennessee Trains to Run Through it on Monday.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., January 15 .- [Special.] The tunnel on the East Tennessee. Virginia and Georgia railroad, which caved in last Wednesday, will be repaired and open to business next Monday, A large force of hands are now at work removing the debris, and the tunnel will be arched with stone. General Passenger Agent Wrenn tonight arranged to send all East Tennessee sleepers and passengers to and from this city gia the Western and Atlantic railroad to Dalton until the tunnel is repaired. Eastern passengers will be taken from that point to Cleveland. All passengers will be transported with dispatch.

Six Bodies Recovered.

Six Bodies Recovered.

OGDEN, Utah, January 15.—Six of the thirteen victims of the coal mine explosion at Almy, Wyoming, which occurred Tuesday night, have been recovered from the mine. The men met their death from suffocation, and the appearance of the bodies indicated a terrible struggle for life. The searching party expects to reach the other seven bodies remaining in the mine today.

Chattanooga Items. CHATTANOOGA, January 15 .- [Special.]-The poorhouse commissioners today decided to turn all charity within the city over to the associated charities. This gives the association important aid and will greatly increase its efficiency.

J. W. Bryant, and old citizen, dropped dead of heart disease foday.

The Obscene Matter Case. NASHVILLE, Tenn., January 15.—Wily Bryan came into the criminal court by counsel to-day, and a motion for new trial was set for hearing next Wednesday.

THE CINCINNATI MEETINGS, The Meetings Open Auspiciously—The People

CINCINNATI, January 15 .- [Special.]-The Sam Jones meetings are now under perfect headway. The vessel in which the fortunes of this meeting are embarked is now fairly over the outer bar and the winds and tides of grace are all in its favor. The services are attended by thousands and hundreds are turned away from the church doors, which are closed when the auditorium will hold no more. The hearts and sympathies of all good peo-ple have been captured more com-pletely than ever before in the history of the city. They hang upon the words of the in-spired preacher and linger long after the last words are spoken. The lights of the church have to be extinguished to force the crowds to move out after the benediction has been pronounced. If earnestness, deep attention and cordial responses to the unvarnished gospel truth mean anything this series of meetings is destined to prove a grand movement upon right lines for the moral and religious eleva-

Sam Jones has gone into the work with all the force of his versatile and resourceful powers. His sermons are wonderfully strong, and his blows upon the blighting sins of the day, in and out of the churches, fall like those of a penderous trip-hammer. Many of his hearers wince under the crushing denunciations le hurls upon their special vices, but they know he speaks the truth and they are beginning to

take serious consideration of their ways. LIFTING THE CURTAIN. He is fearlessly lifting the curtain from be-tier the secret doorways of popular vices and worldliness, and showing up with Drummond light effects the degradation and infamies that lie within their circles. He says to the people "let us have an old-fashioned scalding and scouring," and he is certainly putting fuel enough about the caldron to heat the water for such a general cleaning up. The morals of the city cannot but be vastly improved by such a process.

SAM SMALL'S DEBUT actively in the work was at the nonday prayer meeting of the Young Men's Christian association. He will lead these services from day to day, and also preach once each day at the regular revival services. His first addresses have won for him the instant confidence of all who have heard him, and are thoroughly commended by the pastors, press and people. He exhibits his heart-whole devotion to the work.

and this is recognized in all he says and does.
The Times-Star says of his first appearance The Times-Star says of his first appearance: "His half hour talk was thoroughly practical, full of sound thought and good sense. Mr. Small speaks in a plain, simple way that is readily followed and understood. He seems to thoroughly appreciate the character of his audience, and he soon establishes a perfect understanding. In many respects he reminds one of Mr. Moody, with the exception, perhaps, that he is much readier in speech, and possesses a more graceful command of language than the great eastern evangelist."

THE PROGRESS OF THE WORK will now be rapid and energetic. The Christian people show every purpose to get them.

will now be rapid and energetic. The Christ-ian people show every purpose to get them-selves untangled from the world and conse-crated to the "help of the Lord against the mighty." The way is opening readily for a deep and lasting work of grace, and for the conversion of thousands from sin to godliness. The prayers of all Christian people everywhere are asked for the triumph of the work thus ausniciously inangurated. auspiciously inaugurated.

WELLHOUSE-COHN.

A Happy Event in Jewish Society Circles

A Happy Event in Jewish Society Circles—
The Presents.

GREENVILLE, Miss., January 15.—[Special.]—There was a happy union at Vicksburg, on January 12th, Rabbi H. M. Bien, united in marriage, at the temple at 6:30 p. m., Mr. Alf H. Wellhouse, of Atlanta, to Miss Teresa Cohn, of Grand Lake, Arkansas. The temple was crowded and among those present were the bride's parents, Dr. and Mrs. Cohn, of Grand Lake; Mr. Sol and Emanuel Cohn, Joe Wilezinski, Greenville, Mississippi; Sam Moses, Leland, Miss., and Mr. and Mrs. Meyer Wellhouse, Atlanta; the groom's parents, Miss Wellhouse and numerous friends from the surrounding country. A reception was tendered the bridal party at the residence of Mrs. J. Bazinski, which was one of the of Mrs. J. Bazinski, which was one of the grandest features of the season, and dancing was indulged in till early in the morning. Congratulatory telegrams were received from all sections of the country. The costumes of the guests were very elegant. The bridal party left at two o'clock for New Orleans, then on to Atlanta.

on to Atlanta.

Among the presents were the following;
Mr. and Mrs. Meyer Wellhouse, one thousand
dollars and bed room set; Louis Wellhouse, five
hundred dollars; Rosa Wellhouse, a silver soup ladle, Frank R. Jones and R. L. Burnett, a clock and bronze stands; Henry Well-house, a handsome wardrobe and a set of furniture; Joe Fox,a clock; A. Blin Wellhouse, a case of solid silver; L. Sohnrheim, silver spoons; Cora, Alice and Leo Wellhouse, a silver tea set; Sam F. Myers, dessert spoons; Louis Strausburger, handsome clock and bronze statues; Mr. and Mrs. F. Lishell, silver flower and fruit stand; Joe Wilezinski, silver pitcher; Mr. Beer, lamp; Mr. Hannick, mirror; Sam Moses, jewelry casket; Herman Wilezinski, set of fruit baskets; Mrs. B. Cohn, center table; Mrs. Schoenthal, flower stands; N. Wilezinski, bisque ornaments; Sol and Emanuel Cohn, silver castor and water service; Ula Cohn, molasses pitcher; Dr. Allen, work box; Simon Kuhn, silver spoons; Jake Wilezinski, clock; Joe Cohn, Bert Henochsbeerg, Ike Adler and Leo Wellhouse, three cases silver ware and a great many others too numerous to mention,

ANNIE PIXLEY LAST NIGHT. A Splendid House and Everybody Well Pleased.

Considering the severe inclemency of the weather last night, the house which greeted Annie Pixley at DeGive's was a remarkable one. A splendid audience was present, and a more pleased one has probably not attended the theater this

"Zara" was played last night for the "Zara" was played last light for the first time in Atlanta, and in it Miss Pixley simply renewed her many previous successes here. She received a storm of applause as she appeared, and the-demonstration of the audience throughout the play was indicative of the warmth of her re-

Miss Pixley is particularly known in Atlanta for her success in "M'liss," but in Zara she appears equally as attractive. Indeed many critics think that she appears to better advantage in Zara than in M'liss, but all agree that in either she is one of the most finished and captivating comediennes on the American stage.

Her support is good, and the play is in every way

a most interesting performance.

Zara will be repeated today at matinee, and "M'liss" will be given tonight.

Supreme Court of Georgia. OCTOBER TERM, 1885.
ATLANTA, January 15, 1896. List of Circuits, showing the number of cases re-

naining undisposed of: Brunswick 11 Northern.

No. 5 and 6. Argument concluded.

No. 5 and 6. Argument concluded.

No. 1. Drawdy vs. Littlefield. Claim, from Wayne. Argued. Nicholls & Brantley; Simon W. Hitch; King & Spalding, for plaintiff in error. Frank H. Harris, for defendant.

No. 2. Bedell vs. Scarlett. Complaint, from Camden. Argued. John C. McDonald; John C. Nicholls; S. W. Hitch, by Harrison & Peeples, for plaintiff in error. Spencer R. Atkinson, for defendant.

No. 3. Hitch et al. vs. Frasier. Dispossessory warrant, from Camden. S. R. Atkinson; King & Spalding, for plaintiffs in error. Smith & Borchardt, for defendant.

At the conclusion of argument of Mr. Spalding, the court adjourned to ten o'clock this morning.

Assault and Battery.

Night before last Lee Howard struck Abe Jones on the head, near the Kimball, with a large stone, making a bad wound. Yesterday Jones swore out a warrant charging Howard with assault and battery, and Howard was arrested by Patrolman Stroud.

Stealing a Dollar.

William Brown, charged with stealing a dollar from Bob Cloud, was arrested yesterday by Patrolman Hunter. Wm. Johnson, charged with larceny, was arrested by Patrolman English.

SLEETY SUNNY SOUTH.

A BAD DAY AND SOME OF THE ACCIDENTS.

The City Covered With a Sheet of Sleet Yesterday

-A Broken Arm, a Dislocated Hip, and Other
Accidents Which Befell Pedestrians

Fall and Breaks Her Leg. Yesterday was a slippery, disagreeable day.

Last night was a slippery, disagreeable night. And today is likely to be a slushy, mushy day; just such a day as will make people feel like they had done something mean and couldn't find a place to hide in. THE CONSTI-TUTION yesterday morning stated that it would either be a sleety or snowy day. This was said. The temperature yesterday morning at aix o'clock stood 27.4 degrees above zero, or 4.6 degrees below the freezing point. At ten o'clock it was only four-tenth of a degree higher and a drizzling rain, and

The streets were soon one solid sheet of ice making pedestrianism slow and dangerous. At two o'clock p. m., the rain had stopped, but the temperature had not reached a point where thawing would begin. The temperature at that hour being 30.8, and at six p. m., it was the same, not varying one particle, after which it rose very slowly, and by half past nine had just reached the point, 32 degrees, between freezing and thawing. From that hour on the rain did not freeze any more. One half hour later it was still at changed very little up to one o'clock. The wind BLEW ALL DAY

from the east at the rate of from twenty to twenty-five miles an hour. The barometer fell steadily all day, indicating the approach of the storm center. The entire day was anything but agreeable, except to the small boys, who enjoyed the fun of "skeeting" along on the pavements. In front of Trinity church was a favorite resort for

the boys, and the crowd was a large one during the day. A great number of people received falls during the day. It was almost impossible to stand up, and a majority of the pedestrians preferred the middle of the streets to the side-walks.

walks. Chief Connolly had a bad fall on the sidewalk last night as he was leaving his home for police headquarters. He was badly shaken up, and returned to his warm fire.

A very serious accident befell Mr. E. L. Jones late yesterday afternoon. Mr. Jones, who rooms on Ivy street, was going to supper at the Kimball house. When he reached the corner of Pryor and Line streets he started to walk diagonally across the street when his feet slipped and he fell on the pavement, breaking his right arm just above the wrist. breaking his right arm just above the wrist and cutting a severe gash over his eyes. The fall knocked him insensible for a few minutes, and as quickly as possible he was placed in a carriage and sent to his home on Ivy street, where Drs. Ridley and Howell dressed the wound and set the arm. At a late hour last night he was resting easy. Mr. Jones is the father of Mr. Darwin Jones, and is a gentleman who is highly esteemed.

HIS HIP DISLOCATED. An old gentleman named Hill, from Haber-sham county, fell on Mitchell street, near Johnson's market, and dislocated his hip. The fall was so sudden and unexpected, and the shock so great, that Mr. Hill did not know anything about it until several hours after he had been taken to his boarding house: Dr. Murray was called in and gave the necessary medical attention. Mr. Hill was resting con fortably last night.

FORSYTH'S FALLS.

The street force will have a few days' work on Luckie street as soon as the weather fairs up. Last night Mr. Joe Forsyth, while coming up town, fell twice, each time injuring the pavement. He says the next sleet he will use his bicycle.

AN INJURED WRIST.
While Mr. Joe Caldwell was going down Decatur street last evening and when near Calhoun his understanding suddenly took an upward tendency and in a pair of seconds he was standing on the back of his head. Hi right hand was badly bruised by the fall. He hardly regained his feet when a large negro

woman fell within five feet of him.

DYAR DUMPED.

Dr. A. S. Dyar returned last evening from Cincinnati, and talking to a Constitution was be said.

man he said:
"This is fine weather. It is not as bad, however, as in Chattanooga. This morning busiever, as in Chattanooga. This morning business was practically suspended in that place. I never saw such a slippery place. The street cars were not running. It's froze up all along the line. I'm hunting for a hat store," and the doctor showed a plug which looked like the elephant Empress had sit down on it. He fell just as he entered the Kimball house, and when he reached the pavement his hat was beneath him.

It was a fine day for the arnica manufacturer. BROKE HER LEG.

Last night a negro girl named Jane Melson fell on Frazier street and broke her left leg be-

low the knee.

Sweet Singers Will Warble. On Monday and Tuesday the Emma Abbott opera company will play an engagement at DeGive's opera house. The company which Abbott brings with her on this tour is a much stronger one in many respects than has been seen in English opera in some time. Signor Tomasi, the musical director, worked unceasingly during the summer to bring both chorus and orchestra into a complete state of perfection and suc-ceeded to an extent that the ensemble of the company has never received such high praise as during the present season. The costumes and properties have all been specially designed for the present tour, and it is said that the dresses Abbott brought home with her from Paris, are magnificent. Among the most prominent of the Abbott company, of course Emma Abbott at their head, are, Bellini, the beautiful and fascinating songstress and actress, who made great success in Italy, Cuba and Mexico: Anndale, the favorite contralto and pet, of the telegraph boys: Michelena, the much praised and exquisite artiste from Venenzula, who is singing the first time in America under Abbott's auspices; Montegriffo, the popular Americau tenor of the unusual high C fame: Fruette, late of Mapleson's company, the most delightful baritone ever heard in English opera; Broderick, the great basso, who has risen to an enviable position in the musical world, and Dixon, the famous buffo-singer, who has been specially engaged to play the great part of Ko-Ko in the Mikado.

Atlanta may be justly congratulated upon the Abbott brought home with her from Paris, are mag in the Mikado.

Atlanta may be justly congratulated upon the opportunity afforded of enjoying a rare musical treat in the production of opera by the famed Emma Abbott Opera company. It will no doubt be the greatest society event of the season, several recherche opera parties being mentioned.

event of the season, several rethercae opera parametering mentioned.

Seats sold with a rush all day yesterday. Almost every seat in the first two rows of the gallery have been sold, many prominent citizens being among the purchasers. Indeed, these are among the best seats of the house, seats on the first row being probably the most desirable of the house.

The Dead of the Twenty-Seventh Georgia,

From the Campbell County, Ga., News.

J. J. Buffington writes: Looking over some of my war papers, I find among other items this list of dead for 1864 of company E, Twenty-seventh Georgie Volunteers.

this list of dead for 1864 of company E, Twenty-seventh Georgia Volunteers:
W. M. Foster, died 6th March.
L. J. Creel, died 23d March.
Josiah Hart, died 25th March.
These were wounded in battle of "Olustee Station," Fla.
Asa L. Dodd and Henry F. Norris were killed in action at Cold Harbor, Va., June 1st, 1864. Lieutenant J. W. West died of wound received

at Petersburg, Va., June 28th, 1864. Andrew J. Whitaker died 4th September of wounds received at Petersburg. E. W. Cook killed in attempt to retake Fort Harrison, September 30th, '64. J. W. Carter died at Jackson hospital 14th

August, '64. Josiah Kite died at Charlotte, N. C., October Loyd Jones died at home some time in November, '64. I have not the date of his death. Taylor, Wylle & Billey.

olitan undertakers and funeral directors ag and preserving a specialty, No. 28 W.

GOTHAM GOSSIP

Winter Carnival-The Great Ches Match-A Retired Politician.

New York, January 15 .- [Special.]-The "blizzard" has been here and left us, leaving in its wake a cold, well-nigh frozen populace Men run around with muffiers close up around their ears and with no portion of their features visible except the tip of their nose, and the old weather vanes on the city hall and postoffice seem to share in the general discomforture by refusing to move around . Even the newspaper venders,-those in dormitable street crier. whose voices are usually heard from early morn till midnight, remain comparative

ly quiet and unobtrusive. The merry jingle of sleigh-bells and Russian chimes break out on the crisp air like Russian chimes break out on the crisp air like sweet music, and the pedestrians watch enviously the fair pictures of loveliness dashing by behind New York's high-steppers. On the lakes the lovers of skates glide along with merry laughter and happy forgetfulness. The winter carnival is in high blast, and, in spite of the cold, the attractions of the open air are more alluring than those of the ball room. But the general public is interested, as well, in another quarter. As the hour approached for the commencement of the great chess battle, the interest in the game became intense and was no longer confined to the clubs and

and was no longer confined to the clubs and and was no longer connect to the cause and cafes. In business circles, along the avenues, or among the bulls and bears of Wall street, frequent allusions were made to Steinitz and Zukertort. When, finally, at two o'clock on Monday afternoon, the two champions faced each other across the board nearly 1,000 speceach other across the board nearly 1,000 spectators were there to meet them. The game proceeded quietly throughout the afternoon and evening, and at the close Steinitz was ahead. Zukertort, it is said, has not "got down to work" yet, but unless he concludes to do his best pretty soon his last chance will be lost. The betting is five to four in favor of Steinitz. The set of regulations governing the contest are a set of rules translated from the German Hand Book of Chess, with the exception, that should both players repeat the same series of moves six times in succession either series of moves six times in succession either party may claim a draw." These rules have never been printed in English before, and they were translated by Steinitz.

Politicians are likewise up and stirring even in the coldest weather, and occasion-lly drop in to see the chess match. General E. A. Mer-citt, who returned from his consulship to Liverpool last August to make room for Thomas erpool last August to make room for Thomas Waller, of Connecticut, was in the city this week looking as robust and rugged as ever. This man, though he has no claim upon his party, nor any brilliancy whatever about him, has held some of the highest offices in the government, and been the innocent cause of some of the greatest political fights at Washington. After returning from the second control of the second contr returning from the war he got into politics and always managed to squeeze into a good position while the other candidates were quar-reling over it. When ex-President Arthur was trying to get into the customhouse, President Hayes, to keep him out, shoved Merritt in by a vote or two. Then during Garfield's reign Robertson wanted his place, and Merritt was sent abroad as consul to Liverpool. brought on a quarrel, which drove Conkling out of the senate and caused many republican disasters, the last of which was Garfield's The man is rather a heavy and dumb looking individual, and his success in politics is solely due to "his luck." He now lives in Potsdam, N. Y., and it is probable that he will never re-enter politics. He expresses himself as perfectly satisfied with his political career, and considers it his duty to retire from all active public work—and so does the public and his party.

From the Albany, Ga., News. In a wiregrass county in south Georgia two lawyers had met often at a certain justice court ground, and had communed pleasantly together for a series of years. They had their legal spats, but had preserved their feelings of

nutual goodwill.
One was an old lawyer who had been "shelling the woods" out in that section, as occasion required, for over twenty years. The other, equal-in age but not so old in the service, had been managing cases for "the boys" for some years, but really had never been admitted to the bar. His antagonist, the old lawyer, had known this, but as he navyer, nad known this, but as he was in the habit of gaining two out of three of his cases, he never raised the point. Thus matters moved smoothly along. But the last time the legal combatants met the mischief was to pay. The old lawyer shelled the woods with his accustomed zeal and power, but the justice decided in favor of his antagonist. This made no especial difference, as the old stager would, of course gain the next case. The case was called. Both parties exerted themselves; and the justice again listened rather to the as-tute suggestions of him who was pleading without license. Two to nothing was not such a result as to cultivate the amiable propensi-ties of the old practitioner. But no absolute difficulty occurred. The third case was called. The unlicensed lawyer won. This was too much for human nature, the old was too much for human nature. The old lawyer rose to a point of order, and with an air of offended dignity, such as a member of the Georgia legislature assumes when he rises to a question of privilege, said: "Mr. Justice, this thing is too offensive for an old lawyer, who knows the law, the whole law, and nothing but the law, to stand. Sir, you know me. I tell you the law. But my triend does not. He imposes on the court. Therefore, sir, I move he be disbarred from practicing in this court." (Sensation.) The old lawyer, who was upset by his opponent's good luck, related this story with some degree of enthusiasm. "But," said the listener, "why did you not move to disbar before you lost the cases?" "Well," responded the old practitioner "I would have done that, had I known the fellow was going to beat me out like he did."

was going to beat me out like he did." The Fate of the Orange Trees. From the Savannah, Ga., News. There is no reason to hope, from present reports, that much, if any, of that part of the orange crop yet on the trees will be saved. Indeed, the indications are that the ungathered oranges will be a total loss. The matter of the most concern is the extent of the damage to the bearing trees and those near the bearing period. Our dispatches give the impression that there is room for a rather hopeful feeling with regard to them. There doesn't appear to be much doubt that the young trees in the nurseries are about all destroyed and it is probable that some of the young groves have suffered severely. It will not be possible, however, to know the real extent of the damage for several days. The character of the weather which follows the cold wave will have a great deal to do with the extent of the barre.

with the extent of the harm.

There was moderately cold weather in Florida several weeks ago, which doubtless hardida several weeks ago, which doubtless hard-ened the trees, and they were, therefore, better prepared for the severe cold that has prevailed for the last three or four days. The cold which destroyed all the Florida orange trees half a century ago, and to which attention has already been called, was, from the accounts which we have of it, much greater than that from which we have been suffering since last Sunday night. According to the recollection Sunday night. According to the recollection of the "oldest inhabitant," the thermometer

of the "oldest inhabitant," the thermometer registered zero at that time, and even a few degrees below it.

The damage that it was possible for cold to in Florida half a century ago was very small compared to that which it is possible for it to do now. Within the last twenty years the increase in the production of oranges in the increase in the production of oranges in that state has been wonderful. If the damage to the orange trees proves to be as great as some persist in thinking it will be, the state will receive a check from which it will require several years to recover. It is certainly to be hoped that the fears of ruin to the orange growing interests will prove to be almost wholly groundless.

Advice to Church Deadheads. Prom the Windsor Herald.

Go to some church where you think you wil receive the most good. Attend the prayer meetings, and don't reglect to pay a little toward the support of the gospel. You will take more in-terest in the services and the success of God's cause if you help to pay the bills. Don't be what is called "a church tramp"—one who enjoys the benefits of the organization, but will not give it any pecuniary aid. OUR NEW CAPITOL.

INTERVIEWS WITH THE ARCHI-TECT AND SUPERINTENDENT.

d Quality of the Material are Set Forth, Showing the Cost of the Material and the Work Done Up to Date.

Last night a reporter of THE CONSTITUTION called upon Mr. Edbrooke, architect of the new capitol, for the purpose of getting from him all information relative to the progress of him all information relative to the progress of the work on the building. Mr. Edbrooke was found at his room in the Kimball. "What is the nature and quality of the material placed in the building up to date?"

"The total excavation so far completed is 9,228 cubic yards, concrete in the foun-dations 1,708 cubic yards, stone mason-ry in foundation 156,825 cubic feet, Stone mountain granite, cut and dressed, 2,100 Stone mountain granite, cut and dressed, 2,100 cubic feet; colitic limestone set in place in the building, 22,841 cubic feet; iron anchors securing cut stone in place, 10,000 pounds; brick mascarry, 2,184,000 brick; rolled wroughtiron floor beams, 271,827, pounds; colled wroughtiron beams, 271,827 pounds; rolled wroughtiron girders, 66,000 pounds; castiron columns, 215,000 pounds; castiron plates for the support of girders and beams, 19,300 pounds. This

215,000 pounds; castiron plates for the support of girders and beams, 19,300 pounds. This about covers the material that has been used in erecting the building."

"What material have you now on the ground in readiness to be placed in the building."

"We have 460 lineal feet of earthen pipe for celd air ducts, 59,000 pounds of cast iron pipe for drainage purposes, 457 cubic feet of cut granite, 12,628 cubic feet of dressed colitic limestane, and about 17,000 cubic feet of colitic limestane, and about 17,000 cubic feet of colitic limestone, and about 17,000 cubic feet of collitic limestone in blocks ready for stone cutters." "How much sawed collic limestone have

"I should say about 3,000 cubicfeet ready for e cutters to dress up."
"Is your material coming in as fast as you the

can use it?"
"We are not getting any colitic limestone now, and no more will be shipped from the quarries until spring. This will not delay the work, as we have a sufficient quantity on hand to keep

the cutters employed until spring?
"About what is the value of the material and the work now in the building?"
"The actual values is about \$150,000, and the value of the material upon the the grounds about \$40,000. This month's estimate was \$10,

"Does this severe weather interfere with

"We have suspended operations on the work until the weather moderates permanently. The stone cutters, however, will continue the cutting, as their work is under shelter."
"How far has the construction of the building reserved."

ng progressed?"
"The walls of the basement are completed to the principal floor, and the beams and gird-ers of this floor are in position; also the iron columns of the basement. The work is in readiness to progress on the principal story as

readiness to progress on the principal story as soon as the severe weather is permanently over, when the construction will be pushed rapidly forward."

After leaving Mr. Edbrooke THE CONSTITUTION hunted up Mr. D. W. Champayne, superintendent in charge of the construction of the building, and asked him what he thought of the material being put in the building. Said her "The brick are first class in every respect." he: "The brick are first class in every respect. They are uniform in size, color and texture, and exceedingly strong and durable. The limestone going into the building I look upon as first class building material, and as to Stone mountain granite, I consider it excellent."
"How about the iron construction?"

"In answer to your question, I will say that the iron and the construction cannot be sur-

passed."
"What do you think of the general construc-tion of the building for strength, durability and permanence?"
"I think it excellent, and the state has done well in securing the services of Messrs. Ed-brooke and Burnham as architects I think

that Georgia will have every reason to feel proud of her building when it is completed," THE BOARD MEETS. \*
Yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock, the board of capitol commissioners met at the executive office for the purpose of holding its monthly meeting. The full board was present. The estimates on material furnished, and work done on the new capitol were examined and ordered paid. Mr. Edbrooke, the architect, was present, and expressed himself highly satisfied with the progress of the work.

The Atlanta Home. In the colums of our issue today will be seen the semi-annual statement of the Home insurance company. required by the laws of Georgia. A careful perusal of this statement shows that the company has done a very satisfactory work for the past six months. It advertises assets amounting to \$249,328.48. Its income for the six months amounts to \$42,320.96. Its expenditures for the six months were \$11,-823.96, leaving a balance of profit of \$30,497.01. A notable feature of the company's statement is that it advertises no unpaid losses. We commend this company to our insuring patrons as a home institution worthy of their fullest confidence and a liberal patronage.

A Malicious One. Dr. J. C. Harris, of Gwinnett county, who was arrested a few days ago for removing and concealing illicit for removing and concealing illicit whisky, says that he will prove the prosecu-tion to be a malicious one. The officer who tion to be a malicious one. The officer who arrested Dr. Harris says he acknowledged the

corn when he was first arrested. Foraging During the War. From the Fairburn, Ga., News. In the winter of 1864 the Colquitt brigade

was encamped near Wilmington, N. C. Ra-tions being scarce the boys would occasionally go out foraging, and would bring into camp and sell anything they could buy to those who remained in camp. Upon a certain night, complaint having been made to the general commanding, a guard was placed on the public roads leading to the camps, and all who were found with anything were placed in the "bull pen." The writer, with his command, was placed on duty in camp to guard those "pulled in," and by morning had quite a squad in the pen. At sunrise they were quite a squad in the pen. At submise they were marched to the general's headquarters, each man carrying his load of potatoes. Arriving there the command was halted and the general came out on the porch, and surveying the men, addressed them in no flattering terms, after which he ordered the potatoes emptied out into a pile, then for each man to fill his haverseck, which was done in fine style, while the sack, which was done in fine style, while the poor fellows who had carried them for many miles looked on with a wistful, hopeless gaze, that none but they could express. They were then allowed to go to camp, and all returned to enjoy the feast of roast and baked potatoes, while the poor fellows could only look on still.

Bad for Dakota, From the Leavenworth Times.

If Dakota comes into this union it will have to walk over the dead body of Senator Vest. He has intimated as much.

The Reason For It. From the Pittsburg Chronic

"There is another cold wave coming," re-narked Mr. Fangle to his wife last night.
"Where from?" asked the lady.
"From the northwest, where they all como

"Why do all the cold waves come from the northwest, my dear?"
"O, because there is so much coolness between
St. Paul and Minneapolis,"



creegth and wholesomeness. More economican the ordinary kind, and caunot be said meeticion with the multiitude of low test sh reight alum or phesphate put ders. Sold opivin als. Royal Baking Powder Co. Wall ceet, New York.

Amnsements.

Opera House.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
January 15 and 16. | GRAND SATURDAY
MATINEE AT 2, Announcement Extraordinary!

Appearance (after an absence of two years abroad) of THE FAVORITE COMEDIENNE, ANNIE PIXLEY.

FRIDAY EVENING and SATURDAY MATINEE, MARSDEN'S CHARMING COMEDY.

"ZARA."
SATURDAY NIGHT, Only Performance of the Great Success, M'LISS.

Miss Pixley introducing in each the newest songs and medleys arranged expressly for her.

45-No advance on prices. Reserved seats at Wilson & Bruckner's. Reserved seats at jan12 13 14 15 16. Monday and Tuesday, Special Tuesday Matinee January 18 & 19, at 2 p. m. THE FAMOUS

GRAND OPERA CO. Largest, Strongest and Only Successful Grand

Opera Company in America. Sopranos. EMMA ABBOTT. Tenors. FERNANDO MICHELENA, LAURA BELLINI. AGOSTINO MONTEGRIFFO. MARIE GREENWOOD. MAURICE CONNELL. Contraltos. Baritones. LIZZIE ANNANDALE, WM. PRUETTE,

BERTHA FRICKE.

Conductor. Hassos. WM. BRODERICK, THEODORE BRYANT.

ROBERT MAUREL.

Full chorus, grand orchestra, in all sixty people. Monday, January 18 M I K A D 0 Emma Abbott Tuesday | IL TROVATORE | Verdi's im-Matinee | IL TROVATORE | mortal opera Tuesday | Linda of Chamouni | Abbott | LINDA.

circle, \$1.50; Balcony, \$1; Matinee, \$1.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, **ART GOODS** 

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which carries the only official reports of SAM JONES MEETINGS. Published monthly. Only 50 cents a year. Splendid paper to canvass for. Good commission allowed. Apply at once as only one agent will be appointed in each county. The immense popularity of REV. SAM JONES-the remarkable success of his meetings, and the literary excellence of the "EVANGELIST," makes it easy to raise clubs. Address
THE SOUTHERN EVANGELIST,



LADIES desiring PERFECT FITTING SHOES, ask your dealer for Hough & Ford's Rochester, N.Y., make Prize Medal Shoes.

### RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Time Card prepared by Station Master J. S. Arm-trong, of the Union Passenger Depot, showing the crival and departure of all trains in the city:

		manne and the Cary.
	ARRIVE	RAILROAD. DEPART.
*	From Savannah* 7 82 am  "Barn'sv'll* 8 30 am  "Macon* 12 40 pm  "Savannah* 9 35 pm	To Savannah* 6 00 am To Macon* 2 45 pm To Savannah* 6 50 pm To Ba'nesville*. 4 30 pm
	WESTERN AND ATI	
	" Rome 11 06 am	To Chattanooga* 1 30 pm To Rome 3 40 pm

" Chata'ens 9 95 nm	To Rome 3 40 pm To Marietta 4 45 pm To Chattanooga* 555 pm To Chattanooga* 11 00 pm
From Selma* 7 22 am	To Selma* 1 10 pm
GEORGIA I	RAILROAD.

"Covingt'n 755 am "Decatur 1040 am "Augusta* 100 pm "Clarkston 330 pm	To Decatur To Clarkston To Augusta* To Covington	.2 45 pm 5 50 pm	
RICHMOND AND DA From Gain'sv'e. 8 25 am "Charlo'e* 12 40 pm "Charlo'e* 9 40 pm	NVILLE RAILRO To Charlotte* To Gainesville	7 40 am	
GEORGIA PACI		0 AE am	

GEORGIA PAC	FIC RAILWAY.
From Bir'g'm* 7 15 am "Bir'g'm* 9 30 am "Bir'g'm* 8 00 pm	To Birming'm* 8 05 a To Birming'm* 4 30 p To Birming'm* 10 00 p
EAST TENNESSEE, VIR	GINIA & GEORGIA R.
Day Express From South	Day Express North.
A 11 15 am	and West 12 01 no
Cannon Ball From South	Night Express North.
	and West 10 45 r
Day Express From North	Cannon Ball for Flori
	11 32 г
Night Express From	Fast Express for Flori
North 3 30 pm	4 00 p

### W. H. PATTERSON,

### BOND AND STOCK BROKER,

24 Pryor Street.

WANTED-

City, State and Railroad Bonds, Loans on bus ness and residence property negotiated.

### HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN Bonds & Stocks

Office No. 12 East Alabama St., Atlanta; Ga. I am authorized agent for the sale of the new state of Georgia 4½ per cent bonds. I have orders to advance price of these during the coming week Investors interests will be served by purchasing before the 15th of January, HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN.

### KOUNTZE BROTHERS,

#### BANKERS. No. 120 Broadway, - - - - New York, DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS RECRIVED FROM

bankers, merchants and others, and interest Advances made to correspondents on approved

business paper or other good collateral. Letters of credit issued. Collections made. Gov. ernment bonds and other securities bought and

### J. W. PHILLIPS & CO.,

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MILWAUKEE Chamber of Commerce. Established, 1863.
Correspondence in car lot business solicited. Special facilities for handling business in futures on the Chicago Board of Trade.

### FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

### Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

ATLANTA, January 15, 1886. New York exchange buying at par; selling a

STATE AND CITY BONDS. R.R. BONDS. Bld. Ask Bld. Asked. G.R. 6s, 1910.106 10 Solver	8
New Ga., 4½ 30 year106 Ga. 6s103 105 Ga. 6s103 105 Ga. 6s103	0
30 year106 107 Cen. R.7s, 1893, 109 11 Ga. 6s103 105 C. C. & A. 1st112 11	1
Ga. 6s	1
	3
Ga. 78 1886100 /2 101 A. & C. 1st116 11	
Ga. 7s, gold111 113 A. & C. inc 97 99	
Ga. 7s, 1896 121 123 M. & A. ind 100 10:	5
8. C. Brown104 106 W. of Ala. 1st106 109	
Savannah 5s 98 100 do. 2d107 109	
Atl'ta 8s, 1902121 123 Ga. Pac. ind104 106	
Atl'ta 88, 1892112 114 Ga. Pac. 2d	
Atl'ta 7s, 1904113 116 mortgage 40 43	
Atl'ta 78, 1899112 114 E. T. Va. & Ga	
Atl'ta 6s, L.D.107 109   1st consol 5s 60 65	
Atl'ta 6s, S.D100 . 101 RATLROAD STOCKS,	
Atlanta 5s 101 103 Georgia 158 159	1/
Augusta 78 103 105 [At. & Char 80 85	(3
Macon 6s109 111 Southwest'n114 117	
Columbus 5s 90 92 S. Carolina 5 10	
!ATNANIM BANK STOCKS.   Central 70 72	
Atlanta Nat'l.200 — Central deb 93 95	
Merch'ts B'k103 110 Aug. & Say119 121	
B'k State Ga120 150 A. & W. Pt 91 93	
Gate City Nat 100 105 do. deb 99 101	
RAILROAD BONDS. C. C. & A 30 85	
Ga. R. 68, 1897.104 107	

### NEW YORK STOCKS.

cks as Reported at the New York Stock

Exchange.

Exchange.

NEW YORE, January 15.—The stock market was unusually active and firm during the foreuoon and feverish and very weak after midday. It was known this meraing that the rumors regarding the settlement of the differences between the Trunk Lines which were freely ctreulated late yesterday afternoon had no other foundation in fact than that a meeting was held at the Window restreety, in the a meeting was held at the Windsor yesterday in the interest of the eastbound pool from Chicago. After a weak opening in which prices showed a decline of 1/4 to 1/4 per Icent for most of the active list, a firm tone prevailed throughout the morning, accompanied by moderate transactions. About midday it was appropried the Windson day it was announced that Brown Bros had en-gaged \$00,000 in gold for shipment to Europe to-morrow, and this appeared to be the signal for a heavy selling movement which drove prices down between 14 and 1 per cent. There was a fractional reaction, and in the last hour a feverish, irregular and weak market until near the close, when prices in most cases became somewhat steadier, although the final quotations showed an excited and feverish condition for the execution. the final quotations showed an excited and feverish condition for the general list. The street was abundantly supplied with rumors from Chicago going to show that eastbound passenger rates were being cut; while statements from this city were to the effect that scalpers were able to sell tickets to leading western points at a reduction of \$10 to \$5, although no open cuts were permitted. It was information of this kind which had such a telling effect upon prices after midday, and which resulted in establishing a net decline compared with last evening of 1 to over 2 per cent for most of the active stocks, the market closing at or very near the lowest figures of the day. Lackawanna is down 2½ per cent and Delaware and Hudson 2½. These were the only active coal stocks. Vanderbiits were alo freely sold both for long and short account. Lake Shore is down 2 per cent, New York Central 1½, Pacific Mail

both for long and short account. Lake Shore 1-down 2 per cent, New York Central 12%, Pacific Mail 2½, Missouri Pacific 2%, and the other declines for smaller amounts. Total sales 110,000 shares. Exchange 486%. Money 2. Sub-treasury bal-ances; Coin, \$160,929,000; currency \$14,390,000. Gov-ernments dull but steady; 4s 1234; 3s 1014. State bonds neglected. 

### THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE.

ATLANTA, January 15, 1886.

New York—Cotton opened steady for futures, but luring the morning a dull tone appeared which asted until near the case. lasted until near the close. Quotations underwent little fluctuations. Spots, middling 95-16c.

Net receipts for the week ending to-day 166,281 bales, against 189,408 bales last week and against 130,498 bales for the corresponding week last year; exports for the week 96,115 bales, against 160,320 for the corresponding week last year; stock 1,106,629 bales, against 945,611 bales for the same time last year.

year.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

March
April 9.56@ 9.69

April 9.66@ 9.69

Closed steady; sales 65,900 bales.
Local—Cotton firm with sellers asking higher prices. We quote spots as follows: Good middling 9.3-fe; middling 8½c; strict low middling 8½c; strict sood ordinary 8e; good ordinary 7½c; tinges 8½c; middling stains 8c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	. 35	
Air-Line Railroad	31	
Georgia Dailward	4.9	
Georgia Railroad	7	
Lentral Railroad	19.1	
Western and Atlantic Railroad	4.5	
West Deier D. Wallette Railfoad		
West Point Railroad	4 341	
E. Tenn. Va. & Ga. Railroad	2.0	
Consis Design De	1.0	
Georgia Pacific Railroad	- 1	
Total Receipts previously	-000	
Destination	-36	
Receipts previously	\$1.407	
Total	22.24	
Ot 10tal	52,644	
Steck September 1	433	
	100	
Grand total		
Grand (otal		133
SHIPMENTS.		
Shipmonts two dore	-201	
Shipments two days	236	
Sulphien's previously	00.050	
Long concumption proviously	4 000	
Local consumption previously	1,220	
Total		0.77

SHIPMENTS	133,077
Shipments two days	14250
Total	97,174
Actual stock on hand	927
Same day last year	215

.	Receipts today 23
	Same day last year
	Enowing a decrease of
1	Receipts since September 1
	Same time last year
t	Showing a decrease of
	NEW YORK, January 15.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending today:  Net receipts at all United States ports

Net receipts at all United States ports	106.
Same time last year	130.
Showing a decrease	24.
Total receipts	24,
Same time last year	,813,
Charing a decrees	
Showing a decrease	52,
Exports for the week	96.
Stille time last year	160.
- Showing a decrease	64
Total exports to date	969
Same time last year	576
Showing a decrease	307.
Stock at all United States ports	100
Same time last year.	945.0
Showing an increase	
Stock at interior towns	161.0
Came time lest man	250,
Same time last year	174,6
Showing a decrease	82,3
	579,0
Same time last year	724.0

	Chowing a decrease	82.33
	Stock at Liverpool	579.00
	Same time last year	724.00
	Showing a decrease	
	American action of set & Commission	145,90
	American cotton afloat for Great Britain	227,00
	Same time last year	325.00
	Showing a decrease	98.000
	NEW YORK January 16 Th Cu	
-	NEW YORK, January 15.—The following	are the
	total net receipts of cotton at all United	States
-	ports since September 1, 1885:	- cure
		575,408
	New Orleans	016, 100
1	Mobile	
	Mobile	180,782
	Savannah	614,050
	Charleston	388,943
	Wilmington	70 600

Sew York.. Newport News Philadelphia... West Point.... Brunswick... Port Royal... Pensacola... Indianola... Total... ...3,843,260 NEW YORK, January 15-The Post's cotton mar-

report says: Opening prices were 2-100 higher than the close last night, which gain was lost by 11 o'clock. On a very small business prices were advanced to opening rates again by 2 o'clock. On the third call 400 bales March were sold at 945, 1,000 bales April 9.56, 300 bales May 9.66, 200 bales 9.67. 200 bales June 9.77, 1,200 bales August 9.96, with a firm market. Futures closed barely steady about 2-100 higher than last night.

MANCHESTER, January 15-Cloths quiet with a fair inquiry. Yarns quiet and in moderate inquiry.

The Guardian, in its financial article, says: The market is quiet and steady with an increased inquiry for China staples, though few offers were accepted. India business is small, owing to the low prices offered. Yarns as in the control of offered. Yarns are inactive, and prices of

the finer numbers hardening. By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, January 15—12:15p.m.—Cotton steady and in fair demand; middling uplands 5 1-16; middling orleans 5½; sales 16,000 bales; speculation, and export 1,000; receipts 15,400; all American: uplands iow middling clause January January delivery 5; January and February delivery 5 1-64, 5; February and March delivery 5 1-64; March and April delivery 5 3-64; April and May delivery 5 1-64; May and June delivery 5 8-64; 5-66; June and July delivery 5 11-64; July and August delivery 5 15-64; August and September delivery 5 18-64 futures opened steady.

Weekly—Sales 59,000; American 43,000; speculation 4,200; export 3,000; atual export 9,200; import 63,000; American 50,000; American 27,000.

LIVERPOOL, January 15—200 p. m.—Sales of American 8,100 blaes; uplands low middling clause January delivery 5 1-64, sellers; February and March delivery 5 1-64, sellers; January and February delivery 5 1-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 4-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 4-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 1-64, sellers; June and July delivery 5 12-64, sellers; July and August delivery 5 15-64, buyers; August and September delivery 5 15-64, buyers; August and September delivery 5 15-64, buyers; August and September delivery 5 18-64, buyers; futures steady.

LIVERPOOL, January 15—5:00 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause January delivery 5 18-64, buyers; January and June August delivery 5 18-64, buyers; January and June August delivery 5 18-64, buyers; January and June delivery 5 18-64, buyers; January and June August delivery 5 18-64, buyers; January and Junery January 15—5:00 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause January delivery 5 18-64, buyers; January and June August delivery 5 18-64, buyers; January and June delivery 5 18-64, buyers; January and June August delivery 5 18-64, buyers; January and Junery 5 January and Junery 5 January and Junery 5 Januar

5 18-64, buyers; Adures steady.

LIVERPOOL, January 15—5:00 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause January delivery 5, buyers; January and February and March delivery 5-44, sellers; March and April delivery 5-44, sellers; March and April delivery 5-2-64, buyers; April and May delivery 5-5-64, buyers; June and July delivery 5-11-64, buyers; July and August and Gelivery 5-17-64, buyers; futures closed steady.

NEW YORK, January 15—Cotton steady; sales-1,568 bales; middling uplands 9 5-16; middling orleans 9/4; net receipts 126; gross 4,185; cansolidated net receipts 12,267; exports to Great Britain 7,902; to France 3,872; to continent 2,761.

Weekly-Net receipts 1,753; gross 25,810; exports to Great Britain 14,821; to France 1,850; to continent 4,856; sales 5,251; stock 253,274.

GALVESTON, January 15—Cotton firm; middling

GALVESTON, January 15—Cotton firm; middling 8 15-16; net receipts 1,641 bales; gross 1,541; sales 1,09; stock 85,744.

Weekly—Net receipts 10,753; gross 10,753; sales 2,529; exports to Great Britain 783; to France 1,544; to continent 674; constwise 2,576.

to continent 674; coastwise 2.376.

NORFOLK, January 15—Cotton dull; middling 9; net receipts 884 bales; gross 884; stock 49,867.

Weekly—Net receipts 8,757; gross 5,757; sales 3,724; exports to Great Britain 6,768; coastwise 3,442.

BALTIMORE, January 10—Cotton nominal; middling 94; net receipts 111 bales; gross 111; sales 300; stock 31,859; sales to spinners —

Weekly—Net receipts 2,638; gross 4,087; sales 1,200; to spinners —; exports to Great Briain 1,005; to continent 1,511; coastwise 2,011.

BOSTON, January 15—Cotton quiet; middling 866. BOSTON, January 15 Cotton quiet; middling 9%; net receipts 269 bales: gross 1,951; sales none; stock 5,210. Weekly—Net receipts 5,125; gross 16,251; sales none; exports to Great Britain 2,850. exports to Great Britain 2,850.
WILMINGTON, January 15—Cotton firm; middling 9; net receipts 16 bales; gross 16; sales none; stock 11.46.
Weekly—Net receipts 1,252; gross 1,252; sales none; exports coastwise 526.

PAILADELPHIA, January 15—Cotton quiet; mid-dling 5%; net receipts 213 bales; gross 213; stock dling 5% net receipts 76 bales; gross 218; stock 12.461.
Weekly-Net receipts 761; gross 4.813; sales none; experts to Great Britain 1.538.
SAVANNAH, January 15-Cotton firm; middling 94; net receipts 1.632 bales; gross 1,632; sales 1.250, weekly-Net receipts 8,752; gross 8,901; sales 7,700 experts to France 2.652; to continent 1,000; coast wise 4,857.

wise 4,887.

NEW ORLEANS, January 15—Cotton firm: middling 8 11-16; net receipts 5,166 bales; gross 5,584 sales 4,000; steck 236,264.

Weekly—Net receipts 44,959; gross 49,201; sale 11,250; exports to Great Britain 15,397; to Franc 13,168; to continent 12,063; coastwise 8,177.

MOBILE, January 15—Cotton firm middling 811-16; net receipts 1,324 bales; gross 1,324; sales 500; stock 61,537.

61,837.

Weekly-Net receipts 11,371; gross 11,441; sales 3,600; exports coastwise 6,854.

MEMPHIS. January 15—Cotton steady; middling 811-16; net receipts 98 bales; shipments 1,540; sales 2,500; stock 131,532.

Weekly-Net receipts 4,476; shipments 8,465; sales 9,400; to spinners -
AUGUSTA, January 15—Cotton quiet; middling 354; net receipts 341 bales; shipments --; sales 618; stock 40,452.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,282; shipments 1,624; sales 2,262; to spinners none. 2,222; to spinners none. CHARLESTON, January 15—Cotton firm; middling 876; net receipts 725 bales; gross 725; sales 1,000; Weekly-Net receipts 4,135; gross 4,135; sales 6,000; xports to Great Britain 6,325; to continent 7,810;

MONTGOMERY, January 15—Cotton firm; mid-ing 8½; net receipts of the week 938 bales; ship-cuts 3,643; stock of 1884, 10,765; 1885, 18,296; sales 3,635.

MACON, January 15—Cotton quiet; middling 8½; met receipts of the week 302 bales; sales 640; stock of 1881, 2,560; 1885, 7,511; shipments 667.

COLUMBUCS, January 15—Cotton in good demand; middling 8½; net receipts of the week 700 bales; shipments 1,515; sales 2,276 to spinners 20. stock 19,398.

NASHVILLE, January 15—Cotton steady; middling 8½; net receipts of the week 175 bales; shipments 56; sales 842; to spinners 112; stock 0184, 4,582; 1886, 3,854.

SELMA, January 15—Cotton quiet; middling 8½; not receipts of the week 642 bales; shipments 1,391; stock 15,349. Innuary 15—Cotton steady; middling 811-46; net receipts of the week 918 bales; shipments 1,500; stock 11,308.

#### THE CHICAGO MARKET. Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Produce.

Special to The Constitution. cHiCAGO, January 15—The strength developed yesterday afternoon held good during the early hours this morning, May advancing to 86% but when the more urgent orders had filled price seased of 1/2 and the began to sell off rapidly, the decline not being stopped until May touched s12/c, after which a slight reaction followed, the market clossing for the day at 84 26/85. The sharp decline was attributed to a report had further shiper approximately attributed to a report that further shipments would be made. There was an absence of export demand, but interior millers were reported to be buying freely, which helped to steady the market at the close.

Corn and cats were dull. There was a very sharp demand for mess pork May advancing to \$10.90 and closing at outside

#### PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC. CONSTITUTION OFFICE, LATLANTA, January 15, 188

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade today: Opening. Highest. Lowest. Closing.

PORK. Flour, Grain and Meal.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, January 15—Flour—Best patent \$6.50

656.75: extra fames \$6.006 %.25: famey \$5.506 %5.75;
extra family \$5.00; choice family \$1.506 \$1.75; family
\$4.256 \$4.50; extra \$1.006 \$1.25. Wheat—No. 2 red
\$1.086 \$1.10; No. 3 do. \$1.06. Bran—Largesacks \$50;
small \$50. Corn meal—Plain \$50; boiled \$55; pea
meal \$75. Grits—\$6.75. Corn—No. 2 white Tennessee
\$60; No. 2 white mixed \$50; No. 2 white mixed \$50.
0ats—Red rust proof \$50; No. 2 mixed \$45. Hay—
Choice timothy, large bales, \$1.00; small bales \$1.00;
No. 1, large bales, \$736; small bales \$750; clover
\$900; wheat straw baled \$750. Peas—Red \$900; clay
\$900; mixed \$90.

BALTIMORE, January 15—Flour steady; Howard street and western superfine \$2.62@\$3.00; extra \$3.25@4.00; family \$4.25@\$1.75; city mills superfine \$2.50@4.00; family \$4.25@\$1.75; Rio brands \$1.62@\$1.75. Wheat, southern nominal; western steady and inwheat, southern nominal; western steady and in-active; (southern red 9693; amber 94697; No. 1 Maryland 926333; bid. No. 2 western winter red spot 833; bid. Corn, southern nominally steady; western steady and fairly active; southern white 46 651; yellow 46659.

NEW YORK, January 15-Flour, southern steady and quiet; common to fair extra \$5.506.85.90; good to choice \$4.056.55.40. Wheat, cash less active and about 1/c lower: ungraied red 8.699.5/. No. 2 red January \$94.689.5/. February \$94.689.5/. March (53.699.5). Conn. spot a shade higher and less active, closing steady; ungraded 454.6445. No. 2

CINCINNATI, January 15—Flour quiet and unchanged; family \$1.00@\$1.25; fancy \$1.40@\$1.60. Wheat dull; No. 2 red winter 93. Corn firm; No. 3 mixed 37. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 315—Grain steady. Wheat, No. 2 red winter 93. Corn, new mixed 37. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 313\_@\$2.

ATLANTA, January 15.—Coffee—Fancy Rio 11½ @12; choice 10@11; prime 10@10½; fair 9@0½; or diversely 64. Get. Sugar—Cut loai, bbis, and halves \$½c; tandard granulated 7½c; standard A 7½c; off A 7; whiteextra 6 %c; yellow do. &de. yellow 6 &de. \$yrups—New Orleans fancy kettle 55c; choice kettle 55c; prime kettle 60&45c; choice centringal 45c; primecut 53@ 37c; fair do. Z@33c; fancy sugar syrup 50c; do. choice 45c; do. prime 30a; 37c; fair do. Z@33c; fancy sugar syrup 50c; do. choice 45c; do. prime 30a; 37c; fair do. Z@33c; fancy sugar syrup 50c; do. choice 45c; do. prime 30a; 30c. African singer 14c. Mace 30c. Pepper 19c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Beston butter 7½c; pearl oyster 6½c; X soda 4½c; XXXX do. 5c. Candy—Assorted stick 9c. Mackerel—No. 1 bbis, \$6.50; No. 3 bbis \$6.50; ½ bbis, \$3.50; kits 50; pails \$5.50; \$2.00@35.00 9 100 cakes. Candies—Full weight 12½. Matches—Round wood, \$2 gross, \$1.13; \$2.00, \$1.55; \$300, \$300, \$300

NEW YORK, January 15—Coffee, fair Rio spot dull at 84; old and new No. 7 Rio spot 6.60; January 6.40; February 6.50. Sugar dull and nominal: fair to good refining 54,60%; refined. C 54,66%; extra C 54,66%; white extra C 54%; yellow \$65%; off A 6; mould A 6,466%; standard A 6,716,66% confectioners A 6,666 11-16; cut loaf and crushed 7.3-166.7%; powdered 65,667%; granulated 6%; Cubes 515-1666. Molasses dull; Cuba 23%. Rice steady; domestic 467.

467.
CINCINNATI, January 15 — Sugar unchanged; hards refined 7%67%: New Orleans 5@5%.
CRICAGO, January 15—Sugar unchanged; standard A 6%; granulated 7%. Provisions.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, January 15—Provisions in better demand. Pork \$10.62\( \) 62166 \$10.65 \text{ for new.} \text{ Bulk meats, loose lots, long clear 5.15; short ribs 5.25; short ribs 5.265.25; short clear 5.37\( \) 625.65; short clear 5.37\( \) 626.52; short clear 5.37\( \) 626.60; hort ribs 5.266.52; short ribs 5.75; short clear 5.90\( \) 6.09; hams 8\( \) 611. Lard 5.90\( \) 6.09.

CHICAGO, January 15—Mess pork opened 2\( \) 35\( \) 612\( \) 612\( \) 62\( \) 62\( \) 65\( \) 6

sides 5½; shoulders 4. Bacon, clear ribs 5.90; clear sides 6½; shoulders 4½; hams, sugar-cured 9½610. Land, choice leaf 7½68.
CINCINNATI, January 15—Pork quiet and steady at \$10.50. Lard firm; prime steam 6.07½ Bulk meats dull; partly cured shoulders 3.90; short rib 5.1565.20. Bacon unchanged; shoulders 4½; short ribs 5.90; short clear 6.12½.

NEW YORK, January 15—Pork firm and more active; meas spot 810.25. Cut meats firm; boxed 5½. Middles dull; long clear 5½ Lard unchanged; western steam spot 6.42½66.45; January 6.4166.42; February 6.4266.44.

ATLANTA, January 15—Bellies 7½c; bulk clear rib sides 5½c; smoked shoulders 5c. Bacon, sugarcured shoulders 7½c; sugar-cured hams, 10 th average, 11c; do. 14 haverage 10½c, a Lard—Leat tierces, refined 7c.

Naval Stores.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, January 15—Turpentine firm at 36; rosin firm; strained 76; good strained 80; tar firm at \$1.00; crude turpentine steady; hards \$1.00; yellow dip and virgin \$1.50.

EAVANNAH, January 15—Turpentine firm at 36; bid; sales—barrels; rosin steady; strained and good strained \$1.00g\$1.00; sales—barrels.

CHARLESTON, January 15—Turpentine very firm at 33½ bid; rosin, strained 85; good strained 90.995.

NEW YORK, January 15—Rosin quiet at \$1.00\$
\$1.05; turpentine quiet at 33½.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, January 15—Apples—\$1.506\$2.00 \$\pi\$ bbl. Lemons—\$2.506\$5.00 \$\pi\$ box; Florida lemons \$2.00 &\$5.00.00 \text{ Core-pints} = \$2.006\$2.50 \$\pi\$ box; \$5.00 &\$5.00.00 \text{ Core-pints} = \$2.006\$2.50 \$\pi\$ box; \$5.00 &\$5.00.00 \text{ Bananas} = \$1.006\$2.00. Figs—166\text{ See Raisins} = \$\pi\$ box \$2.76; new London \$3.76; \( \frac{1}{2} \text{ box \$1.76}; \) \( \frac{1}{2} \text{ box \$1.76}; \( \frac{1}{2} \text{ box \$1.76}; \) \( \frac{1}{2} \t

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, January 15— Mules are in fair de mand with supply moderate. The market is unchanged as to prices. We quope as follows: Mules—14 to 15 hands \$90@\$125; 15 to 1534 hands \$1266 \$165. Horses—Plug \$60@\$100; drive \$100@\$150. CINCINNATI, January 15—Hogs quiet and firm; crm ut and light \$3.10@\$2.85; packing and butchers \$3.90@\$4.10.

ers \$3 80\$\$6.0.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, January 15—Eggs—25@26c. Butter—
Jersey25c; Tennessec 15@20c. Poultry—Hens 20@
25c;chickens 123@15c;cocks 20c;ducks 20c. Dressed
Poultry—Chickens 11@123c; turkeys 15@123c.
Irish potatoes—\$2.00.82.25 & bbl. Sweet Potatoes—
\$3.646c. Honey—Strained 66.7c; in the comb 125c.
Onlons—\$2.25@3.00. Cabbage—2c.

Hardware. Hardware.

ATLANTA, January 15—Market steady. Horse shoes \$4.00; mule-shoes \$5.00; horse-shoe nails 12½ 620c. Iron-bound hames \$4.00. Trace-chains 30.66 70c. Ames' shovels \$9.50. Spades \$9.50@\$13.00. Well buckets \$4.00. Cotton rope 16c. Swede iron 5c. rolled (or merchant bar) 2½ rate. Cast-steel 15c. Nails \$3.50. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, \$8 b 75c; painted 6c. Powder, rifle, \$1.00; blasting \$2.75. Bar-lead 7c; shot \$1.65.

Miscellaneous. ATLANTA, January 15— Leather — Steady; G. 1. 22@25c; P. D. 21@24: best 25@28c; whiteoak sole loc; harness leather 30@38c; black upper 35@40c.



### The Merchant Dealing in

# **GUINN'S**

CURES	RHEUMATISM, MERCURIAL POISON,	
	SCROFULOUS AFFEC	TION
	GLANDULAR SWELLINGS SKIN DISEASES,	

R. GUINN first manufactured and sold his med icine from PERRY, GA.

### In an humble way, using an ordinary from pot for boiling. The business was run under the name of SWIFT & GUINN!

PERRY, GA., WITH THE CAUTION PRINTED ON EACH LABEL: "NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE WRITTEN SIGNATURE OF R. GUINN."

And the medicine was sold at \$5 per bottle. The co-partnership was dissolved by Mr. C. T. Swift retiring, and Mr. R. Guinn continuing the manufacture of this celebrated vegetable blood renewer from southern forests up to the present time. He has now sold his right therein to the

## MACON MEDICINE CO.,

MACON, GA. Essay on blood and skin diseases mailed free,
MACON MEDICINE CO.,
Macon, Ga.

TEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S office, January I, 1886.—In reapplication of Sallie J. Bearse, widow of Jerome Bearse, for year's support for herself and children.

The appraisers in the above matter having returned to the undersigned a schedule of the property set apart by them, all persons concerned are required to show cause before me at the next February term of the court of ordinary of said county, why said application should not be granted.

Jan 2 9 16 23 30

jan 2 9 16 23 30

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
Office, January 1st, 1886. John L. Kennedy
has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth A. Morris, deceased. This is,
therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first
Monday in February next, else letters will then be
granted saip applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary,
law-lw-ian 2-9-16-29-30. 1aw4w-jan 2-9-16-23-30.

GORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-ORDINARY'S
Office, January Ist, 1886. Daniel H. Howell
has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Ida S. Howell, deceased. This is, therefore,
to notify all concerned to file their objections, if
any they have, on or before the first Monday in
February next, else letters will then be granted
said applicant, as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary,
1aw4w-jan 2-9-16-23-39,

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S Office, January 1st, 1886.—John C. Hendricks has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Carrie Cummings, deceased:

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in February next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

1awiw Jan 2, 9, 16, 23, 30.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S Office, Jamary 1st. 1886.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Beverly Carter, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in February next. unless valid objection is made thereto.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, 1awiw Jan 2, 9, 16, 23, 30.

GORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-ORDINARY'S office, January 1st, 1886. Joseph L. Hornsby has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Thomas H. Hornsby, deceased, rids is, therefore, to holify all concerned to file the objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in February next, else letters all these be granted said applicant, as applied for jan 2-9-16-23-30. W. L. CALHOU.

# PIEDMONT AIR-LINE,

The Great Through Car Route, With Double Daily Trains

RAILWAY SYSTEM.

And Through Sleeping Car Service Complete BETWEEN THE SOUTH AND NORTH. 72 MILES SHORTER AND 8 HOURS QUICKER

THAN ANY OTHER ROUTE TO WASHINGTON AND THE EAST. Richmond and Danville Railroad Time One Hour Faster than At-lanta City Time.

Shedule in effect Nov. 15th, p1885.	Mai Ex No	pres	S	Exp		
Leave Atlanta (City Time)	7 40	a	m	5 10	n	700
Leave Atlanta (R. & D. Time	8 40	8	m	6 10	n	m
Arrive Lulu	10 55	8	m	8 52	n	m
" Seneca	12 51	D 1	m	11 07	n	m
" Greenville	2 23	D	m	12 40	B	m
" Charlotte	6 10	D	m	5.00	9	770
Salisbury	7 47	n i	m	6 39		FIR
" Greensboro	9 18	n i	m	8 20	9	773
" Danville	1 07	D	m	10.26	9	777
" Lynchburg	1 50	0.1	m	1 50	n	m
" Charlottville	2 55	9 1	200	4 90	h	111
" Washington	8 00	0 1	22	9.15	h	m
" Baltimore	0 25	0 1	200	11 20	b	1111
" Philadelphia	19 45	n 1	22	2 00	P	111
" New York	2 90	P	211	6 20		m
" Boston	10.20	P	111	3 30	a	m
Leave Danville	12 05	aı	n	10.55	a	m
Arrive Burkville	3 57	8 I	23	2 00	D	m
" Riehmond	7 00	ar	n	4 07	p	m
" Norfolk	12 no	on	-11	12 no	ōn	
GAINESVILLE ACCOM	MOD	ATI	03	5	-	-
Leave Atlanta city time				4.30	n	m
Arrive Gainesville	********			6.40	E.	777
RETURNING.	******	*****		0 40	F.	***
Leave Gainesville city time				600		m
Arrive Atlanta				8 90		

Only 31 Hours Transit ATLANTA TO NEW YORK.

Washington.

Berths secured and numbers given ten days in advance in these cars. Train number 53 has Pullman Falace cars New Orleans to Washington.

Train number 51 has Pullman Buffet and Sleeping car New Orleans to Washington and Atlanta to New York. Two Daily Trains for Athens, Georgia.

EXCEPT SUNDAY. E. BERKELY,
Superintendent,
Atlanta, Ga.
C. W. CHEARS,
Ass. Gen. Pass. Agent.
Richmond, Va.
C. E. SERGEANT,
City Pass. Agent,
Atlanta Ga.
Atlanta, Ga

### THE GEORGIA RAILROAD

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
Office General Manager,
Augusta, Ga., Nov. 21, 1885.
Commencing Sunday, 22d proximo, the following passenger schedule will be operated:
Trains run by 90th meridian time.

FAST LINE.

FAST	LINE
NO 27 WE	ST-DAILY.
Leave Augusta	7 40
Leave Washington	7 20
Leave Athens	7 45
Leave Gainesville	5.55
Arrive Atlanta	1 00
	ST-DAILY.
Leave Atlanta	0945
Leave Gainesville	8 85
Arrive Athens	7/40
Arrive Washington	7.10
Arrive Augusta	Q 15
DAY DACCEN	GER TRAINS.
NO O FIGT DALLY	GER TRAINS.
NO. 2 EAST-DAILY. L've Atlanta 8 00 am	NO. 1 WEST-DAILY
Ar Coincerille 6 00 am	L've Augusta10 50
Ar. Gainesville 8 25 pm	Macon 7 10 a
" Athens 5 30 pm	" Milledgeville 9 38 8
" Washington 2 20 pm	" Washington11 20 a
" Milledgeville 4 43 pm	" Athens 9 00 8
" Macon 6 15 pm	Ar. Gainesville 8 25 p
" Augusta 3 85 pm	
NIGHT EXPRI	SS AND MAIL.
NO. 4 EAST-DAILY.	NO. 3 WEST-DAILY.
L've Atlanta 8 15 pm	L've Augusta 9 45 p
Ar. Augusta 5 50 am	Ar. Atlanta 6 45 a
COVINGTON ACC	COMMODATION.
Timo Atlanta 5 50 mm l	Time Contrator 5 40 a

CLARKSTON TRAIN.

east. J. W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager.

Gen'l Manager.

Gen'l Pass Agent.

(LEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S Office, January 1st, 1866. On re-application of Maris D. Cole, widow of Moses Cole, for year's support for herself and children..

The appraisers in the above matter having resturned to the unndersigned a schedule of the property and money set apart by them, all persons concerned are required to show cause before me, at the pext February term of the court of ordinary, of said county, why said application should not be granted.

W. L. CADHOUN, ordinary.

Jan. 2, 9, 15, 23, 30.

Jan. 2, 9, 15, 25, 30.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, January 1st, 1886. John S. Broomhead has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Benjamin HBroomhead, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in February next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, law4w-jan 2-9-16-23-30.

GEORGIA, FULTON, COUNTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO

law4w-jan 2.9-16-22-20.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINANY'S OF Office, November 6th, 1885, Thomas M. Martin, administrator of Julia A. Wood, deceased represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in February next, why said administrator should not betdischarged from said administration.

W. L. CAHOUN, Ordinary.

nov 7 law 3 mons

W. L. CAHOUN, Ordinary.

OEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S office. November 6th, 1885. George W. Adair, administrator of W. C. Moore, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, or on before the first Monday in February next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. nov 7, 1aw 3 mo.

nov 7, law 3 mo.

GEORGIA.—FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S

Geffice, December 4, 1885.—Frankie L. Smith, as
administratirix of Charles J. Smith, represents that
she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust,
and prays for letters of dismission.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned
to show cause, if any they can, on or before the
first Monday in March next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said administration.

Sai 3mos

Ordinary.

Ordinary.

CLEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Useffice, January 1st, 1sse: George Winship has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Moses Cole, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in February next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. I. CALHOLY.

jan 2 9 16 20 30 CEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY. ORDINARY'S office, January 2nd, 1881.—George Winship has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Arthur E. Joseph A. and 1 ucy N. Cole, minors under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in February next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.

1awiw-Jan 4 9 16 23 36. THE-

### RICHMOND AND DANVILLE NEW ORLEANS SHREVEPORT

AND TEXAS SHORT LINE

The Georgia Pacific R'v. Co.

Schedule in Effect December 3d, 1885. WESTWARD. Leaves Atlanta 8 05 a. m. daily.
Arrives at Birmingham 8 55 p. m.
"Meridian 11 39 p. m.
"New Orleans 7 00 a. m.

Leaves Atlanta daily 4 30 p. m.
Stops at all stations between
Atlanta and Tallapoosa
Arrives at Birmingham 11 35 p. m
"Meridian 6 25 a m.
"Vicksburg 12 40 p m.
"Shreveport 11 10 p m. Arrives at New Orleans 1 00 p m Deaves Atlants 10 00 p. m. da Stops at; all statio Arrives Birmingham 9.50 a. m. Arrives at Atlanta 8 00 p. m. Leaves Birmingham 5 45 pm dally Stops at all Stations. Arrives Atlanta 9 30 a.m.

Leaves Birmingbam 1 06 am daily Stops at all stations between Tallapoosa and Atlanta. Arrives at Atlanta 7 15 a.m. Arrives at Lynchbug 1 50 a m.
"Washington 8 00 a m. Mann boudeir sleeping and dining cars between Atlanta and New Orleans via the Georgia Pacific allway and Queen and Crescent on trains 50 and or

Train 58 connects at Atlanta with E. T. V. & Ga. R. R., C. R. R. of Ga. and Ga. R. R. for points in Georgia and Florida, and with PIEDMONT AIR LINE for points in the Carolinas, Virginia and the north and east.

The fastest line to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Pullman cars Atlanta, to New York without change. es. 50 and 52 leave Atlanta on arrival of New rains via PIEDMONT AIR LINE and make dest time via New Orleans and Shreveport

to all points in Texas.

Also connect at Birmingham with L & N. R. R.
for Nashville, Memphis, Louisville, Chicago and
St. Louis.

All trains arrive at and depart from the Union
depot, Atlanta, and from Georgia Pacific depot
(20th street and Powell avenne) Birmingham, Ala.
L Y. SACE,
GEO. S. BARNUM,
General Sup't.
General Passenger Agent.

Central, Southwestern & Montgomery & Eufaula Rai roads. All trains of this system are run by Central or

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, DEC. 6, 1885, PAS senger trains on these roads will run as follows GOING FROM ATLANTA. Lv. Atlanta D No Av. Thomaston D "Carrollton ... 2:45 p m 7:15 p m 6:25 p m

" Carrollion.
" Macon D No 54.
" Augusta.
" Savannah D No 54.
" Jacksonville D.
Perry D E S No 27.
Fort Gaines E D S No 27.
Biakeley D E S No 25.
Albany D No 26. ..10:40 p m "Albany D No 25....."
Eufeula D No 1.....
"Columbus D No 5."
"Montgomery D No 1 

8:40 a m 12:40 p m 8:15 a m . 5:00 a m .10:30 p m .8:20 p m Lv. Jacksonville via Savannah D... 8:10 p m

Ar. Atlanta D No 58.

Lv. Jacksonville via Savannah D.

"Jacksonville via Atlanta D.

"Savannah

"Albany D.

"Blakely

"Fort Gaines.

"Perry D E S No 24.....

"Columbus.

"Montgomery.

"Maton D No L.

"Thomasion D E S No 34...

"Carrollton.

At. Atlanta D No L.

Sleening cers on trains from Savar

NORTHEASTERN BAILROAD. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHENS, GA., Jan. 1st, 1896.
Commencing Friday, January 1st, 1886, the following schedule will operate on this road. Trains on by 75th meridian time—one hour faster than thens time.

### EANS PORT ORT LINE

ific R'v. Co.

ember 3d, 1885.

idian 11 30 p. m. Orleans 7 00 a. m.

poosa gham 11 35 p. m in 6 25 a m. ian 6 25 a m. burg 12 40 p m. eport 11 10 p m. rleans 1 00 p.m Orleans 1'00 p m
10 00 p. m. daily,
tops at, all stations,
tham 9 50 a. m.
ham 8 00 a m daily
ops at all Stations,
at 8 00 p. m.
ham 5 45 pm daily
tops at all Stations,
tham 1 05 am daily
il stations between
Atlanta Arrives
Atlanta 7 15 a. m.

more 9 35 a m. delphia 12 45 p m. York 3 40 p m, ning cars between he Georgia Pacific t on trains 50 and

ith E. T. V. & Ga. , Baltimore, Philaw York without

rt from the Union eorgia Pacific depot ) Birmingham, Ala. EO. S. BARNUM, I Passenger Agent.

tern & Monta Rai.roads.

e run by Central or ember 6th, 1835. EC. 6, 1885, PAS ill run as follows

.10:45 p m 6:50 p m

6:25 p m

6:00 a m 12 noon

to Savannah; No 2 to Jack-Passengers for Passengers for ania, Ga., take make close con F & W Ry for ints. Train No R R. Trains 52 S F & W R'y for TLANTA 7:20 p m

> 5:00 a m 10:30 p m 8:20 p m . 8:10 p m

. 3:35 a m . 7:32 a m

... 7:32 p m .. 4:10 a m ... 6:00 a m

....12:40 p m nah to Macon ion at Atlanta and western sleeping and ville at 7:20 p n. D—Dailey, s for all points Unioni depot A., Savannah, Ga.

AILROAD. . . A., Jan. 1st, 1886, 1st, 1886, the fol-this road. Trains hour faster than No. 58 | No. 51 8:45 a m | 5:30 p m 10:53 a m | 8:00 p m 1:40 p m | 10:40 pm 1:55 p m | No. 50. No. 52. 8:00 a m | 6:10 pm 11:10 am | 8:55 pm 1:35 pm | 10:45 pm

To Be Completed.—It is now pretty definitely settled that the Metropolitan street car company will complete their line to Grant's park by the first of June. WANTED IN DEKALE COUNTY.—Butler Woods, who is wanted in DeKalb county, was arrested yesterday morning by Detectives Bedford and Steerman, and was taken back to Decatur lastnight. SUPPOSED TO BE A SAFE BLOWER-A pri a daily 4 30 p. m.

vate telegram received in Atlanta yesterday says that a man supposed to be one of the cracksmen who opened Cohen's safe is under rest in Savannah.

THE CONSTITUTION

EVENTS FOR TO-DAY, JAN. 16, 1886. AT THE OPERA HOUSE-ANNIE PIXLEY IN "M'LISS."

THROUGH THE CITY. Pavement Paragraphs Caught on the Fly by
The Constitution Reporters.

No ACTION.—The county commissioners have taken no action on the bond of the tax collector, but rumor has it that the bond will have to be strengthened.

Wants Danages. Ben Jones has entered suit in the United States court against the East Tennessee road, claiming \$15,000 damages for personal injuries received in an accident between Macon and Atlanta. DANGEROUSLY SICK.—The many friends of Mr. James J. McMahon, will regret to learn that he is dangerously sick at his room, at the Kimball house. He is carefully nursed by Mr. James Doyle and the sisters of mercy. Mr. McMahon was first taken Tuesday. The doctors refuse to allow his friends to see him.

AFTER THE PULLMANS,—Comptroller Gen-gral William A. Wright, has written to the Pullman Car company, of Chicago, informing the management that if it does not at once re-spond with the amount due the state for taxes, he will sell the palace car which he has levied and satisfy the claim. He refuses to wait nger on the company, and asks for an imme

THE WOMAN'S HOME-Thursday more than THE WOMAN'S HOME—Thursday more than a hundred people we're warmed and fed at the woman's home on darietta street. Twelve gallens of soup was given away. The matron would be glad to receive donations of bedoing, as there is a great demand for anything in that line. A New Home sewing machine was donated to the home Thursday.

READY FOR BUSINESS,-Commissions were is sued from the executive department yester-day as follows: To D. W. Caldwell, notary-public of the 124th, and John B. Cantwell no-tary public of the 1051st district of Lumpkin county. Also to Sam Reynold, justice of the peace of the 4th district of Chatham, who sucreeds W. H. Woodhouse, colored, recently re-

SHE USED CHLOROFORM.—Mrs. Comstack, a widow lady who lives at 36 Church street, inhaled and swallowed a quantity of chloroform yesterday, and when found was in an insensible condition. Drs. Goldsmith and Elkin were called in, and after hard work succeeded in giving the lady a lease on life a mind Mrs. Comstack is the same lady who took a large dose of morphine at her home on Spring street last summer.

ADVERTISING HOTEL REGISTERS.—The James T. Hair Co., of Chicago, has filed a suit in the United States court against L. W. Scoville et al. The bill filed alleges that while Mr. Scoville was proprietor of the Sanford house, Sanford, Florida, he contracted to use the advertising registers made by the James T. Hair Company. After using them a short time he gave them up and several advertisers dropped out on this account.

The Superior Court.—Vesterday in the superior court the case of Jennings & Smith vs. Zack Castleberry, the jury made a verdict for the defendant. The case of S. D. Johnson vs. T. H. Quinn, dispossesory warrant was dismissed. When court adjourned the case of Hill and Thomson, assignees Citizens bank, vs. the Atlanta National bank was being argued.

To BE TRIED TODAY -Barton, the man To Be TRIED TODAY—Barton, the man who signed several commercial traveling men day before yesterday, at the Kimball house, will be given a preliminary trial on the warrant charging him with cheating and swindling today before Judge Tanner. Barton's trial was to have occurred yesterday, but was postponed on account of the absence of witnesses for the prosecution. Milledge & Smith are the attorneys for the prosecution. Yesterday Messrs, Chamberlin, Johnson & Co., received a telegram from the Butterick company directing them to prosecute any bogus ny directing them to prosecute any bogo traveling agent.

HOUSE FOR RAFFLE.-The Sisters of Mercy HOUSE FOR RAFFLE.—The Sisters of Mercy are offering at raffle a valuable house and lot near the East Tennessee shops. The lot is fifty by a hundred feet, and the house was put up by Mr. Fallon. The titles are good, and the property is worth all that is asked for it. There are two thousand tickets at one dollar each. They are for sale at the Kimball house. Schuman's Stilson's grandlett's Fasking's and Schuman's, Stilson's, Bramlett's, Erskine's and Lynchs', and the raffle will take place on Feb-ruary 22nd, but parties having lists will please make returns by February 1st. This work is charitable, and at the same time it is a chance for a home, and the whole two thousand tickets ought to be taken.

ALL THE CARP GONE. - Yesterday Commis sioner Henderson exhausted his supply of carp, by sending out the last that he had in his aquarium, and for the benefit of the people of the state who continue to write to the department for

write to the department for carp, the commissioner requests THE CONSTITUTION to state that he will have no more for some months. He says that the unfilled applications now in the department will be kept on file and will be attended to when he gets on hie and will be attended to when he gots his next supply. Any other applications for carp will be treated in the same way. The demand for carp in Georgia is as great now as it has been at any time since the fish were first introduced into the state.

IN CHAMBERS.-Judge James S. Boynton held court in chambers yesterday morning in

the state library.

In the case of the Lawrenceville Branch railroad vs. Brand and Hammond, motion for a new trail from Walton, the motion was refused. In the case of Bailey and Ezell, from Butts, who failed a short time ago and assigned to M. V. McKibben. Wright & Beck as at torneys for the creditors of the firm, appeared torneys for the creditors of the firm, appeared and asked for the appointment of a receiver. Judge Boynton heard the argument in the application, and signed an order appointing L. B. Watson, clerk of the superior court of Batts, receiver of the firm. Mr. Watson is required to give a bond of \$5,000, and ordered to make a return at the March term of the Butt superior court.

THE DEMAND FOR TOBACCO SEED.—The demand for tobacco seed is far exceeding the expectations of Agricultural Commissioner Henderson. Since announcing his determination to distribute seed to any one who will give the experiment a satisfactory trial the commissioner has been flooded with applications for tobacco seed. He has already sent out about 800 packages of seed, or enough to plant 800 acres, as a package contains seed enough for an acre. Seeing that the demand was as great as everthe commissioner yesterday ordered ten pounds more of yellow orinoco, which he thinks is the best adapted for general use. Upon every package of seed, printed directions for planting are given. Captain Redding, chief clerk of the department, is now preparing a manual upon tobacco, which will be given to the public in a day or Captain Redding, chief clerk of the department, is now preparing a manual upon tobacco, which will be given to the public in a day or two. The manual will give all information of interest to those who propose to interest themselves in tobacco planting. It will contain carefully compiled information relative to planting the seed, cultivating the crop and gathering and curing the product. The manual is anxiously looked for, although as yet there has been no pressing demand for it, as information relative to planting the seed is given in every package sent out.

### SHOT IN THE BACK.

W. W. THURMAN FATALLYSHOOTS A. S. STANSELL LAST NIGHT.

Two Old Friends Meet Beside a Warm Fire in a Drug Store Counting Room One Playfully Callars the Other-A Quarrel Ensues- are Separated -Meet Again and Patal Shot Occurs.

W. W. Thurman, the saloonist at 210 Marietta street, shot and fatally wounded A. S. Stansell last night. Thurman is now a fugitive from justice and

Stansell is thought to be dying. The shooting happened about seven o'clock at No. 212 Marietta street. It was the result of one of Thurman's sprees and the difficulty

which caused it began with a joke.

The hard, penetrating, cold rain that was falling last night about dark caused nearly everybody to leave the streets and find a place around a pleasant fire. Live, energetic Brooklyn, where the

PEOPLE CARE LITTLE FOR WEATHER, was no exception to this, and Marietta street, near Foundry, was quiet and descreted. In the counting room in the rear of Drs. O'Brien & Furse's drug store at No. 212, there is a large coal stove. Last night about dark the office boy heaved a half bushel of good coal into the stove, and in a few minutes the thermometer in the room began to indicate a pleasant loafing place. Soon after dark Dr. Asher, Dr. Furse, Mr. Graham, Mr. John Bridges and Mr. A. S. Stansell found themselves sitting around PEOPLE CARE LITTLE FOR WEATHER, A. S. Stansell found themselves sitting around the stove talking pleasantly and agreeably to each other. The gentlemen were all well ac-quainted and with no thoughts of the terrible

quainted and with no thoughts of the terrible tragedy whose shadow was then overhanging them, they chatted about the weather, the poor and the suffering. Just a little before seven o'clock when THE HUMOR OF THE PARTY, was at its best, W. W. Thurman entered the counting-room. No man in Brooklyn is more widely or favorably known than Bill Thurman. Every body likes him, and he is always welcome among the boys. As he walked into the room he threw his coat back from his shoulders and, advancing to the stove, fixed for a warm. He had hardly come to a standstill when Stansell arose from his seat and, laying his hand gently on Thurman's shirt collar, made some pleasant remark. Thurman had made some pleasant remark. Thurman had been drinking and, pulling away from Stansell, said: "Here, Stansell, don't do that thing again.

No one shall put his hand in my collar."

THE QUARREL BEGINS.

He spoke in a fretful, angry tone, and Stansell, seeing that Thurman was offended,

"Ab, Bill; that's all right. I did not mean

to make you mad."

Thurman did not accept the apology as it was offered, but replied in a fretful manner. Stansell soon became angry himself and manifested a disposition to carry on the quarrel which his playful act had provoked. The quarrel put a stop to the pleasant conversation quarrel put a stop to the pleasant conversation around the stove, and as it progressed the two men became more and more angry. With each word the tie of friendship which had always existed between them began to grow less strong. Finally both men became so angry that a fight was imminent and Dr. Furse arose, saying:

THURMAN GOES AWAY.

"Here, boys, this won't do. You mustn't fight in here. Come, Bill, let's go," he added, as he turned to Thurman and laid a hand on his shoulder.

Thurman quietly turned around and started out. As he walked away he gave Starsell a parting angry word. Stansell replied and followed Dr. Furse and Thurman into the storcroom. The doctor, however, would not permit Thurman to stop until he

would not permit Thurman to stop until he was outside the door. He then re-entered the store, and led Stansell back into the counting room. Here the party of gentlmen discussed the quarrel quietly, and agreed that Thurman was drinking. This conversation had been going on for four or five minutes when

on for four of five minutes when
THURMAN RE-ENTERED THE STORE.
Without stopping he walked into the counting room and asked for a bar of soap. Dr.
Furse anticipating a renewal of the trouble arose to wait on him but just at that instant
Stansell said. Stansell said:
"Bill, why did you get mad awhile ago? I

was only playing."
"Well, we'd better drop that. I guess," answered Thurman.
"You have caught me in the collar many a

time," said Stansell.
"I havn't," replied Thurman tartly.
"I know you have, and soiled my shirt, too,"

said Stansell, quietly." replied Thurman.
"Then you are a liar," said Stansell as he turned to walk away.

As Stansell let the lie pass his lips Thurman thrust his

RIGHT HAND INTO HIS HIP POCKET, and as Stansell turned presented a pistol and fired. The entire thing was done so quickly that no one had any idea that Thurman was armed until they heard the report of the pistol. Immediately after shooting, Thurman cocked the pistol again and, presenting it, was in the act of firing the second time when Dr. Furse sprang forward and grabbed the pistol. He was not an instant too quick, for as he placed his hand on the pistol. Thurman pulled the trigger. The hammer came down, but justead of striking the cap struck Dr. Furse's hand. cutting it wide open. Thurman and Dr. Furse then had a hard struggle for the pistol, The doctor finally got possession of it, and then Thurman went out the door. HE IS WOUNDED.

The discharge of the pistol and the immediate struggle between Dr. Furse and Thurman de-tracted the attention of nearly all present from Stansell, and no one knew that he was

shot until Thurman had gone.

Almost hefore the report of the pistol died away Stansell threw his right hand up to his hip and staggered against the wall. He quick-ly recovered himself and, walking up to the By this time the struggle between Thurman

and Dr. Furse was at an end and Thurman had g one. Stansell's remark quickly made him the center of attraction, and Dr. Furse advancing to him, said: "I guess you are not shot. Ain't you mis-

"No, I'm not. I'm hit right here, and I'm done for." As he spoke he placed his right hand on his

back just above the hip.

THE WOUND LOCATED.

Dr. Furse laid his hand there too and found that Stansell had told the truth. He called Dr. Asher to him and together they led the wounded man into a bedroom adjoining the counting reom, and then sent messengers after Dr. Dan Howell and Dr. O'Brien. Stansell's clothing was removed and the bullet hole was found to the right of the backbone and above the hip. Drs. O'Brien and Howell were soon on hand, and with Drs. Furse and Asher experience of the wound. An effort was nade to amined the wound. An effort was made to probe for the ball, but the instant the probe was inserted Stansell went to pieces, so severe was the pain, and the effort was given up. The

REMAINED ABOUT THE BEDSIDE for five or six minutes counting Stansell's pulse and noticing the changes, and then withdrew for a consultation. In an instant the five were of one opinion, and that was that the wound was a mortal one, and that Stan-sell's hours were numbered. Soou after the shooting Patrolmen Hunter

Soou after the shooting Patrolmen Hunter and Mercer were upon the scene but Thurman could not be found. He was not at his saloon neither was he at his residence. No clue to his whereabouts could be obtained, and all that was heard of him after he left the drug store was that he had been seen going down Foundry street bare headed and without a coat. The pistol with which

HE DID THE SHOOTING HE DID THE SHOOTING
was surrendered to the police by Dr. Furse.
It was an old style Smith & Wesson, 32, and has been Thurman's property for a year or more. A singular circumstance too, is that the gentleman who sold the pistol to Thurman was present when Thurman used it.
Thurman is a fat, heavy built, round face man shout twenty-nine years of age. His face

Thurman is a fat, heavy built, round face man shout twenty-nine years of age. His face is a pleasant one, and when he is not drinking he is quite agreeable. When drinking, however, he is extremely quarrelsome. He has been on a spree for some time.

now, and his friends claim that he did not knew what he was doing. The gentlemen who were in the drug store, however, disagree with this statement. They say that when Thurman left, after the first quarrel, he went off and, arming himself, came back for a fight. His expression, when he re-entered the drug store, indicated that much.

Stansell is a young man about twenty-five years of age. He is a South Carolinian. He and Dr. Furse are personal friends. Stansell came to Atlanta about eight months ago, and has been making the drug store his headquarters. He is a quiet, peacable fellow, and

has been making the drug store his headquarters. He is a quiet, beacable fellow, and rather good looking. He is to brother to the treasurer of the Georgia railroad.

STANSELL TALKS TO MES. THUEMAN.

About nine o'clock Stansell electrified those about him by asking to see Mrs. Thurman. He said that he was going to die and wanted to talk to her. A messenger was sent to Thurman's residence and Stansell's message was delivered. It was raining and sheeting. Mrs. Thurman received the message and then went

delivered. It was raining and sleeting. Mrs. Thurman received the message and then went to the drug store. She was met at the door by one of the physicians and led to Stansell's bedside. He looked up at her and asked: "Is this Mrs. Thurman?"
"It is," was the brief answer.
"Well, I'm going to die," said Stansell between breaths, "and I want to tell you that I have nothing against Mr. Thurman. He didn't intend to kill me, and I don't want him prosecuted." cuted. The conversation was heard by a half dozen

persons. Mrs. Thurman looked calmly on and when Stansell had finished his say left. About 10 o'clock Stansell was removed to the Magnolia house on Luckie street. After the Magnolia house on Luckie street. After his removal the physicians examined his wound again. They found that the ball had struck the suspender button behind and had driven the button in the flesh with it. They made another effort then to probe the wound, but again failed. At two o'clock Stansell's pulse was 120, but he was resting easier than at ten. He was abilly was resting easier than at ten. He was abdly At two his physicians held another consulta-tion, and concluded that his chances for life were much better than was at first supposed. Stansell's brother was telegraphed for.

THEIREEVNUE BUSINESS.

An Interesting Talk with Collector T. C. Crenshaw.

There has been a decided increase since

Collector Crenshaw took charge of the inter-nal revenue business.

On the first day of May, 1885, Collector On the first day of May, 1885, to January first, 1886, on each article or occupation was \$227,565.86, against total collections from first of May, 1884, to first of January 1885, of \$218,164.44, making an increase of \$9,401.42 in the collections from May first, 1885 to January first, 1886, over the corresponding period of

This shows a very marked increase.
The total collections for the month of December, 1885, was \$36,755.29, and the total collection, for the corresponding month of 1884, was \$37,900.74, making a decrease in the col-lections for December of \$1,145.45.

The December collections for 1885 were from

Total for December, 1885..... Collector Crenshaw, since he assumed his duties, has made eighty-one seizures for viola-tions of the United States internal revenue laws, which includes illicit stills, wagons, mules, horses and liquors. There are now in operation in the district of Georgia thirtythree registered grain distilleries that produced during the month of December, 1885, 21,690 gallons of corn liquor, against forty registered grain distilleries which produced during the month of December, 1884, 23,964 gal ing the month of December, 1884, 23,964 gallons of corn liquor. There were three hundred and thirty registered fruit distilleries during the season of 1885, which produced 38,970 gallons of apple and peach brandy, against two hundred and eighty-one registered fruit distillers during the season of 1884, which produced 24,438 gallons of apple and peach brandy. brandy

Collector Crenshaw says he has his office under thorough organization, well equipped for their duties, and expects to have very efficient

their duties, and expects to have very eliment work from them.

"I am satisfied with the work of my men," said the collector, "but I expect still better work from them after the blizzard passes over."

"Which county does the largest liquor busi-

ness?"
"Of the three hundred and thirty registered "Of the three hundred and thirty registered that the beauty has fortyfruit distilleries, Meriwether county has fortythree and one grain distillery. So ounty heads the list.'

### BUILDING NOTES.

A Bit of Gossip About the Improvements

Now Going on and in Prospect. Mr. S. H. Phelan has accepted plans for a fine brick residence for Peachtree street, and will begin building at once on the lot next to

Judge Hilliard's.

Mr. Kendall, late of New York, is establishing a wagon factory on Decatur street. He is already at work and will enlarge his capacity Mr. Akers is going to build a residence on

Peachtree street, next to Mr. W. F. Peck's, which will make the third residence on that

which will make the third residence on that block within the past year.

Mr. Silvey's superb residence on Marietta street is nearing completion and will be one of the handsomest houses in Georgia.

Mr. G. R. Meneely, of Albany, New York, proprietor of Meneely's brass works in this city, reports that business for the past year was very satisfactory, and the capacity of the works will be enlarged during the present. works will be enlarged during the present year.
Mr. E. C. Gardner, of Springfield, Mass., one of the leading architects of New England, who

came to Atlanta prospecting a few months ago, has settled here. He has rented two large rooms and has brought down a force of draughtsmen and clerks from Springfield and

gone to work with a will.

Curbing is distributed along the whole length of West Peachtree, and that street will be laid in belgian block as soon as the weather breaks. The street will be paved from Mr. Gramling's residence to the city limits.

ALWAYS READY AND WILLING. Plenty of Coal for all the Coal Dealers in

Atlanta. "Plenty of cold and plenty of coal," said Mr. Alvin B. Clark to a CONSTITUTION man yester-

"Thought coal was getting scarce," replied "Thought coal was getting scarce," replied the reporter.
"No, sir, there is plenty of coal, and I want to notify the coal dealers that I am prepared to furnish them with coal at extremely low prices. I am still the manager of the Coal Creek mining company, and can always supply dealers in any quantity they may desire. The renting of our coal yard to Mr. J. C. Kimball does not interfere with the wholesale trade."

loes not interfere with the wholesale trade. "A large business during the cold snap?"
"Yes, and we expect to still do a heavy business. Our coal is an excellent coal, and the people will use it."

By St. Jacobs Oil. It never fails.

### Farm Loans. MONEY TO LOAN.

5 years on Improved Farms in the counties of DeKalb, Cobb, Bartow, Floyd, Polk, Troup, Henry, Clayton, Newton, Morgan, Spalding, Coweta, Pike, Monroe and Walton. C. P. N. Barker, 311/2 Peachtree St.

### STILSON, RELIABLE GOODS FAIR DEA LING AND BOTTOM PRICPS.

53 Whitenail Street,

FALL AND WIN TER CLOTHING

I WILL NOT B E UNDERSOLD GEORGE MUSE,

ASK FOR AND USE DRU "J. T.," or Big Chunk and AND DON'T YOU REISER & STERN, GUCKENHEIMER & SON, SAVANNAH.

BLANK BOOKS.

Complete Sets. All Sizes, CHEAP.

### STATIONERY

Full stock to select from.

### Picture Frames,

Any Size Made to Order. No Fancy Prices,

WALL PAPER!

Sold and put up. E. H. THORNTON,

Stationer, Wall Paper and Picture Frame Dealer, 28 Whitehall St

## Three Millions of Dollars,

Loaned since 1865 in the west and south, without the loss of one dollar to lenders.

Atlanta is ahead of all cities of her size in prohibiting the sale of liquor by popular vote; so is she equal to any city in the security she offers, and in the prompt payment of interest by her people on money borrowed.

My facilities for making superior investments on city or farm property are unsurpassed.

No loan made for more than onethird the value of security taken. Eight per cent interest net to lead.

ers. Correspondence with parties controlling money for investment solicited. Send for pamphlet containing full information relative to Georgia farm loans, my manner of doing business and testimonials, or call and see me at room 12 Gate City bank. L. B. NELSON.

# Nace, Winburn & Co.,

### NACE BROS.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN DOORS, Sash and Blin ad Turned work. Rough and Dressed Lumber, Laths and shingles, Flooring and Ceiling. Interior finish stair work. Newels, Rails, Balusers and door and window frames a specialty.

Office, mill and lumber yards No. 285 Decatur treet, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 48.

I have positive instructions to sell some of the most desirable residence lots in the city, either for cash or in installments, on the most liberal terms-small payments and on long time. These lots are on Capital avenue (paved, gas and water), Washington street (paved, gas, water and car line), Forsyth street (paved), Fulton, Pulliam and Pryor streets. Also, a most desirable piece of land on Ira, Stephens and Gate City streets, fronting immediately on the E. T., Va. and Ga.

ever offered so low as now. R. H. KNAPP, 8 East Alabama street.

R. R. None of these lots were

### HAVE YOU MONEY TO INVEST?

when you can have

## EIGHT PER CENT NET.

WITH YOUR MONEY SECURED BY A FIRST mortgage upon some of the choicest real estate in the city of Atlanta; or if preferred, the best farm lands in the state of Georgia, worth in every intance three times the amount loaned. I have been exclusively engaged in the special business of negotiating this class of loans for twenty years in the northwest (state of lows) up to 1850, and since 1850 here in Atlanta.

Complete abstracts of title by competent attorneys horthwest (state of title by competent attorneys here in Atlanta.

Complete abstracts of title by competent attorneys and all interest and principal collected without a cent of expense to lenders. I use coupon notes, making them as convenient as government bonds. Investors are invited to call and have a talk, whether they desire to invest or not. Testimonials from peopse who have loaned through me for years are on file in my office.

C. P. N. BARKER.

Stamps for sale at Constitution Business office,

Stamps for sale at Constitution business office.

JEWELER, Atlanta, Georgia.

MY STO CK OF IS COMPLETE IN A LL DEPARTMENTS.

# FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN. IN GREAT VARIETY.

38 Whitehall Street.

MMOND'S HORSE-SHOE, Natural Leaf Tobacco. NATURAL LEAF, FORGET IT!

Atlanta and New Orleans Short Line Vicksburg and Shreveport

MONTGOMERY!

ONLY 15 HOURS

ATLANTA

NEW ORLEANS

Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars BETWEEN Atlanta and New Orleans Without Change

ON ALL TRAINS. Through time table in effect January 3d, 1886. SOUTH BOUND DAILY L've Atlanta...
Ar. Fairburn...
"Palmetto...
"Newnan...
"Grantville...
"Hogansville."
LaGrange...
"West Point...
"Opelika... 6 19 pm 11 38 am 2 20 am 6 55 pm 2 50 am Ar. Montgomery. Mobile........... New Orleans.

NORTH BOUND DAILY. No. 51. | No. 54. | No. 3. 7 00 pm 4 00 pm . 12 20 am 8 45 pm . 7 55 am 2 20 am . 10 03 am 4 16 am . West Point... LaGrange.... Hogansville. 4 00 am 4 53 am 4 28 am 6 40 am 7 35 am 8 04 am 7 22 am 9 25 am

No. 50, Pullman Buffet sleeping car Atlanta to New Orleans without change. No. 52, Pullman palace sleeping car Atlanta to New Orleans. No. 51, Pullman Buffet sleeping car New Orleans to Atlanta. Palace day coach Meridian to Montgomery. No. 53, Pullman Palace Buffet car New Orleans to Atlanta and Washington.
CHAS. H. CROMWELL,
Gen'l. Pass. Agent,
Montgomery, Alabama

### KENNESAW ROUTE.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC BAILROAD. The following time card in effect Sunday, No NORTHEOUND—NO. 3 EXPRESS—DAILY. 

and Evansville.

No. 14 runs solid to Rome.

No. 11 has Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Chattanooga. No. 19 has through first class coaches Atlanta to Little Rock without change, via McKenzie and Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Nashville without NO. 4 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Leave Pation
Arrive Atlanta.
Stops at all important way stations.
No. 2 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Chattanooga.
Arrive Atlanta.
No. 12 EXPRESS—DAILY. 

hange.
No. 14 runs solid to Atlanta.

Gen'l. Pass, and Ticket Agent.

Assistant Gen'l Pass, and Ticket Agent,

Gen'l Superintendent.

Jas. A. Anderson & Co.,



**FORSPOTCASH** We Will Sell Our Entire

-STOCK OF-

### Winter Clothing AT COST.

WE MEAN WHAT WE SAY.

Now is the time to get a suit of clothes, pair of pants or an overcoat for your husband, son brother or uncle.

Jas. A. Anderson & Co. 41 WHITEHALL ST.

EAST TENNFSSEE, VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Divisions in Georgia.

THE NEW SHORT LINE CHATTANOOGA TO ATLANTA

ROME TO ATLANTA.

ATLANTA TO MACON.

-ATLANTA TO SAVANNAH, AND—
THE SHORTEST OF ALL ROUTES. CHATTANOOGA AND THE WEST. TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST.

Closely Connecting in Union Depot at Chattanooga BOTH NORTH AND SOUTH With trains of Cincinnati Southern Railway and Memphis and Charleston Railway division, Nash-ville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway. Only line running Pullman Sleeping Cars daily BETWEEN CINCINNATI AND FLORIDA.

BETWEEN CINCINNATI AND FLORIDA.
The year round without change and without delay.
Trains at Atlanta arrive at and depart from Short
Line Passenger Station, Mitchell street.
THE ONLY LINE RUNNING
THROUGH PASSENGER COACHES BETWEEN
CHATTANOGA AND JACKSONVILLE, FLA.
Without change and without extra fares
Condensed Local Passenger Schedule (on a basis
Central Standard time, by which all trains are run)
in effect November 22d, 1885.

SOUTHWARD. Express Fast mai No. 11. No. 13. Leave Chattanooga.. 5 40 pm 9 45 am 6 10 pm 10 20 am 6 40 pm 10 45 am 7 05 pm 11 14 am " Rockmart.....
" Dallas......
Arrive Atlanta.....
Leave Atlanta.....
" McDonough... 8 35 pm 1 36 am 8 55 am

SOUTHWARD. . Express Fast ma No. 11. No. 13. STATIONS. Leave Cleveland ..... " Cobutta. 6 40 pm 10 43 am
" Dalton. 7 65 pm 11 14 am
Arrive East Rome. 8 25 pm 12 29 pm
" Rockmart. 9 25 pm 12 55 pm
" Dallas. 10 03 pm 2 11 pm
Arrive Atlanta. 11 27 pm 3 30 pm NORTHWARD.

STATIONS. | Express Fast mail No. 12. | No. 14. | Leave Savannah | 7 01 am 8 50 pm | 7 00 pm | 7 45 pm | 7 00 pm | 8 50 pm | 7 00 pm | 7 45 pm | 7 00 pm | 9 15 pm 9 56 am
10 30 pm 11 15 am
10 45 pm 12 01 pm
12 15-am
12 15-am 12 09 pm
12 55 am 2 09 pm
12 55 am 3 09 pm
2 20 am 3 05 pm
3 20 am 4 18 pm
3 20 am 4 48 pm
4 20 am 5 40 pm
4 20 am 5 40 pm " McDonough.
Arrive Atlanta....
" Dallas....
" Rockmart....
Arrive East Rome.
Leave East Rome.

NORTHWARD. No. 12 | No. 14. STATIONS. Leave Atlanta....
" Dallas....
" Rockmart...

Trains Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14 connect at Charles Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14 connect at Charles Nos. 12, 13 and 14 connect at Charles Nos. 17, V. & G. R. E., and Cincinnai Southern failway and Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Individual of the Main line East Tenn. V. & Ga. R. R. and connect at Rome with Alabama Division R. T., V. & Ga. R. Trains Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14 connect at Atlanta and Macon with all diverging roads, and connect at Jesny with S. F. & W. Railway for Florida and Sayannah.

at Jesnp with S., F. & W. Railway for Florida and Savannah.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

ETrains Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14 have Pullman Palace Sleeping cars and Mann Bondoir cars between Jacksonville, Jesup, Macon and Atlanta for Chattanooga and Cincinnati, and and through day coaches between Chat. anooga and Jacksonville. Nos. 11 and 12 connect at Chattanooga with Pullman cars for Philadelphia and solid trains for Lynchburg.

Nos. 13 and 14 connect at Chattanooga with Pullman cars between Chattanooga and New York and solid trains between Chattanooga and Lynchburg.

Nos. 13 and 14 carry through first-class coaches between Atlanta and Little Rock via Memphis and Charleston railroad. Nos. 11, 12, 13 and 14 have Pullman Buffet cars and through coaches between Atlanta and Savannah.

All trains run dafly.

Trains to and from Hawkinsville connect at Cochran daily, except Sunday.

J. W. FEY.



### McBRIDE & CO. 1886

China, Crockery, Clocks, Show Cases, Fine Cutlery, Spoons, Forks, Lamps, Dry-Air Refrigerators, Gate City Stone Filters, Improved Fly Fans, to trade at manufacturers prices.

### THE WEATHER REPORT.

Dally Weather Report.

Orserver's Office, Signal Corps, U. S. A. U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, Jan. 15, 10:00 P. M. All observations taken at the same moment, time at each place named:

	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND.			1
				Direction.	Velocity.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Augusta Savannah Jacksonville Montgomery New Orleans Galveston	30.20 30.12 29.98 30.07	46 61 46 51	61 42 49	SE W	8 11 9 11 Lt 8	.01 .00 .55 .00	Threa'g Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy Foggy
LO	CAL	OI	BSI	ERVA	TION	S.	
6 a. m	30.21 $30.15$	28 31 31	17 25 25	E E E E	22 21 22 24	.01	Cloudy Lt. rain Cloudy Lt. rain Lt. rain
Maximum ther Minimum ther. Total rain fall							34.0

### THE OLD BOOK STORE."

38 Marietta St., opposite Opera House.

Old Books, Seasides, Lovell's Libraries. Confederate Money bought and sold, school books and supplies a specialty. Full line school and staple stationery. 60,000 rare, standard and miscellaneous volumes to select from. Persons out of the city desiring to buy or sell write for particulars.

J. T. White, leading dealer in Wall Paper and Window Shades, 46 Marietta street. New goods received every week.

### WATCHES. J. P. STEVENS.

47 WHITEHALL ST.

Meetings.

Atlanta Home Insurance Company-Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Meeting of Stockholders.

The third annual meeting of the stockholders of the Atlanta Home Insurance company will be held at the company's office, 15½ Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., at II a.m. Tuesday, January 26th. Officers will be elected for another year. A dividend of 10 per cent on the capital stock of the company has been declared. Also a dividend of 10 per cent has been ordered on all premiums of annual policies in force December 31st, 1885, except such policies as may be terminated prior to dates of regular expirations.

JOEL HURT, Secretary.

### PERSONAL.

JAMES DOVLE, of Nashville, is in the city. A. E. GRIFFITH, of Athens is in the city. BERNARD, of Athens, is in the city. W. W. Beck, of Lackson, is at the Kimball. SAMUEL MORGAN, of Rome, is in the

EDITOR A. L. HARRIS, of Barnesville, is in REV. T. G. POND, of Albany, is at the

FRED C. FOSTER, of Madison was in Atlanta yesterday.
R. F. Jossey and wife, of Talbotton are at MR. C. H. BRAND, of Lawrenceville, is at

H. C. CASHIN, and T. A. Scales are registered JOHN C. RUTHERFORD, N. E. Harris and T. B. Greehan are in the city attending the supreme

MR. F. S. CANTWELL, of Knoxville, Tenn.,

DWIGHT L. ROBERTS, and Robert G. Irwin re among the guests at the Kimball.

COLONEL JAMES W. AUSTIN has returned from a business trip to Washington, D. C.

JUDGE J. S. BOYNTON and Judge John D.

Stewart, of Griffin, are at the Markham ALEX THWEATT has just returned from a visit to his wife and daughter in Montgomery.

Among the callers at the executive office yesterday were Porter King, F. S. Wallace, T. B. Grier, R. W. Hoke, N. E. Harris, and James R. Whitzeldes.

Grier, R. W. Hoke, N. E. Harris, and James R. Whitesides.

At The Kimball,—T C Eoster, Madison: James Martin, Richmond, Va.; W H Guyer, New York, C A Bonscoter, Cincinnati; F H Wyman, New York, Albert Davis, New York; E P Alaxander, Augusta; W S Onsbrigs, Knoxville, Tenn: R G Grwin, Savanah; H C Smith, Toronto, Vt.; W W Brinson, Spriugheld Me; G. W. Ely, Montgomery, I Rider, Baltimore; W E Simmons, Summerville, J C Davis, Grand Rapids, Mich; T K Baker, New York; T A Scales, Augusta; R E Wats, Baltimore; Y E Finner, Padnoah, Ky; Kitten VanDyke Anderson, Macon, Ga; C I McLaughn, Eufaula, Ala; W J Sohg Eafaula, Ala; S Tissenger, Thomaston, Ga; C I McLaughn, Eufaula, Ala; W J Sohg Eafaula, Ala; S Tissenger, Thomaston, Ga; C I McLaughn, Eufaula, Ala; W J Sohg, Eafaula, Ala; S C L Davis, New Orleans, La: A E Griffith, Athens, Ga; W F Marsh, Nashville, Teun: H C Jackson, Augusta; W D Bulger, Davisville, Ala; D C Roberts, Knoxvi le, Tenn, J B Roddick, Chicago; Mrs H M Singer, Mrs J W Dean, Chicago; H W Long, Gand Rapids; Annie Pixley, Robert Tallord, Miss Pike, Miss Chapman, Pixley Robert Tallord, Miss Pike, Miss Chapman, Pixley theatrical company; J 8 Goldsmith, Baltimore; D L Robert, Savannah; H H Parker, Chicago; George Rotergleson, E Halz, O H P Stern, N Y; B S Tibbits, Cold Water, Mich; Pascal Davis, Petersburg, Va; J H Weiss and wife, Chicago; Hand, Ga; R A Haner, Jr, Philadelphia; A I Houston, Cai R A Haner, Jr, Philadelphia; I Hougher, Sullor, and Wife, Miss Ida Squiar, Blanche Squior, Edura P Hiladelphia; J Bentley Squior and wife, Miss Ida Squiar, Blanche Squior, Edura P Hiladelphia; J Bentley Squior and wife, Miss Ida Squiar, Blanche Squior, Edura P Hiladelphia; J Bentley Squior and wife, Miss Ida Squiar, Blanche Squior, Edura P Hiladelphia; J Bentley Squior and wife, Miss Ida Squiar, Blanche Squior, Edura P Hiladelphia; J Bentley Squior and wife, Miss Ida Squiar, Blanche Squior, Edura P Hiladelphia; J Bentley Squior and wife, Miss Ida Squiar, Blanche Squior, Bunner B Hoter, Miss Ida Squiar, Blanche Squior,

Statistical Philosophy.
From the Charlesten News and Courier.

According to the census of 1880 there are in According to the census of 1880 there are in Alabama 600,103 colored persons, in Georgia 725,123, in North Carolina 531,277 and in South Carolina 631,277 and in South Carolina 680,832, or a total in the four states of 2,640,834. From these figures it will readily be seen that, if 1,070 negroes emigrated from the four states every fortnight for a year, it would only amount to about one per cent of the population, which reduction would be much more than counterbalanced by the next annual natural increase.

### DRY GOODS.

Heavy Wool Goods MARKED DOWN.

### IF YOU WANT Blankets, Cloaks,

Or anything in the heavy Wool Goods be sure to see our immense stock. We are determined not to carry these goods over, and in order to make a COMPLETE CLEARANCE SALE We have marked them at prices that will certainly reduce the stock at once.

Remember that we have the largest and most complete stock in the South.

Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

J. W. ENGLISH, A. B. STEELE, B. S. EUST.

President, Vice-President. Secretry CHATTAHOOCHEE BRICK CO. MANUFACTURERS OF

### CHATTAHOOCHEE RIVER BRICK.

Office 33 1-2 Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. We are prepared to furnish brick in any quantity at prices to suit the times.
PLAIN, OIL PRESSED and MOULDED BRICE A SPECIALTY. Samples and prices furnished on application, july 31dd wkly

A STANDARD MEDICAL WORK

FOR YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN ONLY SI BY MAIL, POSTPAID.



Af Great Medical Work on Manhood
Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretion or excesses. A book for every man, young, middle aged and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all accute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable. So found by the Author, whose experience for 23 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 300 pages, bound in beautiful French muslin, embossed covers, full gilt, guaranteed to be a finer work in every sense—mechanical, literary and professional—than any other work sold in this country for \$2.50 or the money will be refunded in every instance. Price only \$1.00 by mail, post paid. Il lustrative sample 6 cents. Send now. Gold medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association, to the President of which the Hon. P. A. Bissell, and associate officers of the Board the reader is respectfully referred.

The Science of Life should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief. It will benefit all—London Lancet.

There is no member of society to whom the Science of Life will not be useful, whether youth A Great Medical Work on Manhood There is no member of society to whom the Science of Life will not be useful, whether youth, parent, guardian, instructor or clergyman.—Argonaut. naut.

Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr.

W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch street, Boston, Mass.,
who may be consulted on all diseases requiring
skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases that have baffled the skill of HEAL all
other physicians a specialty. Such HEAL all
treated successfully, without THYSELF
an instance of failure. Mention this paper.

may4—dly mon wed fridwky

### FREEMAN & GILLIES

### Fine Artistic Furniture,

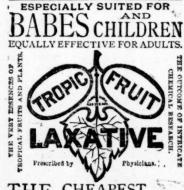
Upholsterers and Decorators, 35 and 37 West Twenty-Third Street, B6tween Fifth and Sixth Avenues, New York,

Respectfully call your attention to the large and Respectfully call your attention to the large and well selected stock of Fine Furniture and Decora-tions of the latest styles. With large facilities we are enabled to manufacture Fine Furniture and Hard Wood Mantles, and all kinds of Architectural Woodwork, under our own supervision, thereby as-suring our patrons first class workmanship at mod-

Our Decorating Department is complete with a very choice selection of Foreign Wall Papers of the finest designs and colorings, and we are prepared to execute promptly any orders

Fresco Painting or Decorating. Designs and estimates will be cheerfully furnished, and workmen will be sent to any part of the country to execute orders. All information relative to furnishing a house, right from the masons' hands will be furnished on application FREEMAN& GILLIES.

A SAFE FAMILY REMEDY.



THE CHEAPEST AND MOST AGREEABLE CURATIVE EVER OFFERED FOR Constitution, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Hemorrhoids, Complaints of children, and Liver, Stomach and Bowel Ailments generally. DOSE SMALL, ACTION PROMPT, EFFECT COMFORTING. Absolutely safe for delicate and nursing women. Taken eagerly by infants and children.
Trugto-Fruit Laxative takes the place of castor oil, saits, senna, plils and all nanseous physics.
For ENTIRELY MARMLESS. TRY IT ONCE. Ask for LIQUID TROPIC-FRUIT LAXATIVE. Price 25 cents per bottle. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. 1\_div sat wed why last page n r m

### Rosadalis for Rheumatism.

Messrs. H. Peck & Son., of Streetsboro, O., write us, June 5, 1882: "Why do you not advertise ROSADALIS for Inflammatory Rheumatism? It is doing wonders here in curing the disease." Well, we do advertise it to cure Rheumatism, as any one can see by reading our circular. It is a splendid Blood Medicine and it reaches the very root and seat of disease by being conveyed through the blood. Druge gists, leading physicians and citizens of th highest standing unite in commendation of ROSADALIS.

### CARPETS.

Handling Carpets

THE VERY BEST GOODS For as Little Money

as any house in the United States, and certainly handling the largest amount of Carpets in the Southern States, we are virtually without competition and can make it to your advantage to deal with us.

Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

**CLEARING** 

HIRSCH

42 AND 44 WHI SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

### Atlanta Home Insurance COMPANY.

Furnished by the Governor of the State of Georgia as required by the Act of the General As-sembly, approved Ogtober 3d, 1879. NAME AND LOCALITY.

Name of the Company—Atlanta Home Insurance Company. Locality. Street—Broad. No. 15½, city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, state of Georgia. CONDITION.

(On December 31st, 1885,		
I. CAPITAL STOCK.	1.3	
mount of capital stock\$200,000		
mount paid up in cash	140,000	00
II. ASSETS.	00,000	w
	00.000	00
npaid subscriptions		
the credit of the company	20,481	50
ash in hands of agents, and in course of transmission	5,357	05

Cash in hands of agents, and in course of transmission.

Loans secured by bonds and mortgage on real estate, (where located, state fully) Atlanta, Ga., West End, Ga., Rome, Ga. and Stone Mountain, Ga., amount.....

Other loans, secured thus: (Explain fully) \$11,000.00, secured by \$20,000.00, Exposition Cotton mill stock: \$13,000.00, secured by \$16,000.00, Atlanta 5 per cent bonds: \$2,000.00, secured by \$2,000.00, Atlanta Constitution Publishing Company stock: \$2,500.00, secured by \$3,000.00, Central Presbyterian church, first mortgage bonds; \$1,000.00, secured by \$3,900.00, Atlanta Female Institute stock: \$800.00, secured by \$1,000.00, secured by \$1,000.00, central railroad, first mortgage of per cent bond: \$1,000.00, secured by \$1,000.00, central railroad, first mortgage of per cent bond: \$1,000.00, secured by two Central railroad bonds of \$1,000.00, each, and two Atlanta Street railway beach of \$1,000.00 each, and two Atlanta Street railway beach of \$1,000.00 each.

each, and two Atlanta Street railway bonds of \$1,000.00 each, amount...... tocks, (par value) market value, am't ... DESCRIPTION.

Kind of Stock. No. of Par M'k't Shares. Val. Value. Atlanta Gas Light Co. Stock. 120 \$3,000 \$3,000 office furniture.
Interest actually due and uncollected, amount. Pretriam notes on hand upon which policies have been issued, amount.

DESCRIPTION Kind of Bond. No. of Par M'k'4
Bonds, Val. Value.
bonds..... Atlanta City 7 per cent 7,000 8,030 Atlanta City 6 per cent Atlanta City Brewery 8 per cent bonds...... Georgia Pacific R.R. first 2 2,000 2,000 1,000 1,050

2,000 2,190 2,000 2,000 III.-LIABILITIES.

Total assets, actual cash market value ... \$219,328 48 Total habilities... ..5219.328 48

IV.-INCOME. (During the preceeding six months. Total income......V.-EXPENDITURES. (During the preceeding six months.

Total expenditures ... VI.-LARGEST RISK. Greatest amount insured in any one risk, 10,000 00 

State of Georgia, County of Fulton—Personally appeared before the undersigned, Joel Hurt, who, being duly sworn, says he is the chief officer or agent of the Atlanta Home Insurance Company, residing in said state, and that the foregoing statement is true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information and belief. JOEL HURT.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 14th day J. H. STERCHI, Notary Public.

## TESTIMONY.

ATLANTA, GA., Dec. 12, 1885. ATLANTA, GA., Dec. 12, 1886.
Four years ago I first used HAMBURG LINIMENT. I found it possessed great merit. It faot it is the
best Liniment I have ever used. It
does not soil the clothing, and is
quick and effective in its action,
and is a sure and safe remedy for all
troubles that can be treated by external applications, I keep no
other in my house.

J. M. HUNNICUTT.

Sold by HUTCHISON & BRO..

11 Whitehall street.

sun wed fri

Atlanta, Ga.

PENNYROYAL PILLS and Ricettal JAME STANTON, M. D., 444 East 116th St., H. T.

Odd Lots.

Less than N. Y. Cost.

In order to make a clean sweep of certain lines of Shoes which we will not keep longer, we have de-cided to sell them at once, out of the way and have so marked them. These are good makes and are

FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY WAY and the only trouble is they are in odd lots.

We have in stock the most MAGNIFICENT
LINE OF SHOES, all sizes and width shown in this

Chamberlin, Johnson & Co,

BROS.. GRA ND SALE

BROS.

TEHALL STREET.

### **ITCHING**

Skin Diseases Instantly Relieved by Cuticura.

TREATMENT.—A warm bath with CUTICURA TSOAP and a single application of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure. This repeated daily, with two or three doses of CUTICURA BESOLVENT, the New Blood Purifier, to keep the blood cool, the perspiration pure and unirritating, the bowels open, the liver and kidneys active, will speedily cure Eezema, Tetter, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Lichen, Pruritus, Scald-Head, Dandruif and every speeles of itching, Scaly and Pimply Humors of the scalp and Skin, when the best physicians and remedies fall.

ECZEMA ON A CHILD.

Your most valuable Cuticuta Remedies have dane my child so much good that I feel like saying this for the benefit of those who are troubled with skin disease. My little girl was troubled with Eczema, and I tried several doctors and medicines, but did not do her any good until I used the CUTICUTA REMEDIES, which speedily cured her, for which I owe you many thanks and many nights of rest. ANTON BOSSMIER, EDINBURG, IND.

TETTER OF THE SCALP. I was almost perfectly bald, 'caused by Tetter of the top of the scalp. I used your CUTICURA REM-EDIES about six weeks, and they cured my scalp perfectly, and now my hair is coming back as thick as it ever weeks. as it ever was.

J. P. CHOICE, WHITESBORO, TEXAB.

COVERED WITH BLOTCHES. I want to tell you that your CUTICCEA RESOLVENT is magnificent. About three months ago my face was covered with Blotches, and after using three bottles of your RESOLVENT I was perfectly cured. FREDERICK MATTRE. 23 St. CHARLES St., NEW ORLEANS, LA.

BEST FOR ITCHING DISEASES. One of our customers says your CUTICURA REMEDIES are the best he canifind for itching of the skin the tried all others and found no relief until he used yours.

F. J. ALDRICH, DRUGGIST,

Sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, 50 cts.; SOAP, 25 cts.; RESOLVENT, \$1.00. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass. Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

PIM PLES, Blackheads., Skin Blemishes and Baby Humors, use CUTICURA SOAP.





### ARE STILL TIUMPHANT.

For fifteen years they have steadily gained in fa-or, and with sales constantly increasing have be-ome the most popular corset throughout the United states. States.

The G quality is warranted to wear twice as long as ordinary corsets. We have lately introduced the G and RH grades with extra long waist, and we can furnish them when preferred.

Highest awards from all the world's great fairs. The last medal received is for First Degree of Merit, from the late exposition at New Orleans.

While scores of patents have been found worthless, the principles of the glove fitting have proved invaluable. invaluable.

Retailers are authorized to refund money if, on examination, these corsets do not prove as represented. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

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WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME. 

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CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$300.000. Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

A LL CREDITORS OF THE ESTATE OF SARAH E Eddleman, late of Fulton county, Georgia, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law as all cersons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment. January 12th 18th STEPHEN A. RVAN, ign18—dow wed

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We take this occasion to thank you kindly for your past liberal patronage, and to say that we are going to strive to merit your farther, and if possible a more liberal share in your trade. We shall only claim your business upon the principle of just dealing and low prices.

We are through taking stock, and many lines of goods are reduced in price with a view to close them out. Here are a few of them:

31/2 cents for nice plain dress goods, all cotton.

71/2 cents for nice Brocade dress goods.

10 and 12 cents for all wool filling dress goods, both plain and figured. At these prices we guarantee to show the nicest assortment of

### **Dress Goods**

IN THE SOUTH.

A big lot of dress goods remnants will be sold at fearful reductions.

25 and 35 cents for splendid Turkey Red Table Damask.

40 cents for Bleached Damask, very wide. Sold by us last season at 60 cents.

71/2, 10 and 121/2 cents. At these prices we are selling some grand values in all Linen Towels. In fact we are making some fearful reductions in

## TABLE LINENS FINE GOODS.

10, 15 and 25 cents for a good shoulder Shawl.

10 and 15 cents for Misses' elegant Ribbed Hose. 25 cents for Misses' all wool TAY & |EICHBERG,-

Hose, all colors. 25 cents for a ladies' full regular Balbrigan Stocking. These goods were bought as a job, and are worth from 40 to 50 cents. All perfect and extra

weight and length. 75 cents for a good 5-hook Kid Glove, black and colors. 75 cents for a good 6-button Kid Glove, black and colors.

75 cents for a white Crochet Quilt, extra large. \$1.00 and \$1.25 for a superb white Quilt, extra large.

121/2, 20 and 25 cents for elegant double width Cashmeres, black and colors; the 20 and 25 cent numbers are grand goods.

75 cents, \$1.00 and \$1.25 per vard for Samuel Camtauld's all silk black Crape.

Big lines of blue and black Cashmeres at 50, 65 and 75 cents. Sold by us formerly for 60, 75 and 90 cents. We have reduced these goods to sell them out.

25 cents for a nice colored

5 cents for good 4-4 Bleaching. 5 cents for good 4-4 Sea Island.

5 cents for a splendid small checked Gingham. The fact is we are determined to sell goods if you will but give us a chance.

65c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25. Think of a good Bed Comfort at the above prices.

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